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13	FOR THE DISTRIC	
14	HELEN ROE, a minor, by and through her	
15	parent and next friend MEGAN ROE; JAMES POE, a minor, by and through his	Case No. 4:20-cv-484-JAS
16	parent and next friend LAURA POE; AND CARL VOE, a minor, by and through his	PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL RESPONSES TO
17	parent and next friend RACHEL VOE,	INTERROGATORIES AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
18	Plaintiffs,	TRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
19	v.	
20	DON HERRINGTON, in his official	
21	capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona	
22	Department of Health Services,	
23	Defendant.	
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Pursuant to Rule 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiffs respectfully move the Court for an order compelling Defendant to (i) respond completely and accurately to Interrogatory Nos. 9–16 and produce non-privileged documents in response to Document Request Nos. 14–17; (ii) respond completely and accurately to Interrogatory No. 1; (iii) apply Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters for electronically stored information (ESI) and produce non-privileged, responsive documents; and (iv) grant such other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.¹

I. INTRODUCTION

It has been more than seven months since the Court denied Defendant's motion to dismiss and Plaintiffs filed their motion for class certification. Under the operative scheduling order, the parties should be in the final weeks of fact discovery, but Defendant has stonewalled Plaintiffs' efforts to obtain documents and information about core issues in this case. The result is remarkable: while Plaintiffs have completed document production and are prepared to offer their clients for depositions next month,² Defendant has refused to respond to numerous discovery requests about his key defenses or produce a single email. Plaintiffs bring this motion to resolve three discrete issues and get discovery back on track.

First, Defendant has not provided any information in discovery about his justification for enforcing the surgical requirement in A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3), even though a central question in this case is whether he had an exceedingly persuasive justification for doing so. (Dkt. 83 (Order Denying Defendant's Mtn. to Dismiss) at 9 (concluding heightened scrutiny applies to Plaintiffs' equal protection claim).)³ Defendant argues that Plaintiffs' requests seek attorney mental impressions and "legal conclusions," but the

¹ Plaintiffs have not requested oral argument but are available at the Court's convenience to address the issues raised in this motion.

² Plaintiffs agreed to a 30-day extension on Defendant's time to depose Plaintiffs and non-party Lizette Trujillo. Otherwise, those depositions would have concluded by the end of May 2022.

³ Unless otherwise noted, all other ECF references are to *Roe, et al. v. Herrington, et al.*, Case No. 20-cv-484-JAS (D. Ariz.).

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requests do no such thing. Plaintiffs seek information and documents about *Defendant's* justification for enforcing the surgical requirement. That justification is not a legal conclusion; it is the factual basis for at least one of Defendant's defenses and an issue on which he carries the burden of proof.

Second, Defendant has refused to respond completely to discovery requests that seek information about policies and processes of the Arizona Department of Health Services ("ADHS") for "correcting" the sex marker on an Arizona birth certificate. Specifically, Defendant erroneously insists that this case can only be about an "amendment" to a birth certificate and thus any information regarding corrections is irrelevant. This position ignores Plaintiffs' amended complaint, which alleges that Defendant's policy of accepting a physician's letter to correct information on a person's birth certificate pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-323(c)—including the sex marker—is evidence that Defendant treats transgender people differently than nontransgender people and undermines Arizona's purported justifications for enforcing the surgical requirement in A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3).

Third, despite Plaintiffs' best efforts, the parties have been unable to agree on search parameters that Defendant will apply to ESI in his possession, custody, or control. Defendant took ten weeks to respond Plaintiffs' first search parameters proposal, only to rescind his counterproposal at the parties' meet and confer two weeks later. Defendant now insists that he is not obligated to run any of Plaintiffs' proposed search terms other than the ones that ADHS used when it responded to a pre-suit public records request.

II. BACKGROUND

A. The Court Denies Defendant's Motion to Dismiss and Plaintiffs File a Motion for Class Certification.

Plaintiffs—all transgender young people who were born in Arizona—filed the amended class action complaint on January 8, 2021. (Dkt. 47 ("Am. Compl.").) The amended complaint alleges that Defendant's enforcement of A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) and various implementing regulations discriminates against Plaintiffs and the Proposed Class on the basis of their sex and transgender status and invades their constitutional rights to

privacy, liberty and autonomy, and their right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment, all in violation of the Equal Protection and Due Process Clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution. (*Id.*) On March 10, 2021, Defendant moved to dismiss the amended complaint. (Dkt. 54.) The Court denied Defendant's motion to dismiss in its entirety and issued a formal order on August 5, 2021. (Dkts. 77, 83.) As relevant here, the Court concluded that the surgical requirement in A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) facially discriminates against transgender people, thus triggering "heightened scrutiny." (Dkt. 83 at 7–12.)

On August 25, 2021, Plaintiffs filed a motion seeking to certify a class consisting of "[a]ll transgender individuals born in Arizona, now and in the future, who seek to change the sex listed on their birth certificates but have not undergone a 'sex change operation' as treatment for their gender dysphoria." (Dkt. 89 at 2.) After Plaintiffs' class certification motion was filed, the parties disagreed about the most efficient way to conduct discovery, including whether class certification discovery and merits discovery should be bifurcated. (Dkt. 91.) Following a case management conference, on September 15, 2021, the Court ordered that the parties "shall have 60 days . . . to conduct class action discovery, 30 days to propound written discovery, and 30 days from the date of the last written response to take the depositions of Lizette Trujillo and the parents/next friends of the three named Plaintiffs." (Dkt. 100.) The Court explained that "[t]he written discovery and depositions shall primarily focus on class certification issues," but that "to the extent there is any potential overlap with merits issues, it shall be allowed via both written discovery requests and during the depositions." (Id.)

B. Plaintiffs Have Completed Production, But Defendant Has Barely Begun.

On October 15, 2021, Plaintiffs served their First Sets of Interrogatories and Requests for the Production of Documents. (Exs. 1–2.)⁴ Defendant served responses and objections to the interrogatories and document requests on December 6, 2021, and later

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⁴ All Ex. ___ cites are to the Declaration of Colin M. Proksel, which has been filed concurrently herewith.

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supplemented their responses. (Exs. 3–4.) As relevant here, Defendant indicated in response to more than ten separate document requests that he "ha[d] not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol." (Exs. 4.) Defendant declined to respond to interrogatories and document requests about his justification for enforcing A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) on the ground that those requests sought attorney-client privileged information and "legal conclusions." (Exs. 3–4.)

In January 2022, Plaintiffs proposed search parameters for Defendant's planned ESI review, which included search terms, custodians, and a date range. At the same time, Plaintiffs identified numerous deficiencies in Defendant's discovery responses, including those relating to ADHS's justification for enforcing the challenged statute. On April 6, 2022—more than ten weeks after Plaintiffs first proposed ESI search parameters—Defendant made a counterproposal to Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters.

On April 19, 2022, at Defendant's request, the parties met and conferred about outstanding discovery issues. At the outset, Defendant informed Plaintiffs that he was withdrawing his ESI counterproposal because he had not fully investigated the basis for the counterproposal prior to sending it. Defendant also informed Plaintiffs that he would only agree to fewer search terms than those he had offered in his withdrawn counterproposal. Specifically, he said that he would not agree to run search terms other than those used by ADHS to respond to a public records request to which ADHS responded months before this lawsuit was filed. Because Defendant had not investigated Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters, he was unable to explain the incremental number of documents that hit on Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters that did not also hit on the search terms used by ADHS in responding to the public records request.

Following the April 19 meet and confer, the parties exchanged additional correspondence in an effort resolve their outstanding discovery disputes. However, the parties are currently at an impasse on each of the issues raised in this motion.

III. ARGUMENT

Under Rule 26(b)(1) of the Federal Rule of Civil Procedure, "[p]arties may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claim or defense and proportional to the needs of the case, considering the importance of the issues at stake in the action, the amount in controversy, the parties' relative access to relevant information, the parties' resources, the importance of the discovery in resolving the issues, and whether the burden or expense of the proposed discovery outweighs its likely benefit." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). The relevancy standard under Rule 26 is "extremely broad," and "[i]nformation within this scope of discovery need not be admissible in evidence to be discoverable." *Pettit v. Sierra*, 2021 WL 488338, at *1–2 (D. Ariz. Feb. 2, 2021).

Under Rule 37, a party may move for an order compelling discovery when the opposing party "fails to answer an interrogatory submitted under Rule 33" or "fails to produce documents . . . as requested under Rule 34." Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(3). The party opposing discovery "bears the burden of supporting its objections and showing why discovery should not be allowed." *Pinson v. United States*, 2022 WL 1122176, at *4 (D. Ariz. Apr. 14, 2022).

A. Defendant Should Be Required to Provide Complete and Accurate Responses to Plaintiffs' Interrogatories Relating to His Justification for Enforcing A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) and to Produce Related Documents.

Defendant has refused to answer Interrogatory Nos. 9–16 and Document Request Nos. 14–17, which seek information about a critical issue in this case: whether ADHS has any justification for enforcing the surgical requirement in A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3). (Exs. 3–4.) These requests seek documents and information that are directly relevant to Defendant's defenses to Plaintiffs' claims under the Equal Protection and Due Process Clauses of the Fourteenth Amendment. Defendant's stated reasons refusing to respond to these requests are meritless.

There is no question that these requests seek information that is discoverable under Rule 26. (Exs. 5–6.) As the Court recognized in denying Defendant's motion to dismiss,

enforcement of the surgical requirement facially discriminates against Plaintiffs and members of the Proposed Class on the basis of their sex and transgender status, triggering "heightened scrutiny" under the Equal Protection Clause.⁵ (*See* Dkt. 83 at 9.) For A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) to survive judicial review under the Equal Protection Clause's heightened scrutiny standard, ADHS must offer an "exceedingly persuasive justification" for enforcing it. *See Miss. Univ. for Women v. Hogan*, 458 U.S. 718, 723–24 (1982);458 U.S. at 723–24. Specifically, ADHS must demonstrate that enforcing the requirement "serves important governmental objectives and that the discriminatory means employed are substantially related to the achievement of those objectives." *Id.* at 724 (internal quotations omitted). The justification must also be "genuine, not hypothesized or invented post hoc in response to litigation." *United States v. Virginia*, 518 U.S. 515, 533 (1996).

There is no dispute, nor could there be, that Defendant must offer a justification for enforcing the surgical requirement. Indeed, one of Defendant's affirmative defenses is that "his actions and inactions have been made pursuant to a legitimate government purpose." (Dkt. 102 at 23.) Defendant's justification for enforcing A.R.S. 36-337(A)(3) is therefore plainly discoverable under Rule 26, and Plaintiffs are entitled to documents and information about that justification. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(a)(2) ("An interrogatory may relate to any matter that may be inquired into under Rule 26(b)"); 34(a) (permitting a party to serve a request for documents "within the scope of Rule 26(b)").

To understand Defendant's justification for enforcing the surgical requirement, Plaintiffs propounded Interrogatory Nos. 9–16 and Document Request Nos. 14–17, which seek the production of all documents that support any proffered justification. Defendant called these interrogatories "improper" and objected on the ground that they "seek[] the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by

⁵ Counts Two, Three, and Four of the amended complaint implicate the Plaintiffs'—and the Proposed Class's—fundamental constitutional rights under the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. To prevail, Defendant must prove the challenged statute or regulation is "narrowly tailored" to achieve "a compelling state interest." *Reno v. Flores*, 507 U.S. 292, 302 (1993).

Cooley LLP the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine." (Ex. 3.) Defendant later supplemented his answers by stating: "Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion." (*Id.*) Defendant made a similar statement in supplemental responses to Plaintiffs' Document Requests Nos. 14–17. (Ex. 4.)

The interrogatories and document requests do not ask about, or seek documents that would reveal, counsel's mental impressions. Rather, they seek information and documents about *Defendant's* justification for enforcing the surgical requirement, which must have existed before this litigation was even contemplated. *See Virginia*, 518 U.S. at 533. Defendant has not offered any explanation for his claim that the requests seek counsel's mental impressions. In recent correspondence, Defendant has also suggested that Plaintiffs are seeking information about the "legislative intent" behind the challenged statute, which Defendant claims is not in his possession, custody, or control. This too misunderstands the requests. Plaintiffs seek information about *Defendant's* governmental justification for enforcing the statute and related regulation—a regulation promulgated by Defendant—independent of legislative intent. For that reason, Plaintiffs' interrogatories and document requests do not mention or seek information and documents about "legislative intent."

Defendant's other objection—that the interrogatories and requests seek a "legal conclusion"—is equally baseless. Defendant's governmental justification for enforcing the surgical requirement, whatever it may be, is a fact that is central to at least one of his affirmative defenses and an issue on which he carries the burden of proof. It is not a legal conclusion. *See Avila v. Mohave County*, 2015 WL 6660187, at *6–7 (D. Ariz. Nov. 2, 2015) (rejecting objections that interrogatories "call[ed] for a legal conclusion" when they sought "facts supporting [defendant's] affirmative defenses" and ordering defendant to supplement responses); *Firetrace USA, LLC v. Jesclard*, 2009 WL 73671, at *2–3 (D. Ariz. Jan. 9, 2009) (ordering defendants to respond to interrogatory seeking information about their affirmative defenses). Even if the requests did call for a legal conclusion, Defendant would still be obligated to respond to them. *See Thomas v. Cate*, 715 F. Supp. 2d 1012,

1029–30 (E.D. Cal. 2010) ("[T]he fact that an interrogatory calls for a legal conclusion is not grounds for an objection."); *see also Davis v. Buckley*, 2013 WL 12114581, at *2 (D. Ariz. June 11, 2013) (interrogatories that seek a legal conclusion are only objectionable "when the legal conclusion is unrelated to the facts of the case").⁶

At bottom, this case is about whether ADHS has a constitutionally sufficient justification to enforce a law that, on its face, treats Arizonans differently based on their sex and transgender status and infringes upon rights safeguarded by the Due Process Clause. If Defendant has such a justification, he is obligated to describe it and disclose information and documents about it; if he does not, then he should state so and narrow the case. Accordingly, the Court should order Defendant to respond completely and accurately to Interrogatory Nos. 9–16 and produce non-privileged documents responsive to Document Request Nos. 14–17.

B. Defendant Should Be Required to Provide Complete and Accurate Responses to Interrogatory No. 1.

Interrogatory No. 1 asks Defendant to "[1]ist and [d]escribe each and every ADHS and/or BVR policy concerning a change or request to change the sex listed on a birth record." (Ex. 1.) Plaintiffs defined the scope of that interrogatory to include amendments, A.R.S. § 36-301(2), and corrections, A.R.S. § 36-301(6), to birth records. (*See* Ex. 1 at 1.) Defendant, however, is refusing to provide any information or documents about the policies and procedures for "correcting" information on a birth record, which he claims, erroneously, has no relevance to this case. (Ex. 3.)

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⁶ Defendant has also argued that the interrogatories and document requests "require[] an assumption that Plaintiff's equal protection rights have been violated." (Exs. 5–6.) That is simply not true. For example, there would be no equal protection violation if Defendant could offer an "exceedingly persuasive justification" for enforcing the surgical requirement. *See Hogan*, 458 U.S. at 723–24. That is precisely why Defendant's justification is central to his defense to Plaintiffs' constitutional claims. And, even if that assumption were embedded in Plaintiffs' interrogatories, it still would not justify Defendant's refusal to respond. Accepting Defendant's argument would empower a defendant to ignore all discovery requests; by design, each request assumes that the defendant has violated the law, otherwise the request would not be relevant.

There is no basis for Defendant's relevance objection. Plaintiffs' equal protection claim is based, in part, on Defendant's policy or practice of permitting nontransgender people to "correct" the sex listed on their birth certificates without surgical treatment. (See Am. Compl. ¶ 56 ("ADHS does not impose the burdens of seeking a court order on nontransgender people when correcting or amending an inaccurate sex marker on a birth certificate. . . . ADHS developed a policy permitting it to change sex markers on Arizona birth certificates with a physician's letter attesting to the error.") Nontransgender people are simply required to submit a letter from a physician attesting to the error. The process for transgender people to change the sex listed on their birth certificate is far more onerous. (See, e.g., Am. Compl. ¶¶ 53–54). Plaintiffs' interrogatory seeks information and documents related to Defendant's policies and practices for "corrections" to a birth record in order to allow Plaintiffs to more fully compare and contrast the treatment of transgender and nontransgender people who change the sex listed on their birth certificate, bolstering their equal protection claim.

That information is also critical to Plaintiffs' ability test the veracity and persuasiveness of Defendant's purported justification(s) for enforcing A.R.S. § 36-337. For example, Defendant's ability to change a nontransgender person's sex listed on their birth certificate without proof of surgery undermines any justification for imposing a surgical requirement on transgender people. In fact, this Court previously recognized the relevance of this issue, questioning whether obtaining a letter from a physician would be any more "confusing, problematic, or burdensome than the current regime under A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) and A.A.C. R9-19-208(O)." (Dkt. 83 at 15.) This is the precise question to which Plaintiffs seek answers. Because Defendant has not articulated a proportionality or burden objection, the Court should order Defendant to respond to the interrogatory as written.

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⁷ In response to a public records request, ADHS produced a document showing that a sex marker on a birth certificate was "corrected" based on a doctor's note. (See Ex. 5.)

C. Defendant Should Be Required to Search for and Produce ESI in Response to Plaintiffs' Requests for Production.

As explained in further detail above, *see supra* II.B, Defendant responded to more than ten separate document requests by stating that he "ha[d] not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol." (Ex. 4 (Supp. Responses to Document Requests Nos. 1–6, 10–13, 18).) Defendant has categorically rejected Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters and taken the position that the ESI search terms in this action cannot be different from the search parameters that ADHS used to respond to a public records request submitted—and completed—months before this litigation began. Defendant has not provided any authority for this position, despite repeated requests that he do so. Plaintiffs' efforts to locate support for Defendant's position have been equally unavailing. To the extent Plaintiffs' proposed ESI search parameters returned documents that ADHS produced in response to the public records request, Defendant nevertheless rejected Plaintiffs' search parameters, despite the fact he was unable to confirm how many additional documents exist.

Defendant subsequently informed Plaintiffs that he had done a cursory and limited search to gauge the number of documents that satisfied Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters. After obtaining a large number of hits, Defendant demanded that Plaintiffs reduce the number of search terms. Plaintiffs offered repeatedly to narrow the search terms if Defendant would explain what he intends to offer as justifications for the challenged statute and related regulations, as Plaintiffs' current list of terms is based in part on what they anticipate Defendant's justifications to be. Defendants refused to do so.

In short, Defendant has refused to conduct a reasonable and proportional search for ESI that is responsive to Plaintiffs' requests and relevant to the claims and defenses in this case. And, as noted in Section III.A, Defendant has denied Plaintiffs' the information they would need to meaningfully engage in a back-and-forth with Defendant about the search parameters. Plaintiffs, however, cannot wait any longer and request that the Court order Defendant to run Plaintiffs' proposed search parameters, *see* Ex. 6, and produce non-

1 privileged, responsive documents promptly and without further delay. 2 IV. CONCLUSION 3 For the reasons set forth above, Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant their motion. 4 Respectfully submitted, 5 6 Dated: May 23, 2022 OSBORN MALEDON, P.A. 7 s/Colin Proksel Mary O'Grady (011434) 8 Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418) 9 OŠBORN MALEDON, P.A. 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor 10 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793 Telephone: (602) 640-9000 11 Facsimile: (602) 640-9050 mogrady@omlaw.com Email: 12 Email: cproksel@omlaw.com pbowman@omlaw.com Email: 13 Asaf Orr (admitted *Pro Hac Vice*) 14 NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN RIGHTS 15 870 Market Street, Suite 370 San Francisco, California 94102 16 Telephone: (415) 392-6257 Facsimile: (415) 392-8442 17 Email: aorr@nclrights.org 18 Patrick Gunn (admitted *Pro Hac Vice*) COOLEY LLP 19 101 California Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, California 94111-5800 20 Telephone: (415) 693-2070 Facsimile: (415) 693-2222 21 Email: pgunn@cooley.com 22 Barrett J. Anderson (admitted *Pro Hac Vice*) **COOLEY LLP** 23 4401 Eastgate Mall San Diego, California 92121-1909 24 Telephone: (858) 550-6000 Facsimile: (858) 550-6420 25 Email: banderson@cooley.com 26 Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class 27 28

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14	FOR THE DISTRIC	CT OF ARIZONA
15	HELEN ROE, a minor, by and through her	G N 120 101 11 G
16	parent and next friend MEGAN ROE; JAMES POE, a minor, by and through his	Case No. 4:20-cv-484-JAS
17	parent and next friend LAURA POE; AND CARL VOE, a minor, by and through his	PLAINTIFFS' LRCIV 7.2(J)-(K) AND 37.1 STATEMENT
18	parent and next friend RACHEL VOE,	
19	Plaintiffs,	
	V.	
20	DON HERRINGTON, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital	
21	capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona Department of Health Services,	
22	Defendant.	
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COOLEY LLP	PLAINTIFFS' LRCIV 7.2 (J)-(K) AND 37.1

STATEMENT

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Pursuant to Local Rule of Civil Procedure 7.2(i)-(k) and 37.1(a), Plaintiffs hereby submit the following statement (the "Statement") in support of Plaintiffs' motion to compel.

LRCIV 7.2(J)-(K) Statement

Plaintiffs served their First Sets of Interrogatories and Requests for the Production of Documents on October 15, 2021. (Exs. 1–2.) Defendant served responses and objections to the interrogatories and document requests on December 6, 2021 and supplemented his responses on February 28, 2022. (Exs. 3–4.)

Plaintiffs first identified the issues raised in this motion in a letter to Defendant dated January 25, 2022. Plaintiffs subsequently addressed these issues in correspondence dated April 11, 2022, and April 28, 2022. Defendant addressed these issues in correspondence dated April 5, 2022, April 25, 2022, and May 16, 2022. The parties met and conferred telephonically about certain of these issues on February 22, 2022, and about all of them on April 19, 2022.

While the parties have resolved other discovery disputes that have arisen in this case, they have not been able to resolve the issues raised in this motion despite sincere, goodfaith efforts to do so.

LRCIV 37.1 Statement

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 1

- Request: "List and describe each and every ADHS and/or BVR POLICY 1. CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD."
- 2. Objection/Response: "Objection: Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant because it seeks 'each and

All "Ex." cites are to the Declaration of Colin M. Proksel, which has been filed concurrently herewith.

every' ADHS and/or BVR policy concerning a 'CHANGE' or request to 'CHANGE' the

sex listed on a birth record from January 1, 2004 to present, which encompasses information

that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of

this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding

conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named

minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the

extent it seeks any and all policies concerning a 'CHANGE' or request to 'CHANGE' as

Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly

burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information

related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which

are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this

case. Defendant will interpret 'CHANGE' to mean 'amend' as defined by A.R.S. § 36-

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Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated August 7, 2020.

[ADHS000007 – ADHS000023]

BVR Policy No. 014 is meant to provide guidance to hospitals, health care providers, county vital records offices, registrants, a registrants' legal guardian/parent, and BVR staff/employees for amending birth certificates.

Without waiving these objections, the following iterations of BVR Policy No. 014, Amendments to Birth Records, concern amendments to registered birth certificates:

- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 18, 2016. [ADHS000103 – ADHS000121]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated January 23, 2017. [ADHS000122 – ADHS000140]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 1, 2018. [ADHS000141 – ADHS000159]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated March 28, 2019. [ADHS000160 – ADHS000178]

See also Bureau of Vital Records Desk Procedure for Corrections and Amendments. [ADHS000287 – ADHS000293]. In addition, A.A.C. § R9-19-208 governs the process for amending information in a registered birth certificate in the State of Arizona. A prior version of this regulation was adopted in 2007 and amended in 2009 and most recently in 2016."

3. Reason for Deficiency: Defendant has refused to identify all ADHS and BVR policies concerning changes to birth certificates. Defendant has argued that only policies relating to the "amendment" of a birth certificate are relevant to Plaintiff's claims, and that policies relating to the "correction" of a birth certificate are outside the scope of the case. As set forth in the motion, Plaintiffs are entitled to learn about all policies relating to a "correction" to a "birth certificate."

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 9

- 1. **Request:** "Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s).' Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of the case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes

information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-310(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Moreover, a response to this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' equal protection rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.RS. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** Defendant has refused to respond to this interrogatory. As set forth in the motion, this request seeks information that is directly relevant to Defendant's defenses to Plaintiffs' claim under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment, and that plainly falls within the scope of permissible discovery under Rule 26.

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Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 10

- 1. **Request:** "State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 9."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections in Interrogatory No. 9, above. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 9 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."
 - 3. **Reason for Deficiency:** *See* Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 9.

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11

- 1. **Request:** "Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s).' Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and over broad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.RS. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case.

Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.RS. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.RS. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** Defendant has refused to respond to this interrogatory. As set forth in the motion, this request seeks information that is directly relevant to Defendant's defenses to Plaintiffs' claims under the Due Process Clause of the

under Rule 26.

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 12

- 1. **Request:** "State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 11."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 11, above. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 11 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."*

Fourteenth Amendment, and that plainly falls within the scope of permissible discovery

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** *See* Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 13

- 1. **Request:** "Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s).' Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes

information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.RS. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.RS. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** *See* Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

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Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 14

- 1. **Request:** "State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 13."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 13, above. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 13 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."
 - 3. **Reason for Deficiency:** *See* Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 15

- 1. **Request:** "Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s).' Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.RS. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at

issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time frame from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes, nor do they have a substantive due process right to "choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment." Thus, answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.RS. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** See Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 16

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1. **Request:** "State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 15."

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Reason for Deficiency: See Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 15, above. Defendant will

consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 15 so that

Objection/Response: "Defendant is not providing a response to this

Plaintiffs' Request for Production No. 14

it does not seek a legal conclusion."

- 1. **Request:** "All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. Objection/Response: "Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s)' as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the

named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Moreover, a response to this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' equal protection rights have been violated when they In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not have not. undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this Request seeks documentation and/or information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this Request is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** See Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 9.

Plaintiffs' Request for Production No. 15

1. **Request:** "All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States

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Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."

Objection/Response: "Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s)' as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks any and all information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of

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administrative or judicial processes and answering this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this Request seeks documentation and/or information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this Request is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** *See* Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11

Plaintiffs' Request for Production No. 16

- 1. **Request:** "All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s)' as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing,

irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant

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to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this Request seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion."

3. **Reason for Deficiency:** See Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11.

Plaintiffs' Request for Production No. 17

- 1. **Request:** "All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337."
- 2. **Objection/Response:** "Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to 'purported governmental interest(s)' and 'other justification(s)' as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to 'BIRTH RECORD,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'BIRTH RECORD' is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks any and all policies concerning a 'CHANGE,' as Plaintiffs' definition of 'CHANGE' is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and

includes information related to 'corrections' to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not 'amendments' governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes, nor do they have a substantive due process right to 'choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment.' Thus, answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a 'sex change operation' are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Finally, this Request seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes. A 'governmental interest' and/or 'other justification' could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The

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1 creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and 2 neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. 3 Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and 4 cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. Defendant will consider 5 supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek 6 information regarding a legal conclusion." 3. 7 **Reason for Deficiency:** See Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 11. 8 Respectfully submitted, 9 10 Dated: May 24, 2022 OSBORN MALEDON, P.A. 11 s/Colin M. Proksel Mary O'Grady (011434) 12 Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418) 13 OŠBORN MALEDON, P.A. 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor 14 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793 Telephone: (602) 640-9000 15 Facsimile: (602) 640-9050 mogrady@omlaw.com Email: 16 Email: cproksel@omlaw.com Email: pbowman@omlaw.com 17 Asaf Orr (admitted *Pro Hac Vice*) 18 NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN **RIGHTS** 19 870 Market Street, Suite 370 San Francisco, California 94102 20 Telephone: (415) 392-6257 (415) 392-8442 Facsimile: 21 Email: aorr@nclrights.org 22 Patrick Gunn (admitted *Pro Hac Vice*) COOLEY LLP 23 101 California Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, California 94111-5800 24 Telephone: (415) 693-2070 Facsimile: (415) 693-2222 25 Email: pgunn@cooley.com 26 27 28

COOLEY LLP

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Patrick Gunn (admitted Pro Hac Vice) COOLEY LLP 101 California Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, California 94111-5800 Telephone: (415) 693-2070 Facsimile: (415) 693-2222 Email: pgunn@cooley.com Mary O'Grady (011434) Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418) OSBORN MALEDON, P.A. 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793 Telephone: (602) 640-9000 Facsimile: (602) 640-9050 Email: mogrady@omlaw.com Email: cproksel@omlaw.com Email: pbowman@omlaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class Additional counsel listed on following page UNITED STATES I FOR THE DISTRI	
10	Email: mogrady@omlaw.com Email: cproksel@omlaw.com Email: pbowman@omlaw.com	
	Additional counsel listed on following page	DISTRICT COURT
14	Helen Roe, a minor, by and through her	Case No. 4:20-cv-484-JAS
15 16 17	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe.	DECLARATION OF COLIN M. PROKSEL IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL RESPONSES TO
18	Plaintiffs,	INTERROGATORIES AND PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS
19	V.	
20 21	Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona Department	
22	of Health Services,	
23	Defendant.	
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- 1		
	DECLARATION OF COLIN M. PROKSEL	ICO De company of Manager Const

1	Barrett J. Anderson (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) COOLEY LLP
2	4401 Eastgate Mall San Diego, California 92121-1909
3	Telephone: (858) 550-6000 Facsimile: (858) 550-6420
4	Email: banderson@cooley.com
5	Asaf Orr (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>) NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN
6	RIGHTS 870 Market Street, Suite 370
7	San Francisco, California 94102
8	Telephone: (415) 392-6257 Facsimile: (415) 392-8442 Email: aorr@nclrights.org
9	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class
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	DECLARATION OF COLIN M. PROKSEL ISO PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL

EXHIBIT 1

1	Patrick Gunn (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)	
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10	Email: cproksel@omlaw.com Email: pbowman@omlaw.com	
11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class	
12	Additional counsel listed on following page	
	UNITED STATES DIS	TRICT COURT
13	FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA	
14		
	Helen Roe a minor by and through her	
15	Helen Roe, a minor, by and through her parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and	Case No. 4:20-cv-484-JAS
15 16	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a	
16	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
16 17	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe,	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
16 17 18	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe, Plaintiffs, v. Don Herrington, in his official capacity as	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
16 17 18 19	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe, Plaintiffs, v. Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona Department	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
16 17 18 19 20	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe, Plaintiffs, v. Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona Department of Health Services, Defendant,	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
16 17 18 19 20 21	parent and next friend Megan Roe; James Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe, Plaintiffs, v. Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Interim Director of the Arizona Department	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF
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PROPOUNDING PARTY:

HELEN ROE, JAMES POE, AND CARL VOE

2

RESPONDING PARTY:

DON HERRINGTON

3

SET NUMBER:

ONE

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Pursuant to Rules 26 and 33 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Local Rule 33.1 of the U.S. District Court for the District of Arizona, Plaintiff Helen Roe, James Poe, and Carl Voe ("Plaintiffs") requests that Defendant Don Herrington ("Defendant") answer separately and completely in writing under oath within 30 days of service hereof each of the Interrogatories set forth below in accordance with the following Definitions and Instructions:

I. **DEFINITIONS**

- ACTION means the above-captioned litigation instituted by Plaintiffs on 1. November 4, 2020.
- 2. ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES ("ADHS") means the state agency of Arizona responsible for providing health services to Arizona's population, including creating and maintaining a system of vital records, and includes each of its branches, divisions, or committees and each of its officers, employees, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents.
- 3. BIRTH RECORD means a DOCUMENT or other information created or maintained by YOU CONCERNING a person's birth, including but not limited to a written registered birth certificate, documents supporting a requested amendment or correction, or related information in an electronic database.
- BUREAU OF VITAL RECORDS ("BVR") means the division of ADHS responsible 4. for maintaining and issuing certified copies of vital records, and includes each of its officers, employees, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents.
- 5. CHANGE means any amendment, addition, alteration, deletion, correction, modification, or substitution.
- 6. COMMUNICATION is used in its broadest sense and means any transmission of information from one PERSON to another by any means in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, or otherwise.

7. COMPLAINT refers to the Amended Complaint, (Doc. 47), filed by Plaintiffs in this ACTION on January 8, 2020.

- **8.** CONCERNING is used in its broadest sense to require information, things, COMMUNICATIONS, or DOCUMENTS that reflect, relate to, identify, constitute, embody, describe, discuss, summarize, evidence, reference, comment on, or concern in any way the subject matter of the request.
- 9. DOCUMENT is used in its broadest sense and means any written, printed, typed, recorded, magnetic, punched, copied, graphic, or other tangible thing in, upon, or from which information may be embodied, translated, conveyed, or stored (including, but not limited to, correspondence, memoranda, notes, records, books, written policies, papers, PowerPoints, telegrams, telexes, dictation or other audio tapes, video tapes, computer tapes, computer discs, computer printouts, microfilm, microfiche, worksheets, diaries, calendars, photographs, charts, drawings, sketches, and all other writings or drafts thereof) as defined in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a), Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45, and Federal Rule of Evidence 1001, whether or not labeled "confidential." A draft or non-identical copy is a separate DOCUMENT within the meaning of this term.
- 10. PERSON means any natural person or any business, legal, or governmental entity or association or any other cognizable entity, including, without limitation, corporations, proprietorships, partnerships, joint ventures, consortiums, clubs, associations, foundations, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, societies and orders.
- 11. POLICY is used in its broadest sense and means any past, present, or contemplated future policy, procedure, rule, protocol, guideline, regulation, practice, or other principle or course of action, whether or not in writing.
- 12. YOU, YOUR, or YOURS mean Don Herrington in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and Director of ADHS, and includes each of the officers, directors, employees, partners, corporate parent, subsidiaries, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents that report to him in his official capacity. It also means any PERSON who previously exercised or later exercises any of Mr. Herrington's official

positions or responsibilities in whole or in part, whether temporarily or permanently.

- 13. A request to IDENTIFY EACH DOCUMENT means to provide a description sufficient to identify the DOCUMENT in YOUR production of documents, such as a Bates number, or information sufficient to obtain production thereof by subpoena, discovery request, or court order, including:
- (a) The name and current business or residential address of the individual or individuals who (i) prepared it, (ii) signed it or under whose signature it was issued, and (iii) to whom it was addressed or distributed;
 - **(b)** The title and nature of its contents;
 - (c) The date appearing on it and the date or dates when it was prepared; and
 - (d) The current physical location of it.

ALTERNATIVELY, YOU may identify any DOCUMENT by instead attaching a full, clear, legible copy thereof to your response hereto, provided that each such copy contains a reference to each Interrogatory to which it is responsive.

- **14.** A request to IDENTIFY EACH COMMUNICATION means to:
 - (a) State the date and place of each such COMMUNICATION;
- **(b)** State the medium through which such COMMUNICATION was made (*e.g.*, in person, by telephone, by electronic mail or means, etc.);
 - (c) IDENTIFY EACH PERSON who participated in the COMMUNICATION;
- (d) IDENTIFY EACH PERSON (other than a participant) who heard or had access to the COMMUNICATION;
- (e) State the substance of the COMMUNICATION, including any discussion constituting or regarding the COMMUNICATION, the order in which such discussion was had, and any decisions or conclusions reached in the course of or as a result of the COMMUNICATION; and
- (f) IDENTIFY EACH DOCUMENT reflecting or CONCERNING the substance of the COMMUNICATION.
 - 15. A request to IDENTIFY EACH PERSON refers to each natural PERSON or entity and

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27 28 means to provide such PERSON'S or entity's full name and the current business or employment address and, if a natural PERSON, such PERSON'S residence address and telephone number.

II. INSTRUCTIONS

- If an Interrogatory is silent as to the time period for which information is sought, 1. YOUR response should include all information known to you CONCERNING events that occurred, in whole or in part, at any time during the period of January 1, 2004 to the present.
- 2. YOU are requested to answer each Interrogatory set forth below in the provided space and completely in writing under oath pursuant to Local Rule 33.1(a). YOUR response hereto is to be signed and verified by the PERSON making it, and the objections signed by the attorney making them, as required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33(b).
- Each Interrogatory shall be answered fully unless it is objected to in good faith, in which event the reasons for YOUR objection shall be stated in detail in writing. If an objection pertains to only a portion of an Interrogatory, or a word, phrase or clause contained within it, YOU are required to state YOUR objection to that portion only and to respond to the remainder of the Interrogatory, using YOUR best efforts to do so.
- 4. If YOU or YOUR counsel assert that any information responsive to any Interrogatory is privileged or otherwise protected from discovery, YOU must comply with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5) as to each DOCUMENT, thing, oral COMMUNICATION or piece of information for which a claim of privilege or protection from discovery is made. For any DOCUMENT, COMMUNICATION, or other information withheld on the grounds that it is privileged or otherwise claimed to be excludable from discovery, identify the information, describe its subject matter and date, identify all authors and all recipients (including copied and blind copied recipients), and specify the basis for the claimed privilege or other grounds of exclusion.
- If YOU answer any of the Interrogatories by reference to records from which the 5. answer may be derived or ascertained, You must comply with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 33.
 - 6. If any responsive DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION is no longer in existence,

Cooley LLP

cannot be located or is not in YOUR possession, custody, or control, then identify the DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION, describe its subject matter, and describe its disposition, including, without limitation, identifying the PERSON having knowledge of the disposition.

- 7. Pursuant to Rule 26(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, these Interrogatories are continuing in nature and You are to promptly supplement (i) if You learn that the information You disclosed is incomplete or incorrect and if the additional or corrective information has not otherwise been made known to Plaintiffs during the discovery process or in writing, or (ii) if ordered by the Court.
- 8. The use of the singular form of any word includes the plural and use of the plural form includes the singular form. Verb tenses shall be interpreted to include past, present, and future tenses. The word "all" includes the word "any" and vice versa. The terms "and" and "or" shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of these requests any information that might otherwise be construed to be outside the scope of these requests.
- 9. Each paragraph herein shall be construed independently and not by reference to any other paragraph for the purpose of limitation.

III. INTERROGATORIES.

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

List and describe each and every ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS at ADHS and/or BVR who implement or enforce any ADHS or BVR POLICY listed in Interrogatory No. 1, including but not limited to all employees, custodians, and administrators at ADHS and/or BVR.

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INTERROGATORY No. 3:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to consider, develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY listed in Interrogatory No. 1, or to consider develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any CHANGE to any such POLICY.

INTERROGATORY No. 4:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS at ADHS and/or BVR who participate or have participated in the process described in YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 3, including but not limited to all employees, custodians, and administrators at ADHS and/or BVR.

INTERROGATORY No. 5:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS who serve or have served on the BVR Registry Team, their titles, and their roles, including those responsible for receiving, reviewing, approving, or denying requests for CHANGES to the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to implement or enforce subsection (A)(3) of the Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337, including but not limited to how ADHS and/or BVR determine whether a physician's written statement complies with that subsection and how ADHS and/or BVR define, interpret, and/or apply the term "sex change operation" or otherwise determine whether a physician's written statement "verifies" a "sex change operation" as those terms are used in that subsection.

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INTERROGATORY No. 7:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS to develop and then purportedly reverse the opposition to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS, including but not limited to the process that resulted in the "Arizona Department of Health Services' Objection to Order to Amend Applicant's Registered Birth Certificate" filed on February 15, 2017 in the Superior Court for Pima County.

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS who are or were involved in the process described in YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 7.

INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 9.

INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 11.

INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

17 | Interrogatory No. 14:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 13.

23 | Interrogatory No. 15:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised

COOLEY LLP

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PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

pbowman@omlaw.com

Email:

ı	Case 4:20-cv-00484-JAS Document 120-2 Filed 05/24/22 Page 17 of 103		
1		Asaf Orr (ac	dmitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
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5		Email:	aorr@nclrights.org
6	F	Patrick Gun	nn (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
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10			nderson (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
11	4	COOLEY I 1401 Eastga	ate Mall
12	Π	Telephone:	California 92121-1909 (858) 550-6000
13	II .	Facsimile: Email:	(858) 550-6420 banderson@cooley.com
14	A. A.	Attorneys fo	or Plaintiffs and Proposed Class
15			
16	THE FOREGOING was e-mailed		
17	this 15th day of October, 2021, to:		
18	MARK BRNOVICH Arizona Attorney General		
19	Patricia Cracchiolo LaMagna Aubrey Joy Corcoran		
20	Assistant Attorneys General Education and Health Section		
21	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85004-1592		
22	Patricia.Lamagna@azag.gov AubreyJoy.Corcoran@azag.gov		
23	EducationHealth@azag.gov		
24	Daniel P. Struck Nicholas D. Acedo		
25	Dana M. Keene STRUCK LOVE BOJANOWSKI & ACEDO	O, PLC	
26	3100 West Ray Road, Suite 300 Chandler, Arizona 85226		
27	dstruck@strucklove.com nacedo@strucklove.com		
28	dkeene@strucklove.com		
EY LLP			DI AINTHEES, EIDET CET OF

COOLEY LLP

EXHIBIT 2

1	Patrick Gunn (admitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)		
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3	San Francisco, California 94111-5800 Telephone: (415) 693-2070		
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5	Mary O'Grady (011434)		
6	Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418)		
7	OSBORN MALEDON, P.A. 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793		
8	Telephone: (602) 640-9000 Facsimile: (602) 640-9050		
9	Email: mogrady@omlaw.com Email: cproksel@omlaw.com		
10	Email: pbowman@omlaw.com		
11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class Additional counsel listed on following page		
12		ICENTICE COLLEGE	
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA		
14			
15	Helen Roe, a minor, by and through her parent and next friend Megan Roe; James	Case No. 4:20-cv-484-JAS	
16	Poe, a minor, by and through his parent and next friend Laura Poe; and Carl Voe, a	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF	
17	minor, by and through his parent and next friend Rachel Voe,	REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION	
18	Plaintiffs,		
19	V.		
20	Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and		
21	Interim Director of the Arizona Department of Health Services, Defendant,		
22	Defendant.		
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PROPOUNDING PARTY: HELEN ROE, JAMES POE, AND CARL VOE

RESPONDING PARTY: DON HERRINGTON

SET NUMBER: ONE

Pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26 and 34, Plaintiffs Helen Roe, James Poe, and Carl Voe ("Plaintiffs") hereby demand Defendant Don Herrington ("Defendant") produce copies of or make available for inspection and photocopying the documents and things requested below in accordance with the following Definitions and Instructions below. The requested documents and things must be produced within thirty (30) days after service hereof at the offices of Plaintiffs' counsel, Osborn Maledon, PA, at 2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor, Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793.

I. **DEFINITIONS.**

Words in CAPITALS are defined as follows:

- 1. ACTION means the above-captioned litigation instituted by Plaintiffs on November 4, 2020.
- 2. ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES ("ADHS") means the state agency of Arizona responsible for providing health services to Arizona's population, including creating and maintaining a system of vital records, and includes each of its branches, divisions, or committees and each of its officers, employees, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents.
- 3. BIRTH RECORD means a DOCUMENT or other information created or maintained by YOU CONCERNING a person's birth, including but not limited to a written registered birth certificate or related information in an electronic database.
- **4.** BUREAU OF VITAL RECORDS ("BVR") means the division of ADHS responsible for maintaining and issuing certified copies of vital records, and includes each of its officers, employees, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents.
- **5.** CHANGE means any amendment, addition, alteration, deletion, correction, modification, or substitution.

- **6.** COMMUNICATION is used in its broadest sense and means any transmission of information from one PERSON to another by any means in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, or otherwise.
- 7. COMPLAINT refers to the Amended Complaint, (Doc. 47), filed by Plaintiffs in this ACTION on January 8, 2020.
- **8.** CONCERNING is used in its broadest sense to require information, things, COMMUNICATIONS, or DOCUMENTS that reflect, relate to, identify, constitute, embody, describe, discuss, summarize, evidence, reference, comment on, or concern in any way the subject matter of the request.
- 9. DOCUMENT is used in its broadest sense and means any written, printed, typed, recorded, magnetic, punched, copied, graphic, or other tangible thing in, upon, or from which information may be embodied, translated, conveyed, or stored (including, but not limited to, correspondence, memoranda, notes, records, books, written policies, papers, PowerPoints, telegrams, telexes, dictation or other audio tapes, video tapes, computer tapes, computer discs, computer printouts, microfilm, microfiche, worksheets, diaries, calendars, photographs, charts, drawings, sketches, and all other writings or drafts thereof) as defined in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a), Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45, and Federal Rule of Evidence 1001, whether or not labeled "confidential." A draft or non-identical copy is a separate DOCUMENT within the meaning of this term.
- 10. PERSON means any natural person or any business, legal, or governmental entity or association or any other cognizable entity, including, without limitation, corporations, proprietorships, partnerships, joint ventures, consortiums, clubs, associations, foundations, governmental agencies or instrumentalities, societies and orders.
- 11. POLICY is used in its broadest sense and means any past, present, or contemplated future policy, procedure, rule, protocol, guideline, regulation, practice, or other principle or course of action, whether or not in writing.
 - 12. YOU, YOUR, or YOURS mean Don Herrington in his official capacity as Interim

State Registrar of Vital Records and Director of ADHS, and includes each of the officers, directors, employees, partners, corporate parent, subsidiaries, affiliates, attorneys, accountants, consultants, representatives, and agents that report to him in his official capacity. It also means any PERSON who previously exercised or later exercises any of Mr. Herrington's official positions or responsibilities in whole or in part, whether temporarily or permanently.

II. INSTRUCTIONS.

- 1. If a document request is silent as to the time period for which information is sought, YoU should produce material dated from January 1, 2004 to the present.
- 2. Pursuant to Rule 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, YOU are to produce all information within the scope of the definitions set forth herein that is within YOUR possession, custody, or control, as well as all information within the possession, custody, or control of anyone acting on YOUR behalf including, but not limited to, YOUR agents, representatives, employees, officers, directors, and attorneys.
- 3. YOU shall produce information and electronically stored information ("ESI") pursuant to any order concerning ESI filed in this ACTION.
- 4. These document requests embrace originals, identical copies if originals are unavailable, and non-identical copies (whether different from the originals because of notes made on such copies or otherwise) of the information described in these document requests.
- 5. Each document request shall be complied with fully unless it is objected to in good faith, in which event the reasons for YOUR objection shall be stated in detail in writing. If an objection pertains to only a portion of the document request, or a word, phrase, or clause contained within it, YOU are required to state YOUR objection to that portion and to comply with the remainder of the request, using YOUR best efforts to do so.
- 6. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34, information produced in response to these document requests shall be produced as it is kept in the usual course of business or shall be organized and labeled to correspond with the categories in the demand. DOCUMENTS or COMMUNICATIONS attached to each other consisting of multiple pages must

not be separated.

- 7. Information is to be produced in its full and unreduced form; reducted information shall not constitute compliance with these document requests unless such information is reducted pursuant to a claim of privilege and accompanied by a privilege log, as set forth below.
- 8. If You or Your counsel assert that any information responsive to any document request is privileged or otherwise protected from discovery, You are to comply with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5), the operative Protective Order, and any order concerning ESI filed in this ACTION as to each DOCUMENT, COMMUNICATION, thing, or piece of information for which a claim of privilege or protection from discovery is made. For any DOCUMENT, COMMUNICATION, or other information withheld on the grounds that it is privileged or otherwise claimed to be excludable from discovery, identify the information, describe its subject matter and date, identify all authors and all recipients (including copied and blind copied recipients), and specify the basis for the claimed privilege or other grounds of exclusion.
- 9. If any responsive DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION is no longer in existence, cannot be located or is not in YOUR possession, custody, or control, then identify the DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION, describe its subject matter, and describe its disposition, including, without limitation, identifying the PERSON having knowledge of the disposition. If any responsive DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION was previously stored electronically or is of the type that is typically stored electronically in the usual course of business, but is no longer stored for any reason, provide an explanation of ADHS's retention policy and the reason that the DOCUMENT or COMMUNICATION is no longer stored or otherwise in existence.
- 10. If production of any requested information is objected to on the grounds that production is unduly burdensome or the information is not reasonably accessible as defined in Rule 26(b)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, describe in detail in writing the burden or expense of producing the requested information, including but not limited to identification

of the steps that would be necessary to retrieve and produce the information and a dollar estimate of the cost of performing those steps.

- 11. Pursuant to Rule 26(e) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, these document requests are continuing in nature and You are to promptly supplement (i) if You learn that the information You disclosed is incomplete or incorrect and if the additional or corrective information has not otherwise been made known to Plaintiffs during the discovery process or in writing, or (ii) if ordered by the Court.
- 12. The use of the singular form of any word includes the plural and use of the plural form includes the singular form. Verb tenses shall be interpreted to include past, present, and future tenses. The word "all" includes the word "any" and vice versa. The terms "and" and "or" shall be construed either disjunctively or conjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of these requests any information that might otherwise be construed to be outside the scope of these requests.
- 13. Each paragraph herein shall be construed independently and not by reference to any other paragraph for the purpose of limitation.

III. DOCUMENTS AND THINGS TO BE PRODUCED.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO any BIRTH RECORD for any of the Plaintiffs in this ACTION.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 2:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 3:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR implementation or enforcement of subsections (A)(3) or (A)(4) of Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 4:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS considered or relied upon by YOU when

considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating subsections (O) or (P) of Arizona Administrative Code section R9-19-208, or when considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating any CHANGES to those subsections.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 5:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the term "sex change operation" as used in subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 6:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any POLICY of ADHS and/or BVR CONCERNING how those entities define, interpret, implement, apply, or otherwise consider any words, phrases, or terms that are not defined by statute or other applicable law.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 7:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS sent by, to, or within ADHS and/or BVR CONCERNING Arizona House Bill 2081, 54th Legislature, Second Regular Session (2020).

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS, including but not limited to the "Arizona Department of Health Services' Objection to Order to Amend Applicant's Registered Birth Certificate" filed on February 15, 2017 in the Superior Court for Pima County, Arizona.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 9:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the purported reversal of any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS as referenced in Request No. 8 above.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the responsibilities and authorities of the BVR Registry Team, its role in granting or denying applications to CHANGE the sex listed on individuals' BIRTH RECORDS, its origins and history, its organizational

structure, and the identity and title of its members past and present.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 11:

All COMMUNICATIONS sent by or to YOU, Thomas Salow, Krystal Colburn, Nicole Heath, Toni Miller, Alex Quintana, Heidi Lengdorfer, Kelly Baker, Luana Pallanes, Robin Rodriguez, Richard McKenney, Marcellina Lopez, Julia Mora, Bianco Soto, John Jimenez, Hannah Garcia, Luis Valdez-Ramos, or Holly Baker Concerning the interpretation, application, and enforceability of any statute, law, or Policy Concerning a Change or request to Change the sex listed on a Birth Record.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 12:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any POLICY of ADHS or BVR to accept federal court orders as the basis to CHANGE any part of a BIRTH RECORD, including but not limited to Section B.4 of the ADHS document dated May 18, 2020 with the title "Court Orders and Subpoenas."

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 13:

DOCUMENTS sufficient to show the number of annual requests for a CHANGE to the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD, the basis of such requests, the number of approvals of such requests, the number of denials of such requests, and the reasons for such denials.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals

who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

REOUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 17:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 18:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING privacy or confidentiality protections for information CONCERNING a PERSON'S gender identity or transgender status.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 19:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS reviewed, considered or relied upon by any expert witness retained by Defendant who provided or will provide an opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING compensation for any expert witness retained by Defendant who provided or will provide an opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 21:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING facts and assumptions that Defendants' attorneys provided to any expert witness retained now or in the future by Defendant and which that expert relied on in forming the expert's opinions.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 22:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS used to prepare or educate a witness providing a declaration, testimony, or opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 23:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS that Defendant referenced, relied upon, or identified in Defendant's Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 26(a) initial disclosures.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 24:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING that Defendant relied upon, referenced in, or identified in answering Plaintiffs' interrogatories.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION No. 25:

All non-privileged DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the ACTION.

2 Respectfully submitted,

Dated: October 15, 2021 OSBORN MALEDON, P.A.

/s/ Colin M. Proksel
Mary O'Grady (011434)
Colin Proksel (034133)
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COOLEY LLP

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PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION

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1 2	Ema Ema Ema	il:	mogrady@omlaw.com cproksel@omlaw.com pbowman@omlaw.com
3			Imitted <i>Pro Hac Vice</i>)
4	NA.		L CENTER FOR LESBIAN
5	870	Market	Street, Suite 370 co, California 94102
6	Tele	phone: imile:	(415) 392-6257 (415) 392-8442
7	Ema		aorr@nclrights.org
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13	San		California 92121-1909
14	Facs	imile:	(858) 550-6000 (858) 550-6420
15			banderson@cooley.com
16	Atto	rneys fo	r Plaintiffs and Proposed Class
17	THE FOREGOING was e-mailed		
18	this 15th day of October, 2021, to:		
19	MARK BRNOVICH Arizona Attorney General		
20	Detricia Consolviala I aMagna		
21	Assistant Attorneys General Education and Health Section		
22	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, AZ 85004-1592		
23	AudreyJoy.Corcoran(wazag.gov		
24	EducationHealth@azag.gov		
25	Nicholas D. Acedo		
26	STRUCK LOVE BOJANOWSKI & ACEDO, P	PLC	
27	3100 West Ray Road, Suite 300 Chandler, Arizona 85226		
28	1 .41- (.41-1		

COOLEY LLP

EXHIBIT 3

<u>DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS TO</u> PLAINTIFFS' DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Defendant objects to Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD." "BIRTH RECORD" is not defined within the applicable Arizona Revised Statute sections, specifically A.R.S. § 36-301, and confuses applicable and existing terminology contained in A.A.C. §§ R9-19-101 and R9-19-201. Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad because it is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims in Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint. Moreover, "BIRTH RECORD," as defined by Plaintiffs, potentially includes information that is confidential and protected from disclosure and/or sealed pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-322 (requiring the state registrar to seal a birth certificate and any evidentiary documents when a registered birth certificate is amended, and that any sealed record shall be accessible only via a state-issued court order (see definition of "court order" in A.R.S. § 36-301(7)); A.R.S. § 36-324(A) (prohibiting the issuance of any medical information related to birth registration); and, A.R.S. § 36-342 (prohibiting the inspection or disclosure of a vital record, evidentiary documentation supporting a vital record, or information contained in a vital record.) In addition, it is unclear what Plaintiffs mean by "or related information in an electronic database." To the extent this definition includes Electronically Stored Information ("ESI"), the parties are attempting to reach an agreement on an ESI search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians, but have not yet done so.

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Defendant also objects to Plaintiffs' definitions of "BIRTH RECORD" and "CHANGE" to the extent they encompass "correction(s)" made to a registered birth certificate. A birth certificate registered in the State of Arizona can only be amended and/or corrected pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-323. The Arizona Legislature has defined "correction" as "a change made to a registered birth certificate because of a typographical error, including misspelling and missing or transposed letters or numbers." A.R.S. § 36-

301(6). It has defined "amend" as "a change, other than a correction, to a registered certificate by adding, deleting or substituting information on that certificate." A.R.S. § 36-301(2). Plaintiffs have not asserted any claims or allegations regarding corrections to registered birth certificates. Accordingly, Defendant objects to these definitions to the extent they include information regarding corrections as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(6) as vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant will interpret "CHANGE" to mean "amend" as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(2).

Finally, Defendant objects to the time period contained in Instruction No. 1 of Plaintiffs' Instructions section. Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011 and could not have had an Arizona birth certificate before then. Information from January 1, 2004 to the present—a period of almost 18 years—is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit, and is overbroad, irrelevant, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case. The Arizona Department of Health Services ("ADHS") also has a document retention policy in place that allows for the destruction of certain documents after a period of three years. Some or all the documents requested by Plaintiffs dating back to 2004 may have been destroyed pursuant to this document retention policy.

INTERROGATORY NO. 1:

List and describe each and every ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory as

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overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant because it seeks "each and every" ADHS and/or BVR policy concerning a "CHANGE" or request to "CHANGE" the sex listed on a birth record from January 1, 2004 to present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks any and all policies concerning a "CHANGE" or request to "CHANGE" as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant will interpret "CHANGE" to mean "amend" as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(2).

Without waiving these objections, the following iterations of BVR Policy No. 014, Amendments to Birth Records, concern amendments to registered birth certificates:

- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 18,
 2016. [ADHS000103 ADHS000121]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated January 23,
 2017. [ADHS000122 ADHS000140]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 1,
 2018. [ADHS000141 ADHS000159]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated March 28,
 2019. [ADHS000160 ADHS000178]
- Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated August 7, 2020.
 [ADHS000007 ADHS000023]

BVR Policy No. 014 is meant to provide guidance to hospitals, health care providers, county vital records offices, registrants, a registrants' legal guardian/parent, and

BVR staff/employees for amending birth certificates. *See also* Bureau of Vital Records Desk Procedure for Corrections and Amendments. [ADHS000287 – ADHS000293]. In addition, A.A.C. § R9-19-208 governs the process for amending information in a registered birth certificate in the State of Arizona. A prior version of this regulation was adopted in 2007 and amended in 2009 and most recently in 2016.

INTERROGATORY NO. 2:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS at ADHS and/or BVR who implement or enforce any ADHS or BVR POLICY listed in Interrogatory No. 1, including but not limited to all employees, custodians, and administrators at ADHS and/or BVR.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "implement," "enforce," "custodians," and "administrators." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant, as the terms "implement" and "enforce" are not defined or reasonably limited in scope and because Plaintiffs seek information spanning from January 1, 2004 to the present, which would require Defendant to obtain and provide the names of several hundred former employees who may have implemented or enforced "any ADHS or BVR POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD," and is therefore not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to time period and scope because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011.

Without waiving these objections, in response to Interrogatory No. 2, the following current ADHS/BVR employees are involved in implementing and/or enforcing policies concerning amendments to the sex listed on a registered birth certificate:

 Don Herrington, Interim Director of ADHS and Interim State Registrar of the BVR
 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
 Office of the Attorney General

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1 2	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
3 4	 Colby Bower, former Assistant Director of Licensing Services and Assistant Director for Policy and Intergovernmental Affairs, ADHS
5	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
6 7	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
8	 Thomas Salow, former Deputy Assistant Director of Licensing and Branch Chief, Interim Assistant Director of Licensing Services, ADHS
9	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General
10	2005 N. Central Avenue
11 12	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
13	 Krystal Colburn, Bureau Chief and Assistant State Registrar, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
14	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
15 16	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
17	 Nicole Heath, Deputy Chief and Fraud Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
18	Office of the Attorney General
19	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004
20	(602) 542-8854
21	 Bianca Soto, Educator and Quality Assurance Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
22	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
23 24	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
25	Toni Miller, Policy Manager and Community Partner Liaison, ADHS
26	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
27	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
28	Phoenix, Arizona 85004

(602) 542-8854

- Robert Lane, Chief Administrative Counsel, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
- Katina Lugo, Registry Operations Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
 Office of the Attorney General
 2005 N. Central Avenue
 Phoenix, Arizona 85004
 (602) 542-8854
- Ruthann Smejkal, Senior Rules Analyst, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854

Defendant will supplement his response to this interrogatory if it is determined that additional individuals are involved in implementing and/or enforcing policies concerning amendments to the sex listed on a registered birth certificate.

INTERROGATORY NO. 3:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to consider, develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY listed in Interrogatory No. 1, or to consider develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any CHANGE to any such POLICY.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "process used" and "consider," "develop," "draft," "adopt," and "otherwise create." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 and the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations

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regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this interrogatory seeks information that is irrelevant and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to relevance, as the ADHS/BVR "process" (if any) in considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or creating any ADHS and/or BVR policy or a change to any policy is not at issue in this case and is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant further objects to the extent the information requested contains information protected by the attorney-client privilege, deliberative process privilege, and/or work-product doctrine.

Without waiving these objections, ADHS is required by Arizona law to follow applicable statutes and implement those statutes through the development and adoption of regulations, also referred to as administrative rules, listed in response to Interrogatory No. 1. To that end, ADHS is required to "[a]dopt rules to implement a statewide system of vital records pursuant to this chapter using the recommendations of the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics as guidelines subject to modification by the state registrar" and "[p]rovide a means for the public to request a copy of a vital record and grant or deny the request according to criteria prescribed by rules adopted pursuant to this chapter. These rules shall include eligibility criteria, proof of identity requirements and payment requirements to obtain the requested vital record." A.R.S. § 36-302(B)(1), (9). All administrative rules are promulgated according to A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 3 which governs what ADHS must consider in drafting and editing administrative rules, and the process by which administrative rules are reviewed before they become final, unless the Legislature, through legislation, has exempted ADHS from the rulemaking process as stated in A.R.S. Title 41, Chapter 6, Article 3. Informational summaries of the different available of rulemaking types processes are at https://www.azdhs.gov/director/administrative-counsel-rules/rules/index.php#rulemakingprocess-home (last accessed December 6, 2021). All laws, including but not limited to statutes, rules, case law, and substantive policy statements, supersede any statement on the website.

When interpreting implementing statutes to draft rules, ADHS follows general rules of statutory construction, including but not limited to those that are stated in A.R.S. Title 1, Chapter 2, Article 2. BVR Policy No. 014 listed in response to Interrogatory No. 1 is based predominantly on statute and rule. In drafting this policy and its various amendments, BVR considered factors such as the delegation of duties to the county vital records offices, changes in technology and implementation of new electronic systems to organize the vital records system, changes in legislation, changes in administrative rules, legal decisions and legal advice, community input, and customer needs.

INTERROGATORY NO. 4:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS at ADHS and/or BVR who participate or have participated in the process described in YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 3, including but not limited to all employees, custodians, and administrators at ADHS and/or BVR.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "participate(d)," "process," "custodians," and "administrators." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 and the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this interrogatory seeks information that is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant further objects that this interrogatory is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant, as it would require Defendant to find and provide the names of several hundred former employees who participated in "the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to consider, develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY listed in Interrogatory No. 1, or to consider develop, draft, adopt, or otherwise create any CHANGE to any such POLICY," which is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to relevance, as the ADHS/BVR "process" (if any) in considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or creating

any ADHS and/or BVR policy or a change to any policy is not at issue and is not 1 proportional to the needs of this case. 2 Without waiving these objections, the following persons participate or have 3 participated in developing, drafting, adopting, and/or creating the policies listed in 4 response to Interrogatory No. 1: 5 • Don Herrington, Interim Director of ADHS and Interim State Registrar of 6 the BVR 7 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 8 2005 N. Central Avenue 9 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 10 • Colby Bower, former Assistant Director of Licensing Services and Assistant 11 Director for Policy and Intergovernmental Affairs, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 12 Office of the Attorney General 13 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 14 (602) 542-8854 15 Thomas Salow, former Deputy Assistant Director of Licensing and Branch Chief, Interim Assistant Director of Licensing Services, ADHS 16 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 17 Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue 18 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 19 (602) 542-8854 Krystal Colburn, Bureau Chief and Assistant State Registrar, ADHS 20 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 21 Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue 22 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 23 (602) 542-8854 24 Robin Rodriguez, former Operations Chief and Fraud Manager, BVR, **ADHS** 25 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 26 2005 N. Central Avenue 27 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 28

1 2 3	 Nicole Heath, Deputy Chief and Fraud Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004
4	(602) 542-8854
5	 Bianca Soto, Educator and Quality Assurance Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
6	Office of the Attorney General
7 8	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004
	(602) 542-8854
9 10	Toni Miller, Policy Manager and Community Partner Liaison, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
11	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
12	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
13	Robert Lane, Chief Administrative Counsel, ADHS
14	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
15	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
16	Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854
17	Marcellina Lopez, former Operations Manager, ADHS
18	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
19	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
20	Phoenix, Arizona 85004
21	 (602) 542-8854 Luis Valdez-Ramos, former Operations Manager, ADHS
22	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
23	Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue
24	Phoenix, Arizona 85004
25	(602) 542-8854
26	 Julia Mora, former Customer Services Supervisor, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
27	Office of the Attorney General
28	2005 N. Central Avenue

Defendant is unaware of Mr. Nelson's current contact information. 1 Patricia Adams, former Assistant State Registrar, ADHS 2 Defendant is unaware of Ms. Adams' current contact information. 3 Valerie Grina, former Rules Analyst, ADHS 4 Defendant is unaware of Ms. Grina's current contact information. 5 Khaleel Hussaini, former Bureau Chief/Assistant State Registrar, BVR, 6 **ADHS** 7 Defendant is unaware of Mr. Hussaini's current contact information. 8 Jeffrey Bloomberg, former Administrative Counsel, ADHS 9 Defendant is unaware of Mr. Bloomberg's current contact information. 10 Kathleen Phillips, former Administrative Counsel, ADHS 11 Defendant is unaware of Ms. Phillips' current contact information. 12 Donald Schmid, former Administrative Counsel, ADHS 13 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 14 2005 N. Central Avenue 15 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 16 17 **INTERROGATORY NO. 5:** List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS who serve or have served on the BVR Registry 18 Team, their titles, and their roles, including those responsible for receiving, reviewing, 19 approving, or denying requests for CHANGES to the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD. 20 **RESPONSE:** 21 Objection: vague and ambiguous as to "serve," "have served," "roles," and 22 "responsible." Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH 23 RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time 24 25 and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not 26 proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the 27

extent it requests information pertaining to "CHANGES" to the sex listed on a "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 and the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this interrogatory seeks information that is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case because the "BVR Registry Team" includes all management, supervisors, and customer service representatives who play any part in any aspect of the registration of birth for BVR. As such, this interrogatory would require the Defendant to find and provide the names, titles, and roles of several hundred current and former employees who were part of the "BVR Registry Team," which amounts to a request to name and identify almost every BVR employee from January 1, 2004 to the present, as most BVR employees are/were part of the BVR Registry Team at some point.

Without waiving these objections, Krystal Colburn, Nicole Heath, Robin Rodriguez, Bianca Soto, Toni Miller, Marcellina Lopez, Luis Valdez-Ramos, Julia Mora, Ana Romero, Dulce Soto, and Katina Lugo are part of, or have previously been part of, the BVR Registry Team. Additionally, the following persons are currently employed by BVR/ADHS and are part of the BVR Registry Team:

Jessica Neely, Program and Project Specialist, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna
Office of the Attorney General
2005 N. Central Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85004

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1 (602) 542-8854 • Ann Ramirez, Program Manager, BVR, ADHS 2 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 3 Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue 4 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 5 (602) 542-8854 Jacqueline Hartman, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS 6 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 7 Office of the Attorney General 8 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 9 (602) 542-8854 10 Alan Santa Cruz, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna 11 Office of the Attorney General 12 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 13 (602) 542-8854 14 Chloe Jacobs, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS 15 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 16 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 17 (602) 542-8854 18 Alan Paul, Program and Project Specialist Supervisor, BVR, ADHS 19 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 20 2005 N. Central Avenue 21 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 22 Maria Loreto, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS 23 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 24 2005 N. Central Avenue 25 Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 26 Angela Brunbaugh, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS 27 c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 28

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1 2	2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854				
3456	c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix Arizona 85004				
7 8 9 10	 Ashley Ramos, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 				
11121314	 Jenissa Lucio, Program Manager, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 				
15 16 17 18	 Cinthia Beltran, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 				
1920212223	 Cecilia Vargas c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 				
24 25 26 27 28	 Michael Tachera, Customer Service Representative, BVR, ADHS c/o Patricia C. LaMagna Office of the Attorney General 2005 N. Central Avenue Phoenix, Arizona 85004 (602) 542-8854 				

Krystal Colburn, as Bureau Chief and Assistant State Registrar, ultimately

approves all amendments to the sex field on registered birth certificates. The Customer

Service Representatives and Program and Project Specialist Supervisors all have various

administrative functions in the registration of birth, customer service interactions, and

preparing documents for management review and approval; however, none of these

employees approve or deny requests for amendments to the sex on a birth certificate. INTERROGATORY NO. 6:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to implement or enforce subsection (A)(3) of the Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337, including but not limited to how ADHS and/or BVR determine whether a physician's written statement complies with that subsection and how ADHS and/or BVR define, interpret, and/or apply the term "sex change operation" or otherwise determine whether a physician's written statement "verifies" a "sex change operation" as those terms are used in that subsection.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Compound. Defendant objects to this entire interrogatory as vague, ambiguous, and confusing. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 and the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this interrogatory seeks information that is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as it seeks information that is neither relevant to the claims and defenses at issue in the case nor proportional to the needs of the case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint makes no allegation regarding the "process" used by ADHS/BVR to determine whether a physician's written statement complies with A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3), how ADHS/BVR define, interpret, and/or apply the term "sex change operation," or how ADHS/BVR determine whether a physician's written statement verifies a sex change operation under § 36-337(A)(3).

Without waiving these objections, there are no uniform requirements in determining whether a physician's written statement complies with A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3), how ADHS/BVR defines, interprets, and/or applies the term "sex change operation," or otherwise determines whether a physician's written statement verifies a sex change operation. Rather, all determinations for requests to amend the sex on a registered birth certificate are considered individually, and on a case-by-case basis as each letter from a physician submitted pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) contains different language. At the very least, a letter submitted pursuant to § 36-337(A)(3) must be on a physician's letterhead and must verify that the individual's sex has been changed as a result of surgery.

INTERROGATORY NO. 7:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS to develop and then purportedly reverse the opposition to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS, including but not limited to the process that resulted in the "Arizona Department of Health Services' Objection to Order to Amend Applicant's Registered Birth Certificate" filed on February 15, 2017 in the Superior Court for Pima County.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Compound. Defendant objects to this entire interrogatory as vague, confusing, ambiguous, and irrelevant. It is unclear what information Plaintiffs are seeking when they refer to the "process used by ADHS to develop and then purportedly reverse the opposition to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS." Information responsive to this interrogatory, if any, in no way relates to Plaintiffs' claims regarding A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3). Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case.

Defendant objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant further objects to the extent the information requested contains information protected by the attorney-client privilege, deliberative process privilege, and/or work-product doctrine. Defendant further objects to the extent the information requested contains information protected by the attorney-client privilege, deliberative process privilege, and/or work-product doctrine.

Without waiving these objections, and limiting this response to amendments only, prior to July 24, 2017, ADHS considered A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3) the primary procedure by which a person born in Arizona could amend the sex/gender field on a birth certificate. The understanding was that A.R.S. § 36-337(A) governed amendments to birth certificates in specific situations that were expressly enumerated in the subsection—adoptions (A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(1)), voluntary acknowledgements of paternity (A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(2)), and sex/gender amendments (A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3))—and that A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4) applied to all amendments not otherwise delineated. Prior to July 24, 2017, if ADHS received a court order to amend the sex/gender field on an individual's birth certificate pursuant to § 36-337(A)(4), ADHS would respond to the order in the form of an objection. There was no "process used by ADHS to develop and then purportedly reverse the opposition to requests by

transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS."

In May 2017, ADHS denied a sex/gender amendment application based on a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). The applicant appealed this denial. An administrative hearing was held in front of an Administrative Law Judge, at which time ADHS presented its interpretation of § 36-337(A)(4) as its basis for denying the amendment application. The Administrative Law Judge disagreed with ADHS's interpretation of this subsection and granted the applicant's appeal in a decision dated June 26, 2017. On July 24, 2017, ADHS's Director adopted the Administrative Law Judge's decision in a Final Decision and granted the applicant's appeal and amended the sex on the applicant's birth certificate. Following this July 24, 2017, Final Decision, ADHS has applied § 36-337(A)(4) in conjunction with the Administrative Law Judge's June 26, 2017, decision, and ADHS's Final Decision, and accepts court orders to amend the sex/gender on Arizona birth certificates.

INTERROGATORY NO. 8:

List and IDENTIFY all PERSONS who are or were involved in the process described in YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 7.

RESPONSE:

 ${\it Defendant\ incorporates\ all\ objections\ to\ Interrogatory\ No.\ 7.}$

Without waiving any objections, the following individuals may have information regarding the interpretation and/or application of A.R.S. § 36-337(A) prior to July 24, 2017, and the decision to change the interpretation and/or application of A.R.S. § 36-337(A) after July 24, 2017:

- Patricia Adams, former Assistant State Registrar, ADHS
- Cara Christ, former Director of ADHS
- Will Humble, former Director of ADHS
- Colby Bower, former Assistant Director of Licensing Services and former Assistant Director for Policy and Intergovernmental Affairs, ADHS
- Robert Lane, Chief Administrative Counsel, ADHS

- Krystal Colburn, Bureau Chief and Assistant State Registrar, ADHS
- Thomas Salow, former Deputy Assistant Director of Licensing and Branch Chief, and Interim Assistant Director of Licensing Services, ADHS
- Robin Rodriguez, former Operations Chief and Fraud Manager, BVR,
 ADHS
- Toni Miller, Policy Manager and Community Partner Liaison, BVR, ADHS

INTERROGATORY NO. 9:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6),

which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011.

Moreover, a response to this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' equal protection rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion*.

INTERROGATORY NO. 10:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 9.

RESPONSE:

Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the

objections to Interrogatory No. 9, above. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 9 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion.

INTERROGATORY NO. 11:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion*.

INTERROGATORY NO. 12:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 11.

RESPONSE:

Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 11, above. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 11 so that it does not seek a legal*

conclusion.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 13:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion*.

INTERROGATORY NO. 14:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 13.

RESPONSE:

Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 13, above. Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 13 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion.

INTERROGATORY NO. 15:

Describe and explain YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)." Defendant objects to this interrogatory as improper because it requires Defendant to respond with a legal argument and an ultimate legal conclusion, and improperly seeks the mental impressions and legal conclusions of counsel for Defendant, which is protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or work-product doctrine. This interrogatory is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this interrogatory to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this interrogatory as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes, nor do they have a substantive due process right to "choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment." Thus, answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this interrogatory seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Interrogatory so that it does not seek a legal conclusion*.

INTERROGATORY NO. 16:

State all facts supporting YOUR response to Interrogatory No. 15.

RESPONSE:

Defendant is not providing a response to this interrogatory pursuant to the objections to Interrogatory No. 15, above. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase Interrogatory No. 15 so that it does not seek a legal conclusion.*

INTERROGATORY NO. 17:

Describe and explain the process used by ADHS and/or BVR to keep information CONCERNING a PERSON'S gender identity or transgender status private or confidential.

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "process used," "keep information," "gender identity," "transgender status," "private," and "confidential." Overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant because "gender identity" and "transgender status" are not fields on an Arizona birth certificate, nor are they terms that are defined in any applicable Arizona Statute or administrative rules governing BVR/ADHS. Defendant also objects that this interrogatory is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019, and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born prior to 2011. Defendant further objects that information responsive this interrogatory, if any, is irrelevant to the claims or defenses in this case.

Without waiving these objections, pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-322(A), when a state registrar amends an individual's registered birth certificate, the state registrar is required to seal the original birth certificate and any evidentiary documents used to support the amendment. Under A.R.S. § 36-322(B), the state registrar shall not issue a copy of a sealed certificate or other record unless required by court order and except as provided in § 36-340 (concerning adoptions).

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1	DATED this 28 th day of February 2022.			
2	STRUCK LOVE BOJANOWSKI & ACEDO, PLC			
3				
4	By Ju M			
5	Daniel P. Struck Nicholas D. Acedo			
6	Dana M. Keene 3100 West Ray Road, Suite 300 Chandles Arizona 85226			
7	Chandler, Arizona 85226			
8	MARK BRNOVICH ATTORNEY GENERAL			
9	Patricia Cracchiolo LaMagna Aubrey Joy Corcoran			
10	1275 W Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85007			
11	Attorneys for Defendant			
12	The foregoing was emailed this 28 th day			
13	of February 2022, to:			
14	Mary O'Grady (011434)			
15	Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418)			
16	OSBORN MALEDON, P.A.			
17	2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793			
18	Email: mogrady@omlaw.com			
19	Email: cproksel@omlaw.com Email: pbowman@omlaw.com			
20	Asaf Orr (admitted Pro Hac Vice)			
21	NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN RIGHTS			
22	870 Market Street, Suite 370 San Francisco, California 94102			
23	Email: aorr@nclrights.org			
24	Patrick Gunn (admitted Pro Hac Vice)			
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26	101 California Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, California 94111-5800			
27	Email:pgunn@cooley.com			
28				

1	Barrett J. Anderson (admitted Pro Hac Vice)			
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EXHIBIT 4

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13	Attorneys for Defendant				
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF ARIZONA				
16					
17	Helen Roe, a minor, by and through her parent and next friend Megan Roe, et al.,	NO. 4:20-cv-00484-JAS			
18	Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANT'S FIRST			
19	V.	SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSES TO			
20	Don Herrington, in his official capacity as Interim State Registrar of Vital Records and	PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION			
21	Interim Director of the Arizona Department of Health Services,				
22	Defendant.				
23	Defendant.				
24	Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34, Defendant Don Herrington				
25	("Defendant"), through counsel, hereby responds to Plaintiffs' First Set of Requests for				
26	Production as follows. Defendant reserves the right to supplement these responses as				
27	necessary and as discovery continues. Supplemental information is in bold italics.				
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DEFENDANT'S OBJECTIONS TO PLAINTIFFS' DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

Defendant objects to Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD." "BIRTH RECORD" is not defined within the applicable Arizona Revised Statute sections, specifically A.R.S. § 36-301, and confuses applicable and existing terminology contained in A.A.C. §§ R9-19-101 and R9-19-201. Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad because it is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims in Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint. Moreover, "BIRTH RECORD," as defined by Plaintiffs, potentially includes information that is confidential and protected from disclosure and/or sealed pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-322 (requiring the state registrar to seal a birth certificate and any evidentiary documents when a registered birth certificate is amended, and that any sealed record shall be accessible only via a state-issued court order (see definition of "court order" in A.R.S. § 36-301(7)); A.R.S. § 36-324(A) (prohibiting the issuance of any medical information related to birth registration); and A.R.S. § 36-342 (prohibiting the inspection or disclosure of a vital record, evidentiary documentation supporting a vital record, or information contained in a vital record). In addition, it is unclear what Plaintiffs mean by "or related information in an electronic database." To the extent this definition includes Electronically Stored Information ("ESI"), the parties have not *reached an* agreement on an ESI search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Defendant also objects to Plaintiffs' definitions of "BIRTH RECORD" and "CHANGE" to the extent they encompass "correction(s)" made to a registered birth certificate. A birth certificate registered in the State of Arizona can only be amended and/or corrected pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-323. The Arizona Legislature has defined "correction" as "a change made to a registered birth certificate because of a typographical error, including misspelling and missing or transposed letters or numbers." A.R.S. § 36-301(6). It has defined "amend" as "a change, other than a correction, to a registered

certificate by adding, deleting or substituting information on that certificate." A.R.S. § 36-301(2). Plaintiffs have not asserted any claims or allegations regarding corrections to registered birth certificates. Accordingly, Defendant objects to these definitions to the extent they include information regarding corrections as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(6) as vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant will interpret "CHANGE" to mean "amend" as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(2).

Finally, Defendant objects to the time period contained in Instruction No. 1 of Plaintiffs' Instructions section. Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011 and could not have had an Arizona birth certificate before then. Information from January 1, 2004 to the present—a time period of almost 18 years—is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit, and is overbroad, irrelevant, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case. ADHS also has a document retention policy in place that allows for the destruction of certain documents after a period of three years. Some or all the documents requested by Plaintiffs dating back to 2004 may have been destroyed pursuant to this document retention policy.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 1:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS RELATING TO any BIRTH RECORD for any of the Plaintiffs in this ACTION.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to the extent this Request seeks information that is confidential and protected from disclosure and/or sealed pursuant

to A.R.S. § 36-322 (requiring the state registrar to seal a birth certificate and any evidentiary documents when a registered birth certificate is amended, and that any sealed record shall be accessible only via a state-issued court order (see definition of "court order" in A.R.S. § 36-301(7)); A.R.S. § 36-324(A) (prohibiting the issuance of any medical information related to birth registration); and A.R.S. § 36-342 (prohibiting the inspection or disclosure of a vital record, evidentiary documentation supporting a vital record, or information contained in a vital record). Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to time and scope, as it seeks information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is producing the certificates of live birth, and requests for copies of the certificates of live birth for each of the named Plaintiffs as CONFIDENTIAL pursuant to the parties' Protective Order. [ADHS000096 – ADHS000102]. Information that was provided to create the certificates of live birth for each named Plaintiff was entered into the electronic vital records system. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

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REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 2:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH" RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant because it seeks all documents and communications concerning any ADHS and/or BVR policy concerning a "CHANGE" or request to "CHANGE" the sex listed on a birth record from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" or request to "CHANGE" as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant will interpret "CHANGE" to mean "amend" as defined by A.R.S. § 36-301(2).

Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege,

1 and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks 2 production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and 3 where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search 4 protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, 5 data sources, and custodians. 6 Without waiving these objections, Defendant is producing the following: 7 • Bureau of Vital Records Desk Procedure for Corrections and Amendments. 8 [ADHS000287 – ADHS000293] 9 • Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 18, 10 2016. [ADHS000103 – ADHS000121] 11 Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated January 23, 12 2017. [ADHS000122 – ADHS000140] 13 • Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated October 1, 14 2018. [ADHS000141 – ADHS000159] 15 • Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated March 28, 16 2019. [ADHS000160 – ADHS000178] 17 See also Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated August 7, 2020, at 18 ADHS000007 – ADHS000023 produced with Defendant's Initial Disclosure Statement, 19 and A.A.C. § R9-19-208. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will 20

do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 3:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR implementation or enforcement of subsections (A)(3) or (A)(4) of Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "implementation" and "enforcement." Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of the case as the terms "implementation" and "enforcement" are not defined or reasonably limited in scope and because Plaintiffs seek information from January 1, 2004 to the present when Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant further objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, see all documents produced in response to Request No. 2, above, as well as Amendments to Birth Records, BVR Policy No. 014, Dated August 7, 2020, at ADHS000007 – ADHS000023 produced with Defendant's Initial Disclosure Statement, A.A.C. § R9-19-208, and *In re Marriage of McLaughlin and Swanson*, 250 Ariz. 156 (App. 2020). Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 4:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS considered or relied upon by YOU when considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating subsections (O) or (P) of Arizona Administrative Code section R9-19-208, or when considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating any CHANGES to those subsections.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "considered" and "relied upon." Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case

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given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant also objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Defendant further objects that this Request is vague, ambiguous, overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of this case because "all" documents and communications concerning "considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating subsections (O) or (P) of Arizona Administrative Code section R9-19-208, or when considering, developing, drafting, adopting, or otherwise creating any CHANGES to those subsections" is not reasonably limited in scope.

Without waiving these objections, *see* A.R.S. § 36-301, A.R.S. § 36-337, and A.A.C. § R9-19-208, as well as prior versions of A.A.C. Title 9, Chapter 19, which are on file with the Arizona Secretary of State. *See also* National Association for Public Health Statistics and Information Systems ("NAPHSIS") Model State Vital Statistics Regulations, 1992 Revision produced as ADHS000180 – ADHS000219 and 2011 Revision produced as ADHS000220 – ADHS000286. Defendant will supplement this response with any non-privileged rulemaking documents that might exist. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 5:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the term "sex

change operation" as used in subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statutes section 36-337.

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Objection: Overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 to the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this Request is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant further objects that this Request is overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of this case because "all" documents and communications "concerning" the term "sex change operation" is not reasonably limited in scope. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, when interpreting and implementing statutes to draft administrative rules, ADHS follows general rules of statutory construction, including but not limited to those that are stated in A.R.S. Title 1, Chapter 2, Article 2. The term "sex change operation" is not defined in any applicable statute, regulation, or administrative rule, and Defendant is not in possession of any document that defines this term. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 6:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any POLICY of

ADHS and/or BVR CONCERNING how those entities define, interpret, implement, apply, or otherwise consider any words, phrases, or terms that are not defined by statute or other applicable law.

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "define," "interpret," "implement," "apply," and "otherwise consider." Overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period between January 1, 2004 to the present because Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations pertaining to conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011, and therefore this Request is not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Defendant further objects that this Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of this case because "all" documents and communications concerning how ADHS/BVR "define[s], interpret[s], implement[s], appl[ies], or otherwise consider[s] any words, phrases, or terms that are not defined by statute or other applicable law," is not reasonably limited in scope, nor is it clear what other "words, phrases, or terms" Plaintiffs are referring to.

Without waiving these objections, when interpreting and implementing statutes to draft administrative rules, ADHS follows general rules of statutory construction, including but not limited to those that are stated in A.R.S. Title 1, Chapter 2, Article 2. Defendant is not in possession of any documents responsive to this Request. Defendant has not

conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 7:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS sent by, to, or within ADHS and/or BVR CONCERNING Arizona House Bill 2081, 54th Legislature, Second Regular Session (2020).

RESPONSE:

Objection: Defendant objects that this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of this case because "all" documents and communications sent by, to, or within ADHS and/or BVR concerning Arizona House Bill 2081 is not reasonably limited in scope. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy.

Defendant further objects to this Request, as any and all documents and/or communications (to the extent they exist) sent by, to, or within ADHS and/or BVR concerning Arizona House Bill 2081 have no relevance whatsoever to the claims asserted in Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint, particularly because Arizona House Bill 2081 was never passed into law. The proposed additions to A.R.S. §§ 36-333 and 36-335 contained in Arizona House Bill 2081 involved a requirement that information submitted for an individual's birth certificate include information indicating the individuals' sex as either male or female. This proposed requirement—which did not pass and is not law—has nothing to do with amending the sex/gender field on a

registered birth certificate under A.R.S. § 36-337(A). Based on these objections, Defendant is not producing documents responsive to this request, if any exist.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 8:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS, including but not limited to the "Arizona Department of Health Services' Objection to Order to Amend Applicant's Registered Birth Certificate" filed on February 15, 2017 in the Superior Court for Pima County, Arizona.

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Objection: Defendant objects to this entire Request as vague, confusing, ambiguous, and irrelevant. It is unclear what information Plaintiffs are seeking when they refer to "any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS," and information responsive to this Request, if any, in no way relates to Plaintiffs' claims regarding A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3). Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant also objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not *reached* an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant does not possess documents responsive to this request. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 9:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the purported reversal of any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS as referenced in Request No. 8 above.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Defendant objects to this entire Request as vague, confusing, ambiguous, and irrelevant. It is unclear what information Plaintiffs are seeking when they refer to "the purported reversal of any opposition by ADHS to requests by transgender individuals to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS," and information responsive to this Request, if any, in no way relates to Plaintiffs' claims regarding A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(3). Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it

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seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant also objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not *reached* an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, see the redacted Administrative Law Judge Decision dated June 26, 2017 [ADHS000294 – ADHS000299] and ADHS's Final Decision dated July 24, 2017 [ADHS000300 – ADHS000303]. Both documents are confidential and are produced pursuant to the parties' Protective Order. Communications responsive to this request, if any, are protected by the attorney-client privilege and/or deliberative process privilege and are not being produced.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 10:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the responsibilities and authorities of the BVR Registry Team, its role in granting or denying

applications to CHANGE the sex listed on individuals' BIRTH RECORDS, its origins and history, its organizational structure, and the identity and title of its members past and present.

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"responsibilities." Objection: Compound. Vague and ambiguous as to "authorities," "role," "origins," and "history." Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant also objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case because the "BVR Registry Team" includes all management, supervisors, and customer service representatives who play any part in any aspect of the registration of birth for BVR. As such, this Request would require the Defendant to find and provide the names, titles, and roles of several hundred current and former employees who were part of the "BVR Registry Team."

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is producing the following documents:

- BVR Organizational Chart [ADHS000179]
- Position Descriptions [ADHS000304 ADHS000384]

See also Defendant's response to Plaintiffs' Interrogatory No. 5 and A.A.C. § R9-19-208. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 11:

All COMMUNICATIONS sent by or to YOU, Thomas Salow, Krystal Colburn, Nicole Heath, Toni Miller, Alex Quintana, Heidi Lengdorfer, Kelly Baker, Luana Pallanes, Robin Rodriguez, Richard McKenney, Marcellina Lopez, Julia Mora, Bianco Soto, John Jimenez, Hannah Garcia, Luis Valdez-Ramos, or Holly Baker CONCERNING the interpretation, application, and enforceability of any statute, law, or POLICY CONCERNING a CHANGE or request to CHANGE the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "interpretation," "application," and "enforceability." Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not

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proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant also objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians. Defendant further objects that this Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, overbroad, unduly burdensome, irrelevant, and not proportional to the needs of this case because "all" documents and communications concerning the "interpretation, application, and enforceability of any statute, law, or POLICY" is not reasonably limited in scope, nor is it clear what "statute, law, or POLICY" Plaintiffs are referring to.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of documents responsive to this Request. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 12:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any POLICY of ADHS or BVR to accept federal court orders as the basis to CHANGE any part of a BIRTH RECORD, including but not limited to Section B.4 of the ADHS document dated May 18, 2020 with the title "Court Orders and Subpoenas."

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "accept," "federal court orders," and "basis. Defendant further objects that "Section B.4 of the ADHS document dated May 18, 2020 with the title 'Court Orders and Subpoenas'" is too vague to know what document Plaintiffs are referring to. Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant also objects to this Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not *reached* an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of documents responsive to this Request. ADHS/BVR do not have policies regarding the acceptance of federal court orders to amend an individual's birth certificate under A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4). Pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-301(7), a "Court Order" is defined as "any written decision issued by: (a) The superior court, an appellate court or the supreme court or an equivalent court in another state [;] (b) A commissioner or judicial hearing officer of the superior court [;] (c) A judge of a trial court in this state." In addition, ADHS's policy titled "Court Orders" applies only to the name change of a foreign-born parent of an Arizona-born registrant. It does not apply to amending the sex/gender on an Arizona birth certificate. Furthermore, federal court orders regarding parental name changes are governed under federal immigration law, not state law.

The Department's acceptance of a federal court order to amend the sex/gender field on former minor Plaintiff Jane Doe's birth certificate was made pursuant to a settlement agreement entered into by the parties in this matter (Dkt. 39) and does not reflect official ADHS policy regarding the acceptance of federal court orders.

Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 13:

DOCUMENTS sufficient to show the number of annual requests for a CHANGE to the sex listed on a BIRTH RECORD, the basis of such requests, the number of approvals of such requests, the number of denials of such requests, and the reasons for such denials.

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Objection: Vague and ambiguous as "sufficient to show," and "basis of such requests." Vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE" to the sex listed on "BIRTH RECORDS," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of the case in that it includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant further objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant also objects to this Request as it seeks the production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of any documents responsive to this Request because ADHS does not maintain records and data in a way

that captures the total number of requests to amend and their approval/denial. Providing a response would require ADHS to search for and produce records for every registered birth in the State of Arizona, which is unduly burdensome and would require disclosure of records that are confidential and have no relevance to the claims asserted in Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol. Defendant will meet and confer with Plaintiffs to determine an appropriate alternative.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 14:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)" as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that

is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Moreover, a response to this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' equal protection rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this Request seeks documentation and/or information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this Request is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion*.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 15:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Privacy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)" as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks any and all information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this Request seeks documentation and/or information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this Request is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion*.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 16:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to Individual Liberty and Autonomy of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under

subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

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Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)" as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to "BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks information concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, the deliberative process privilege, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes and answering this Request requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this Request seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes, as a "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion*.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 17:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING YOUR purported governmental interest(s) or other justification(s) under the Substantive Due Process Right to choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution for denying transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" the ability to CHANGE the sex listed on their BIRTH RECORDS under subsection (A)(3) of Arizona Revised Statute section 36-337.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, and overbroad as to "purported governmental interest(s)" and "other justification(s)" as these terms are not reasonably limited in scope or meaning. This Request is vague, ambiguous, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad as to

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"BIRTH RECORD," as Plaintiffs' definition of "BIRTH RECORD" is virtually unlimited in time and scope and encompasses documentation and/or information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit and is therefore unduly burdensome and not proportional to the needs of this case. Defendant also objects to this Request to the extent it seeks any and all policies concerning a "CHANGE," as Plaintiffs' definition of "CHANGE" is vague, confusing, irrelevant, and overbroad, and includes information related to "corrections" to registered birth certificates defined in A.R.S. § 36-301(6), which are not "amendments" governed by A.R.S. § 36-337 and are therefore not at issue in this case. Defendant also objects to this Request as overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the timeframe from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019 and none for the named minor Plaintiffs were born before 2011. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Moreover, Plaintiffs do not have a recognized substantive due process right under the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to amend their birth certificates free of administrative or judicial processes, nor do they have a substantive due process right to "choose whether to undergo a particular medical treatment." Thus, answering this interrogatory requires an assumption that Plaintiffs' substantive due process rights have been violated when they have not. In addition, Defendant denies that transgender individuals who have not undergone a "sex change operation" are prevented, excluded, or otherwise barred from amending the sex marker listed on their registered

birth certificates. All transgender individuals in the State of Arizona have the opportunity to amend the sex listed on their registered birth certificates by seeking a court order pursuant to A.R.S. § 36-337(A)(4).

Finally, this Request seeks information regarding legislative intent, and the creation, construction, and adoption of relevant Arizona statutes. A "governmental interest" and/or "other justification" could only have been considered by the Arizona Legislature prior to the adoption of or any revision to A.R.S. § 36-337. The creation, construction, and adoption of Arizona statutes is not a function of ADHS, and neither ADHS, nor Defendant, were involved in or have ever been involved in this process. Accordingly, this interrogatory is more appropriately suited for the Arizona Legislature and cannot be answered by Defendant. No response is being provided. *Defendant will consider supplementing this response should Plaintiffs rephrase this Request so that it does not seek information regarding a legal conclusion*.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 18:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING any ADHS and/or BVR POLICY CONCERNING privacy or confidentiality protections for information CONCERNING a PERSON'S gender identity or transgender status.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague and ambiguous as to "privacy," "confidentiality," "gender identity," and "transgender status." Overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant because "gender identity" and "transgender status" are not fields on an Arizona birth certificate, nor are they terms that are defined in any applicable Arizona Statute or administrative rule governing BVR/ADHS. Defendant also objects that this Request is overbroad, unduly burdensome, and irrelevant as to the time period from January 1, 2004 to the present, which encompasses information that is not relevant to the claims or defenses in this lawsuit or proportional to the needs of this case given that Plaintiffs' Amended Complaint is devoid of allegations regarding conduct and/or events that occurred before approximately 2019, and none of the named minor Plaintiffs were born

prior to 2011. Defendant objects to the extent any documents responsive to this Request were destroyed pursuant to ADHS's three-year document retention policy. Defendant further objects that information responsive this interrogatory, if any, is irrelevant to the claims or defenses in this case. Defendant objects to the extent this Request seeks information protected by the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, and/or any other applicable privilege. Defendant further objects to the Request as it seeks production of ESI which can only be discovered through an email or system search and where the parties have not conferred or attempted to reach an agreement on a search protocol, including appropriate search terms and queries, file type and date restrictions, data sources, and custodians.

Without waiving these objections, *Defendant is required to comply with A.R.S. §* 36-322 regarding sealing an individuals' original registered birth certificate after an amendment. See Defendant's response to Interrogatory No. 17. Defendant is not in possession of any documents responsive to this Request but will supplement this response with any documents that might exist. Defendant has not conducted a search of available ESI but will do so once the parties have agreed to a search protocol.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 19:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS reviewed, considered or relied upon by any expert witness retained by Defendant who provided or will provide an opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

RESPONSE:

There are no documents responsive to this request because Defendant has not retained an expert witness. Defendant will supplement this response subject to any and all applicable objections if an expert witness is retained.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 20:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING compensation for any expert witness retained by Defendant who provided or will provide an opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

RESPONSE:

There are no documents responsive to this request because Defendant has not retained an expert witness. Defendant will supplement this response subject to any and all applicable objections if an expert witness is retained.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 21:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING facts and assumptions that Defendants' attorneys provided to any expert witness retained now or in the future by Defendant and which that expert relied on in forming the expert's opinions.

RESPONSE:

Defendant objects to this Request as it improperly assumes that counsel for Defendant will provide any retained expert witness with "facts and assumptions" about this case. This Request also seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client privilege and work-product doctrine. There are no documents responsive to this request.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 22:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS used to prepare or educate a witness providing a declaration, testimony, or opinion on Defendant's behalf in connection with this ACTION.

RESPONSE:

There are no documents responsive to this Request because Defendant has not "prepared" or "educated" any witness in connection with this action. This Request also seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client privilege and work-product doctrine. Defendant reserves the right to supplement this response subject to any and all applicable objections.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 23:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS that Defendant referenced, relied upon, or identified in Defendant's Fed. R. Civ. P. Rule 26(a) initial disclosures.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not

proportional to the needs of this case, as "all DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS" Defendant "referenced, relied upon, or identified" in Defendant's Initial Disclosure Statement is not reasonably limited in time or scope. This Request also seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work-product doctrine.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of any documents responsive to this Request aside from what has already been produced by all parties.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 24:

All DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING that Defendant relied upon, referenced in, or identified in answering Plaintiffs' interrogatories.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case, as "all DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS" Defendant "relied upon, referenced in, or identified in answering Plaintiffs' interrogatories" is not reasonably limited in time or scope. This Request also seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client privilege and the work-product doctrine.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of any documents responsive to this Request aside from what has already been produced by all parties.

REQUEST FOR PRODUCTION NO. 25:

All non-privileged DOCUMENTS and COMMUNICATIONS CONCERNING the ACTION.

RESPONSE:

Objection: Vague, ambiguous, overbroad, unduly burdensome, and not proportional to the needs of this case, as "all" non-privileged documents and communications concerning this action is not reasonably limited in time or scope. This Request also seeks information that is protected by the attorney-client privilege and work-product doctrine.

Without waiving these objections, Defendant is not in possession of any documents

responsive to this Request aside from what has already been produced by all parties. DATED this 28th day of February 2022. STRUCK LOVE BOJANOWSKI & ACEDO, PLC Dana Kure By Daniel P. Struck Nicholas D. Acedo Dana M. Keene 3100 West Ray Road, Suite 300 Chandler, Arizona 85226 MARK BRNOVICH ATTORNEY GENERAL Patricia Cracchiolo LaMagna Aubrey Joy Corcoran 1275 W Washington St. Phoenix, AZ 85007 Attorneys for Defendant

Case 4:20-cv-00484-JAS Document 120-2 Filed 05/24/22 Page 97 of 103

1	The foregoing was emailed this 28 th day
2	of February 2022 to:
3	Mary O'Grady (011434)
4	Colin Proksel (034133) Payslie Bowman (035418)
5	OSBORN MALEDON, P.A.
6	2929 North Central Avenue, 21st Floor Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793
7	Email: mogrady@omlaw.com Email: cproksel@omlaw.com
8	Email: pbowman@omlaw.com
9	Asaf Orr (admitted Pro Hac Vice)
10	NATIONAL CENTER FOR LESBIAN RIGHTS
11	870 Market Street, Suite 370 San Francisco, California 94102
12	Email: aorr@nclrights.org
13	Patrick Gunn (admitted Pro Hac Vice)
14	COOLEY LLP 101 California Street, 5th Floor
15	San Francisco, California 94111-5800
16	Email:pgunn@cooley.com
17	Barrett J. Anderson (admitted Pro Hac Vice) COOLEY LLP
18	4401 Eastgate Mall
19	San Diego, California 92121-1909 Email: banderson@cooley.com
20	Attorneys for Plaintiffs and Proposed Class
21	Allorneys for Flaimigjs and Froposed Class
22	(JUDSON
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EXHIBIT 5

From: <u>Toni Miller</u> on behalf of <u>Toni Miller <toni.miller@azdhs.gov></u>

To: <u>Luana Pallanes</u>

Cc: Robin Rodriguez; Richard McKenney; Marcellina Lopez; Julia Mora; Bianca Soto; John Jimenez; Holly Baker

Bcc: krystal.colburn@azdhs.gov

Subject: Response to Court Order Policy Questions

Date: Wednesday, September 5, 2018 3:30:04 PM

Hi Luana,

Thank you for the opportunity to respond to your inquiries. The purpose of this e-mail is to follow up on our discussion by phone today and capture the responses provided in writing.

1. Page 3, 1c-Reviewing Court Orders. Question: What if the CO reads change **from** Nancy Wright **to** Nancy Jo Smith but in EBRS, the record reads Nancy Jo Wright. Can we make the change? At one point we were told if the name listed "**from**" does not need to be exact but if name listed "**to**" we need to change it according to what it reads exactly. Does this apply still?

BVR Response: This requires use of critical thinking skills here. As long as the first and last name match, the date of birth match and if there is other information provided in the court order, affidavit, etc. that match the birth record then the order can be used to amend the birth record. The birth record should be amended as directed in the court order.

2. Page 10, 7-just to be clear, if it states on a divorce decree that the husband is the father and in EBRS his name is not listed, we can add his name on the birth certificate? Affidavit to Correct plus a certified divorce decree.

BVR Response: Yes.

3. Page 11, 10 Termination of Parental Rights-does it have to say exactly "states BVR shall remove the father/mother from the birth record" or can it also read "terminate parental rights and remove father/mother from the birth record"?

BVR Response: Yes, either is acceptable.

4. Should you add Court Order Sex change on this list to refer to BVR? Most orders that we see are changing the name and the sex, do we refer is scenario to BVR?

BVR Response: No, the sex changes would not be added to the court order policy. A court order is not required to amend the sex of the registrant according Arizona Administrative Code R9-19-208(O). Yes, changes to the registrant's gender involving a sex change operation or change in chromosomal count should be referred to the Bureau of Vital Records until further notice.

Note: If there was a <u>data entry error</u> involving the registrant's gender, a correction letter from the hospital along with the worksheet or medical record from the hospital (if applicable) can be used to correct the gender. If the hospital record cannot be obtained or it was not a hospital birth, the affidavit along with a letter from their family physician (on the

physician's letterhead) stating the person was born a male/female is acceptable to amend the gender in this case. If you have any questions regarding these scenarios, please contact the BVR Registry team.

Please let me know if I can assist your further.

Have a great afternoon!

--

Toni Miller

Policy Manager & Community Partner Liaison

Arizona Department of Health Services

Bureau of Vital Records

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Health and Wellness for all Arizonans

EXHIBIT 6

Exhibit A

Proposed Custodians:

- 1. Don Herrington
- 2. Krystal Colburn
- 3. Cara Christ
- 4. Colby Bower
- 5. Thomas Salow
- 6. Nicole Heath
- 7. Bianca Soto
- 8. Toni Miller
- 9. Robert Lane
- 10. Katina Lugo
- 11. Ruthann Smejkal
- 12. Robin Rodriguez
- 13. Marcellina Lopez
- 14. Luis Valdez-Ramos
- 15. Julia Mora
- 16. Will Humble
- 17. Cory Nelson
- 18. Patricia Adams
- 19. Valerie Grina
- 20. Khaleel Hussaini
- 21. Jeffrey Bloomberg
- 22. Kathleen Phillips
- 23. Donald Schmid

Proposed Search Terms:

- "36-337(A)(3)" or "(A)(3)"
- "36-337(A)(4)" or "(A)(4)"
- "R9-19-208(O)"
- "R9-19-208(P)"
- "sex change"
- "chromosomal count"
- "transgender"
- "transsexual"
- "intersex" or "DSD"
- "gender dysphoria"
- "gender identity" or "GID"
- "sex" or "gender marker"
- "surgical" or "surgery" or "operation"
- "gender reassignment" or "sex reassignment" or "sexual reassignment" or "SRS"
- "gender conforming" or "gender confirming" or "gender confirmation" or "GCS"
- "gender affirming" or "gender affirmation"

Proposed Time Period:

All emails sent or received and all documents created on or after January 1, 2017.