No. 21-10486

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT

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DARCY CORBITT, et al., *Plaintiffs-Appellees*,

v.

HON. HAL TAYLOR, in his official capacity as Secretary of the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency, *et al.*, *Defendants-Appellants*.

> On Appeal from the United States District Court for the Middle District of Alabama Case No. 2:18-cv-00091-MHT-SMD

♦_____

APPENDIX VOLUME II

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June 2, 2021

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Exhibit 5

Deposition of Deena Pregno

In The Matter Of:

Darcy Corbitt, Destiny Clark, and Jane Doe v. Hal Taylor, etc., et al.

> Deena Pregno November 14, 2018

Baker Realtime Worldwide Court Reporting & Video 250 Commerce Street Third Floor, Suite One Montgomery, Alabama 36104 www.BakerRealtime.com

> Original File 11-14-18 Deena Pregno.txt Min-U-Script® with Word Index

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3	NORTHERN DIVISION	3 ALSO PRESENT:
4		4 Meredith Barnes
5	CIVIL ACTION NO.: 2:18-CV-00091-MHT-GMB	5
6		6 COURT REPORTER:
7	DARCY CORBITT, DESTINY CLARK, and JANE DOE,	7 BAKER REALTIME WORLDWIDE REPORTING & VIDEO
8	Plaintiffs,	8 Elaine Scott
9	v.	9 250 Commerce Street
10	HAL TAYLOR, in his official capacity as	10 Third Floor, Suite One
11	Secretary of the Alabama Law Enforcement	11 Montgomery, Alabama 36104
12	Agency, et al.	12
13	Defendants.	13
14		14
15	DEPOSITION OF DEENA PREGNO	15
16	November 14, 2018	16
17		17
18	Taken before Elaine Scott, CCR,	18
19	Commissioner for the State of Alabama at	19
20	Large, in the Law Offices of the Alabama	20
21	Attorney General, 501 Washington Avenue,	21
22	Montgomery, Alabama, on Thursday, November 14,	22
23	2018, commencing at approximately 9:00 a.m.	23
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1	STIPULATIONS	1	please state your full name and title for the	
2	It is hereby stipulated and agreed by	2	record?	
3	and between counsel representing the parties	3	A. Deena Lee Pregno, ALEA chief,	
4	that the deposition of DEENA PREGNO is taken	4	driver's license division.	
5	pursuant to stipulation and agreement; that	5	Q. Could you just spell out ALEA for	
6	all formalities with respect to procedural	6	the first time?	
7	requirements are waived; that said deposition	7	A. A-L-E-A, Alabama Law Enforcement	
8	may be taken before Elaine Scott, Certified	8	Agency.	
9	Court Reporter and Commissioner for the State	9	Q. Thank you. Have you been deposed	
10	of Alabama at Large, without the formality of	10	before?	
11	a commission; that objections to questions	11	A. Yes.	
12	other than objections as to the form of the	12	Q. Around how many times have you been	
13	questions need not be made at this time but	13	deposed?	
14	may be reserved for a ruling at such time as	14	A. Five maybe.	
15	the deposition may be offered in evidence or	15	Q. And could you tell me just a little	
16	used for any other purpose as provided for by	16	bit about what those cases were about?	
17	the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure.	17	A. Criminal cases, DUIs, and then the	
18	It is further stipulated and agreed	18	motor voter case. Those were the that was	
19	by and between counsel representing the	19	the big one, motor voter.	
20	parties that the filing of the deposition may	20	Q. No cases about transgender	
21	be introduced at the trial of this case or	21	issues	
22	used in any manner by either party hereto	22	A. No.	
23	provided for by the Statute.	23	Q right?	

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1	It is further stipulated and agreed	1	A. No.	
2	by and between the parties hereto and the	2	Q. Okay. So you probably already know	
3	witness that the signature of the witness to	3	some of how this goes, but I'm going to give	
4	this deposition is hereby waived.	4	you a few instructions at the beginning just	
5		5	so we're clear. So, first of all, just to	
6	DEENA PREGNO,	6	make sure that everything is clear on the	
7	The witness, having first been duly	7	transcript, please answer everything verbally	
8	sworn or affirmed to speak the truth, the	8	rather than nodding or shaking your head or	
9	whole truth and nothing but the truth,	9	saying uh-huh or huh-uh. Is that okay?	
10	testified as follows:	10	A. Okay.	
11		11	Q. And please let me know if you don't	
12	THE COURT REPORTER: Usual	12	understand anything about my questions.	
13	stipulations?	13	A. Okay.	
14	(Affirmed by counsel.)	14	Q. You can always ask for a break. I	
15		15	just ask that if I have asked you a question	
16	EXAMINATION	16	you answer the question first before we take a	
17	BY MR. ARKLES:	17	break.	
18	Q. Good morning.	18	A. Okay.	
19	A. Good morning.	19	Q. And please wait until I finish	
20	Q. I'm Gabriel Arkles. I'm one of the	20	asking a question before you answer, even if	
21	attorneys for the plaintiffs in the lawsuit	21	you think you know what I'm about to say, just	
22	Corbitt v. Taylor, which is a lawsuit in which	22	again so it's clear for the record.	
23	you are one of the defendants. Could you	23	A. Okay.	

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1	Q. And feel free to let me know at any	1	Q. Okay. And was there anything else	
2	time if you need to supplement or clarify an	2	that you talked about with them?	
3	earlier answer.	3	A. No.	
4	A. Okay.	4	Q. Did you review any documents or	
5	Q. Is there any reason why you would	5	records in preparation for today?	
	not be able to answer questions fully and			
6	accurately today?	6	A. The policy and statute and emails that were provided by counsel.	
	A. No.	7		
8	Q. Is it your understanding that	8	Q. Do you know if those emails were emails that were produced in response to the	
9		9		
10	you're testifying on behalf of the Alabama Law	10	request for production?	
11	Enforcement Agency today? A. Yes.	11	A. Yes, they were.	
12	Q. Are you prepared to testify	12	Q. Okay. Were there any documents that you reviewed that have not already been	
13	regarding ALEA's interest in policy order 63?	13	produced to us, to your knowledge?	
14	A. Yes.	14	A. No.	
16	Q. Are you prepared to testify	16	Q. Okay. And when you say you reviewed the statute, could you tell me which	
17	regarding the process of creating policy order 63 today?	17	statute you mean?	
18 19	A. Yes.	19	A. Alabama statute which talks about	
20	Q. Are you prepared to testify	20	what we require, excuse me, on a driver's	
20	regarding the government interest in policy	20	license.	
22	order 63?	22	Q. Okay. And so the Alabama statute	
23	A. Yes.	23	about the information that is required to be	
25	A. 105.	25	about the information that is required to be	
	Page 10			Page 12
1	Q. Are you prepared to testify	1	shown on a driver's license?	
2	regarding the responses to interrogatories	2	A. Correct.	
3	produced by defendants in this case?	3	Q. Okay. And so one last	
4	A. Yes.	4	instruction. Unless I say otherwise, when I	
5	Q. And are you prepared to testify	5	ask you a question I'm asking for your	
6	about responses to requests for production	6	testimony on behalf of ALEA. So I'll tell you	
7	made in this case?	7	if I want your testimony as yourself	
8	A. Yes.	8	personally, but if you're ever not sure, then	
9	Q. What did you do to prepare for the	9	please just let me know.	
10	deposition today?	10	A. Okay.	
11	A. I met with counsel. I met with	11	Q. So now I'm going to ask you a few	
12	Jeannie Eastman and talked with a group	12	questions about your background and these are	
13	some individuals in our information technology	13	questions about you personally.	
14	group to produce the documents requested. And	14	A. Okay.	
15	I've talked with some other some of my	15	Q. Could you tell me about your	
16	coworkers, other law enforcement officers.	16	educational background after high school?	
17	Q. And what did you talk to your	17	A. I have a bachelor's degree in	
18	colleagues about?	18	business administration and a minor in	
19	A. Just to ask them how they felt	19	computer information technology.	
20	about interactions with subjects on the	20	Q. And where did you receive that?	

- **21** roadway and how important they felt like the
- 22 sex designation should or should not be on the
- 23 license.

21

23 Thank you.

A. Troy University. I'm sorry. I'm

22 fighting a cold. Pass me a bottle of water.

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1	Q. No worries. And is that the	1	A. I couldn't say.	
2	highest degree you've received?	2	Q. Fair enough.	
3	A. Yes. I started graduate, but I	3	A. Sorry.	
4	didn't finish.	4	Q. And did your responsibilities	
5	Q. What were your graduate studies in?	5	change over the course of those ten years?	
6	A. MBA.	6	A. Yes. I had more responsibility.	
7	Q. And do you have any certifications?	7	Q. What were the additional	
8	A. What kind of certifications would	8	responsibilities?	
9	you be	9	A. I was in charge of payroll,	
10	Q. Any sort of professional	10	processing of assistants' pay, ordering of	
11	certifications.	11	supplies, and other things needed by the lab.	
12	A. I used to hold a manicurist	12	Q. And could you tell me what the	
13	license, but it has expired since.	13	Department of Forensic Sciences does?	
14	Q. Thank you. And what was your first	14	A. They process evidence in criminal	
15	job after high school?	15	cases.	
16	A. After high school, I was a waitress	16	Q. Thank you. And after those ten	
17	at Country's Barbecue. I was a day care	17	years what was your next position?	
18	worker. I painted buildings. And then I	18	A. State trooper training.	
19	started my state career at the Department of	19	Q. So that would have been in 1997	
20	Forensic Sciences in 1987, I believe.	20	that you started state trooper training?	
21	Q. Okay. So you began your state	21	A. It was November of 1996. I just	
22	career in 1987 in the Department of Forensic	22	had my twenty-two year anniversary.	
23	Sciences. Did I hear that right?	23	Q. All right. And how long were you	

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1	A. That's correct.	1	in state trooper training?
2	Q. And what was your position at that	2	A. Approximately four months.
3	time?	3	Q. What was your position after that?
4	A. I was administrative personnel. I	4	A. State trooper.
5	would receive and log physical evidence for	5	Q. And what were your responsibilities
6	criminal cases.	6	as a state trooper?
7	Q. And how long were you in that	7	A. Highway patrol, traffic control,
8	position?	8	crashes, investigating incident or offenses
9	A. Ten years.	9	and filing reports for those.
10	Q. Did you receive promotions during	10	Q. And where were you located at that
11	those ten years?	11	time?
12	A. I did receive a reclassification	12	A. My first assignment was Chilton
13	from an administrative assistant to like an	13	County.
14	office manager type position.	14	Q. How long did that assignment last?
15	Q. Do you remember around when that	15	A. Two years, I believe.
16	was?	16	Q. And where were you assigned after
17	A. I do not.	17	Chilton County?
18	Q. Do you think it was maybe do you	18	A. Montgomery County.
19	think it was more than five years into your	19	Q. And how long did you serve as a
20	time there?	20	state trooper in Montgomery County?
21	A. Yes.	21	A. I believe it was an additional
22	Q. More than eight years into your	22	year.
23	time there roughly?	23	Q. And did your responsibilities
			· –

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1	change significantly over those three years?	1	Q. What was your next position after	
2	A. No.	2	that?	
3	Q. And what was your next position	3	A. Sergeant, protective services	
4	after	4	division.	
5	A. Corporal. State trooper corporal.	5	Q. And would that have been around	
6	Q. Okay. Just a reminder to let me	6	2005?	
7	finish.	7	A. I believe so. I'm sorry. It's	
8	A. I'm sorry.	8	hard for me to keep up with it.	
9	Q. So you were a state trooper	9	Q. It's all right for you to give an	
10	corporal, and was that still in Montgomery	10	estimate. So you think around 2005 you became	
11	County?	11	a sergeant in the protective services	
12	A. Yes.	12	division?	
13	Q. And that would have been in 1999?	13	A. Yes.	
14	A. No. I graduated the academy in	14	Q. And how did your responsibilities	
15	1990 I started in '96 and graduated in '97.	15	change, if at all?	
16	Q. So then you would have become state	16	A. I was the unit commander over the	
17	trooper corporal in the year 2000?	17	protective services.	
18	A. That sounds about right.	18	Q. And what was your next assignment	
19	Q. And what were your responsibilities	19	or rank after that?	
20	at that time?	20	A. It would have been lieutenant as a	
21	A. First line supervisor of the	21	special projects coordinator.	
22	highway patrol, troopers.	22	Q. What does special projects	
23	Q. And so during that time were you	23	coordinator mean?	
	Page 18			Page 20
1	still carrying out the responsibilities that	1	A. I was charged with building our new	
2	you did as a state trooper in addition to your	2	academy in Selma, the training facility. We	
3	supervisory role?	3	built a new training facility.	
4	A. Not full-time but, yes, we still	4	Q. And were you in charge of	
5	worked traffic and crashes.	5	overseeing the I'll retract that. What	
6	Q. Okay. Great. And how long were	6	aspects of building a new facility did you	
7	you a state trooper corporal?	7	have responsibility for?	
8	A. Two to three years.	8	A. Working with the contractors,	
9	Q. And what was your next position	9	making sure the bids were submitted, working	
10	after that?	10	with the Alabama Building Commission to make	
11	A. I went to the protective services	11	sure we were meeting all their standards, and	
12	division on the lieutenant governor's detail.	12	just overseeing the project itself.	
13	Q. And what was your rank at that	13	Q. And do you remember around what	
14	time?	14	year you became lieutenant in the special	
15	A. Corporal.	15	projects?	
16	Q. And what were your duties as	16	A. '09 maybe, 2009. I'm not	
17	corporal in the protective services division?	17	completely sure. Sorry.	
18	A. Provide the personal protection for the lighter and did advanced work	18	Q. Around 2009. And then what was	
19	the lieutenant governor and did advanced work	19	your next assignment?	
20 21	for events that she would be attending. Q. Okay. And how long was that your	20 21	A. Captain.Q. And were you still	
22	c. Okay. And now long was that your role?	21	 A. Actually go ahead. I'm sorry. 	
23	A. Two years.	23	Q. Were you still in special projects	
			2	
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		Page 21			Page 23
1	when you became a captain?		1	A. Two.	
2	A. No. I was transferred from special		2	Q. And who are those people?	
3	projects back to Montgomery Highway Patrol,		3	A. An ASA and Captain John Archer.	
4	and I was there maybe a year. Then I made		4	Q. And what does ASA stand for?	
5	captain in 2010 I believe.		5	A. Oh, I'm sorry. Administrative	
6	Q. So you were transferred from		6	assistant.	
7	special projects back to Montgomery Highway		7	Q. And what's the name of the ASA	
8	Patrol when you were still a lieutenant; is		8	who's assigned to you?	
9	that right?		9	A. Mona Lisa Hall.	
10	A. Correct, uh-huh.		10	Q. And who held that position of chief	
11	Q. Okay. And then you made captain in		11	of the driver's license division before you	
12	around 2010 when you were at Montgomery		12	did?	
13	Highway Patrol?		13	A. Major Terry Chapman.	
14	A. I was promoted in the services		14	Q. And do you know how long Major	
15	division.		15	Chapman was in that role?	
16	Q. And can you tell me what the		16	A. I couldn't say.	
17	services division is?		17	Q. Do you know who was in the role	
18	A. I refer it to planes, trains, and		18	before Major Chapman?	
19	automobiles. It's over aviation, inventory,		19	A. Not definitively I can't say. It	
20	fleet maintenance, the academy and training,		20	could have been Major Roscoe Howell. I'	m
21	supplies, uniforms, things like that.		21	not not completely sure who it was.	
22	Q. So what were your responsibilities		22	Q. Okay. Thank you. And in your	
23	with regard to all of those things?		23	position now as chief, do you have the	
		Page 22			Page 24
1	A. Overseeing the operations of the		1	authority to make policy?	
2	subdivision itself.		2	A. Yes. As long as it's vetted	
3	Q. Okay. And what was the next step		3	through legal, but	
4	in your career after that?		4	Q. So you have the authority to make	
5	A. It would have been ALEA chief.		5	policy, but any policy that you make woul	d be
6	Q. Okay. And when did you become the		6	vetted by the legal department	
7	ALEA chief?		7	A. Yes.	
8	A. January of 2015.		8	Q before it goes into effect?	
9	Q. And what subdivision of ALEA are		9	A. Yes.	
10	you over?		10	Q. Okay. I'm going to show you the	
1			1		

11 A. Driver's license division.

12 Q. And you stayed in -- and is your13 current role chief of the driver's license

14 division in ALEA?15 A. Yes.

16 Q. And what are your responsibilities
17 in that role?
18 A. Oversee the operations of the
19 driver's license division.

20 Q. And who do you report to?

A. Colonel Charles Ward.

22 Q. How many people report directly to23 you?

22 Q. Okay. And so this policy would23 have been revised before you came on as chief,

document marked Plaintiff's Exhibit 7. This is D1 and 2. And do you recognize what's on

Q. Could you tell us what it is?

A. It's Department of Public Safety

Q. And what's the issue date on that

A. 9 --- it says revised date 9-1 of

the first page of this?

policy order number 63.

A. Yes.

policy?

2012.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

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19

20

21

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		Page 25				I	Page 27
1	correct?		1	Q. Okay.	And was the policy at D1		
2	A. Yes.		2		ate 2012 the most recent ve	ersion	
3	Q. Okay. So I'm now going to shift to		3		efore Plaintiff's Exhibit 4?		
4	asking you questions in your capacity as		4	A. Yes.			
5	ALEA. So let's look at the second page now.		5	Q. Okay.	And did the policy with		
6	This is D2. Do you recognize this document?		6	revised date Ju	ly 1st, 2015, Plaintiff's		
7	A. Yes.		7	Exhibit 4, did t	hat I'm sorry. Was this		
8	Q. Can you tell us what this is?		8	policy issued u	nder your authority?		
9	A. It is the same policy, revised and		9	A. Yes.			
10	changed. This is policy 63.		10	Q. Did you	personally review it before	e	
11	Q. Is this the policy that's currently		11	it went into eff	ect?		
12	in effect?		12	A. Yes.			
13	A. Yes.		13	Q. What w	as the policy for changing		
14	Q. And on what date was this policy		14	the sex designation	ation on a driver's license		
15	issued?		15	prior to Septen	nber 1st, 2012?		
16	A. I'm not completely sure.		16	A. There w	as no policy per se. There	•	
17	Q. Do you have an approximate date		17	was an unwritt	en procedure that was basi	cally	
18	when you think that it was most recently		18	the same as thi	s policy. But prior to that	we	
19	revised?		19	did not have a	lot of requests, so when w	e	
20	A. Late 2015, 2016.		20	started receiving	ng more requests then that	was	
21	Q. Okay. I'm just going to ask that		21	how the policy	came into being.		
22	again because I think we talked over each		22	Q. So on D	1 in Plaintiff's Exhibit 7,		
23	other a little bit. Do you have an		23	when it says re	vised date, is it referring t	D	
		Page 26				I	Page 28
1	approximate date of when you think this policy		1	revising the un	written procedure?		
2	was most recently reviewed?		2	A. I'm not	sure if it's the revised		
3	A. Late 2015 or early 2016.		3	date or the actu	al date it was established.		
4	Q. Okay. Are there any other written		4	Q. So it say	vs revised date, right?		
5	or unwritten policies currently in effect		5	A. Correct.			
6	regarding sex designations on Alabama driver's		6	Q. But you	think that it might have		
7	licenses?		7	actually meant	the effective date?		
8	A. No.		8	A. Yes.			
9	Q. And was this policy, the most		9	Q. Could y	ou describe what the		
10	recent policy, issued under your authority?		10	unwritten proc	edure was prior to the 201	2	
11	A. Yes.		11	policy?			
12	Q. Did you personally approve this		12		y anyone seeking to chang		
13	policy before it went into effect?		13	their sex on the	eir driver's license would h	ave	
14	A. Yes.		14	to show either	an amended birth certifica	te	
15	Q. I'm now going to show you what's		15		gender reassignment surge		
16	marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 4. Can you tell		16		r who performed the surge	ry	
17	us what this policy is?		17	saying it had b	een completed on their		
18	A. It's policy order 63, revised date		18	letterhead.			
19	July 1, 2015.		19		en was that unwritten		
20	Q. So is this the policy that was in		20	procedure first	-		
21	offect most accently before the one that you		01	A. I can't s	0 1 7		
	effect most recently before the one that you		21				
22	just reviewed that was D2?		22	Q. Was the	re any written or unwritten		
22 23				Q. Was the			

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Hal	Taylor, etc., et al. Case. 21-10400 Date	e riieu.	00/	02,2021	Page. 10 01 204	November	: 14, 2018
		Page 29					Page 31
1	procedure you just described to me?		1	you describe	this document?		
2	A. Not to my knowledge.		2		etter from our legal unit.		
3	Q. In the unwritten procedure that you		3		you ever seen this letter		
4	just described was an amended birth		4	before?			
5	certificate and a letter from a doctor who		5	A. No, I h	ave not.		
6	performed gender reassignment surgery		6	Q. Could	you please read the date on	l	
7	required?		7	this documen			
8	A. Correct.		8	A. Septen	nber 9, 2004.		
9	Q. So under the unwritten procedure		9		you read this letter starting		
10	one could not change the sex designation on		10		cy is as follows at the end of	of	
11	one's driver's license with only a letter from		11		graph out loud, please?		
12	a physician stating that one had gender		12		on drivers' licenses can be		
13	reassignment surgery; is that right?		13	changed upor	receipt of court-ordered na	ame	
14	A. According to policy. I've been		14	change affida	vits. However, the sex on a	a	
15	told that they did make concessions, if they		15		se is not changed prior to th		
16	were unable to get an amended birth		16	completion of	f a successful surgery and the	hen	
17	certificate, that they would go ahead and		17	the attending	physician or a physician wl	ho has	
18	change the designation if they provided proof		18	knowledge of	your medical condition and	d has	
19	of surgery. That's how the new policy came		19	examined you	1 must submit acceptable		
20	into being was to allow more latitude.		20	documentatio	n attesting to the success of	f the	
21	Q. So prior to policy order 63,		21	surgery, medi	cal advisory board opinion	. In	
22	generally people had to produce both an		22	essence the se	ex on the driver's license wi	11	
23	amended birth certificate and a letter from a		23	only be chang	ged upon successful comple	etion of	
		_					_
		Page 30					Page 32
1	physician, but sometimes exceptions were made;	Page 30	1	surgery and w	vith corresponding document	ntation	Page 32
1 2	physician, but sometimes exceptions were made; is that fair?	Page 30	1 2	from the atter	nding physician who has kn		Page 32
		Page 30		from the atter of the success	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery.		Page 32
2	is that fair?	Page 30	2	from the atter of the success	nding physician who has kn		Page 32
2 3	is that fair?A. That's fair.Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for	Page 30	2 3	from the atten of the success Q. Thank	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery.		Page 32
2 3 4	is that fair?A. That's fair.Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their	Page 30	2 3 4	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes.	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004?		Page 32
2 3 4 5	is that fair?A. That's fair.Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not	Page 30	2 3 4 5	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes.	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a		Page 32
2 3 4 5 6	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? 	Page 30	2 3 4 5 6	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware.	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. 	Page 30	2 3 4 5 6 7	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes 	Page 30	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is?	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. 	Page 30	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the 		2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute.	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinior	nding physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory n?	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinion A. They g	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory a? get opinions based on	owledge	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. Q. I am going to show you a document 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinior A. They g conditions we	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory ? get opinions based on e follow, such as people wh	owledge al	Page 32
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. Q. I am going to show you a document that is marked Plaintiff's Exhibit 37. (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 37 was marked for identification. A copy 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinion A. They g conditions we suffer seizure whether or not long they sho	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory ? get opinions based on e follow, such as people wh s or unconsciousness to say ot they are able to drive or h uld be under the physician's	owledge al al o , iow s care	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. Q. I am going to show you a document that is marked Plaintiff's Exhibit 37. (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 37 was marked for identification. A copy is attached.) 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinion A. They g conditions we suffer seizure whether or not long they sho before they an	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory ? get opinions based on e follow, such as people wh s or unconsciousness to say of they are able to drive or h	owledge al al o , iow s care	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. Q. I am going to show you a document that is marked Plaintiff's Exhibit 37. (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 37 was marked for identification. A copy is attached.) Q. This is a letter to Lisa Mottet, 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinion A. They g conditions we suffer seizure whether or not long they sho before they an drive.	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory ? get opinions based on e follow, such as people wh s or unconsciousness to say of they are able to drive or h uld be under the physician's	owledge al al o , iow s care	Page 32
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 is that fair? A. That's fair. Q. And one change in the creation of policy order 63 was to make it possible for people to change the sex designation on their license with either of those documents and not both; is that right? A. Correct. Q. Were there any other changes between the unwritten policy or I'm sorry. Were there any other changes between the unwritten procedure and the first version of policy order 63? A. No. Q. I am going to show you a document that is marked Plaintiff's Exhibit 37. (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 37 was marked for identification. A copy is attached.) 		2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	from the atter of the success Q. Thank policy that wa A. Yes. Q. Who c A. I'm not Q. Could advisory boar A. It's a m established th Q. And w board opinion A. They g conditions we suffer seizure whether or not long they sho before they an drive.	ading physician who has kn s of the surgery. you. Is that, in fact, a as in effect in 2004? reated that policy? t aware. you tell me what the medic d is? nedical advisory board rough statute. hat is a medical advisory ? get opinions based on e follow, such as people wh s or unconsciousness to say of they are able to drive or h uld be under the physician's re given the responsibility to medical advisory board	owledge al al o , iow s care	Page 32

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	Page 33	;		Page 35
1	A. I'm not sure what you mean by the	1	A. I don't know.	
2	question.	2	Q. Did the policy from 2004 at some	
3	Q. So once ALEA receives a medical	3	point change into the unwritten procedure that	
4	advisory board opinion, do any further steps	4	you described to me?	
5	need to be taken before it comes into effect	5	A. Yes.	
6	as a policy?	6	Q. When did that change happen?	
7	A. The policy would have to be	7	A. I don't know.	
8	created.	8	Q. How did that change happen?	
9	Q. So a medical advisory board opinion	9	A. I don't know.	
10	in and of itself wouldn't automatically become	10	Q. Why did that change happen?	
11	the policy of the agency; is that right?	11	A. Which change?	
12	A. Correct.	12	Q. The change from the policy in 2004	
13	Q. Okay. How does the policy	13	to the unwritten procedure?	
14	described in this letter differ from the	14	A. I guess to allow more latitude for	
15	unwritten procedure that you described to me a	15	people requesting.	
16	moment ago?	16	Q. In what way does the unwritten	
17	A. It allows another doctor to	17	procedure sorry. I should say in what way	
18	examine.	18	did the unwritten procedure provide more	
19	Q. Okay. So this means a letter from	19	latitude than the policy from 2004?	
20	a doctor who has examined somebody who has had	20	A. Well, I'm not sure what the policy	
21	surgery could provide a letter that would be	21	was in 2004. I'm going off of the 2012	
22	adequate for purposes of changing the sex	22	policy.	
23	designation on their license?	23	Q. Was the policy in I'm sorry.	
	Page 34	+		Page 36
1	A. That's the way I understand it.	1	Does Plaintiff's Exhibit 37 state the policy	
2	Q. Okay. And is there any mention of	2	for changing sex designations as it was in	
3	a birth certificate here?	3	2004?	
4	A. No.	4	A. Yes.	
5	Q. Do you know whether this medical	5	Q. And was the policy in 2004 changed	
6	advisory board strike that.	6	to the unwritten procedure in order to provide	
7	And does this policy from the 2004	7	greater latitude?	
8	letter refer to sex reassignment?	8	A. I don't have a copy of the policy	
9	A. Yes, in my interpretation it does.	9	of 2004, so it would be speculation.	
10	Q. How so?	10	Q. Is there a copy of the policy from	
11	A. Completion of successful surgery.	11	2004 other than what is stated in the letter	
12	Q. Okay. The word sex reassignment	12	in Plaintiff's Exhibit 37?	
13	doesn't appear, right?	13	A. Not to my knowledge.	
- 4	A NT 1 1	1	O Lenk Districting Earliet 27	

surgery?

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A. No, it does not.

must be irreversible?

A. No.

Q. Okay. But you would interpret a

16 reference to surgery to mean sex reassignment

A. Right, because it will only be

Q. Who is Diana Brazzell?

changed upon successful completion of surgery.

Q. Okay. Does it say that the surgery

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procedure?

Q. Isn't Plaintiff's Exhibit 37

actually a statement of the policy from 2004?

A. It's a letter from our legal unit.

letter from 2004 change to the unwritten

A. I can't -- I don't know. I would

that knew about the policy in 2004.

have to try to go back and ask some people

Q. Do you have any reason to doubt

Q. Why did the policy stated in this

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	Page 37			Page 39
1	that Plaintiff's Exhibit 37 reflects the	1	Q. Was anyone involved other than the	
2	policy as it was in 2004?	2	legal unit?	
3	A. No.	3	A. I would have to say someone from	
4	Q. Who is Michael Robinson?	4	the medical unit.	
5	A. He is an attorney with our agency.	5	Q. And would anyone aside from the	
6	Q. Is he still with the agency?	6	legal unit and someone from the medical unit	
7	A. Yes.	7	have been involved?	
8	THE WITNESS: Can we take a break?	8	A. Probably the driver's license	
9	MR. ARKLES: We can take a break if	9	division chief and at the time director of	
10	you would like.	10	public safety.	
11	(Break taken.)	11	Q. Under whose authority was it	
12		12	issued?	
13	Q. What's the first policy or	13	A. The director of public safety and	
14	procedure for changing sex designation on a	14	the driver's license division.	
15	license that you are prepared to testify about	15	Q. Do you know who the director of	
16	today?	16	public safety was at that time?	
17	A. This policy, DPS policy 63,	17	A. No.	
18	September 1, 2012.	18	Q. Who was consulted in the process of	
19	MR. ARKLES: Okay. I'd like to	19	developing this policy?	
20	leave open an opportunity to supplement the	20	A. I can't be completely sure because	
21	30(b)(6) if the state is able to provide a	21	I was not there, but I would say medical unit	
22	witness who would be able to testify about the	22	personnel and legal.	
23	earlier policy.	23	Q. And were there particular	
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1	MR. CHYNOWETH: We can consult. I	1	individuals or positions within the medical
2	don't think we're going to be able to identify	2	unit who would have been consulted?
3	anybody who has any knowledge earlier. And I	3	A. Just those people that handled the
4	spoke with everyone at the beginning of this	4	request.
5	lawsuit, with people that are retired, and I	5	Q. Okay. So the people in the medical
6	don't believe we will be able to identify	6	unit who responded to individual requests
7	anyone. This letter obviously as you can tell	7	A. Correct.
8	was new to us. And I spoke with Michael	8	Q to change sex designation
9	Robinson, and he doesn't have any memory of	9	A. Correct.
10	this. So I don't know that we can produce	10	Q would have been consulted in the
11	anyone with any more knowledge than Chief	11	process?
12	Pregno.	12	A. Correct.
13	MR. ARKLES: All right. Thank you.	13	Q. Do you know if the medical advisory
14	Q. So I would like to ask you a series	14	board was involved?
15	of questions about creating the policy order	15	A. I do not know.
16	63 dated 2012. And then I'll ask you some of	16	Q. Do you have any reason to think
17	those questions again about the most recent	17	that the medical advisory board was involved?
18	revision.	18	A. I do not.
19	A. Okay.	19	Q. Who would have had the final say in
20	Q. So when policy order 63 was	20	what the policy was?
21	initially created, who was responsible for its	21	A. I would think the director and the
22	creation?	22	legal unit would be collaborative.
23	A. The legal unit.	23	Q. Okay. So ultimately the director

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1	of public of the Department of Public	1	policy after the state birth certificate	
2	Safety and the legal department would have to	2	statute?	
3	come to an agreement?	3	A. We wanted to be consistent in how	
4	A. Correct.	4	we operated as a state.	
5	Q. Okay. What problems did the policy	5	Q. And why was consistency with how	
6	seek to address?	6	the state operated for birth certificates	
7	A. A formal procedure for handling	7	important?	
8	those requests.	8	A. Because if we were going to require	
9	Q. Okay. So one goal of creating the	9	an amended birth certificate, we wanted to	
10	policy was to have a formal procedure; is that	10	make sure we were handling it in the right	
11	correct?	11	manner.	
12	A. And consistency.	12	Q. What does the right manner mean?	
13	Q. Okay. So another goal was to	13	A. We want an amended birth	
14	create more consistency in how ALEA responded	14	certificate which follows Alabama statutes, so	
15	to these requests; is that right?	15	we wanted to be in line with what their	
16	A. Right.	16	requirements were.	
17	Q. Were there any other goals in	17	Q. Was the understanding of ALEA at	
18	creating this policy?	18	the time that it was bound to follow the	
19	A. Not to my knowledge.	19	statute regarding birth certificates?	
20	Q. Were there meetings about	20	A. No.	
21	developing the policy?	21	Q. Was it the understanding of ALEA at	
22	A. I don't know.	22	the time that it would be desirable to follow	
23	Q. Are you aware of any notes or	23	the statute as far as birth certificates?	
	Page 42	2		Page 44
1	records taken from meetings about the	1	A. Well, basically let me clarify.	
2	development of the policy?	2	ALEA is a law enforcement agency. Although we	
3	A. No.	3	submit we produce a driver's license, it's	
4	Q. Were any constraints taken into	4	also an official identity document. And as	
5	account in creating the policy?	5	law enforcement we want to ensure the	
6	A. Can you be more specific? What do	6	information that is on the card is correct,	
7	you mean by constraints?	7	and so we want to make sure the information	
8	Q. When ALEA was developing its	8	we're providing to law enforcement officers,	
9	policy, did they consider any limitations on	9	correctional agencies, emergency responders,	
10	resources or programmatic needs that would	10	when you question someone when a male	
11	limit what they could do with the policy?	11	officer questions a female subject normally	
12	A. I'm not sure. It was the policy	12	they have more than themselves in a room so	
			-	

13 was established based on the state statute for14 changing the gender on a birth certificate.

15 That's what it was modeled after.

16 Q. Okay. Before settling on modeling

17 the state statute for birth certificates, did

- **18** ALEA consider any other options for the
- **19** policy?
- **20** A. Not that I'm aware of.
- **21** Q. Why not?
- A. I don't know.
- **23** Q. Why did ALEA choose to model the
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procedures?

they can't allege that there's no impropriety

going on. So that's why we wanted to make

sure we were in line on the handling of the

subject as a law enforcement professional. If

you detain someone or arrest them as far as

booking procedures and things like that, it's

Q. So at the time that this policy was

of this policy on arrest and booking

upon us to let them know the right procedures.

created in 2012, did ALEA consider the impact

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1	A. I don't I'm not sure if they did	1	Q. And you think there may have been	
2	or not.	2	other people who were involved from legal?	
3	Q. So just sticking again just to the	3	A. I don't know who else.	
4	time before the creation of this policy, in	4	Q. Okay. And what was your goal in	
5	the course of creating this policy, what	5	revising policy order 63?	
6	considerations went into ALEA's decision to	6	A. Giving them more latitude.	
7	adopt this policy as opposed to some other?	7	Q. And why was it important to give	
8	A. What the state requires for amended	8	more latitude?	
9	birth certificates.	9	A. To be more you know, give them	
10	Q. Okay. Were there any other	10	the ability to get what they want.	
11	considerations that ALEA took into account at	11	Q. And were there any reasons why you	
12	that time?	12	wanted to make it easier for people to get	
13	A. Not that I'm aware of.	13	what they wanted?	
14	Q. Are you aware of any debate that	14	A. To be reasonable. And as long as	
15	concerned that concerned the development of	15	they're following procedure.	
16	the policy prior to 2012?	16	Q. And was anyone aside from you,	
17	A. No.	17	Jeannie Eastman, and maybe Jessica Sanders or	
18	Q. Were there any conflicting views	18	someone else from the legal unit involved in	
19	that had to be resolved at that time?	19	the most recent revision?	
20	A. Not to my knowledge.	20	A. No.	
21	Q. When the policy was most recently	21	Q. Were there any other goals that you	
22	revised in 2016, what was that process?	22	had in mind in creating this policy?	
23	A. We had it vetted through legal.	23	A. No.	
	Page 46			Page 48
1	And we changed it to an and/or instead of	1	Q. Did you consider other options	
2	requiring both documents.	2	aside from the current policy before	
3	Q. Just to clarify, so in 2012 did it	3	implementing it?	

- 4 require -- did the policy require both 5 documents? 6 A. Amended birth certificate along 7 with documentation on letterhead from the 8 physician.
- 9 Q. And so then in the 2016 version it says and/or to indicate that either one of 10
- 11 those documents is sufficient?
- 12 A. Correct. 13 Q. Okay. Who was involved in making 14 that decision? A. It would be me, the legal unit, and 15 16 the medical unit personnel. 17 Q. Who in the medical unit was 18 involved? 19 A. Jeannie Eastman. 20 Q. Who were the people from the legal
- 21 unit? 22 A. I'm not -- I would -- I think 23 Jessica Sanders was involved.

- 4 A. No. 5
 - Q. Did you consider any other states' procedures for changing the sex designation on
- 7 a license before revising the policy?
- 8 A. No.

6

- 9 Q. Why not?
- 10 A. We wanted to stay consistent with
- 11 Alabama -- the State of Alabama's birth
- 12 certificate procedure. 13
 - Q. Did you consider federal government
- 14 policy for changing designations on passports
- when you were creating this policy? 15
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. Why not?
- 18 A. We just didn't.
- 19 Q. I'm going to show you a document
- that is labeled Plaintiff's Exhibit 8. This 20
- 21 is Bates number D338 through -- it's actually
- D at 337 through D at 380. And could you --22
- 23 first, could you read the cover email?

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1	A. Linda sent this resource guide.	1	from a provider. The form approach	
2	Q. And who is the email from?	2	streamlines the process for both applicants	
3	A. Nona Short.	3	and state driver's license agency staff saving	
4	Q. And who is it to?	4	time, money, and reduces the jurisdiction's	
5	A. Chief, me.	5	liability in holding customer's private	
6	Q. And what was the date?	6	medical information.	
7	A. September 26th of 2016.	7	Q. Were you aware of the information	
8	Q. Was that email sent before or after	8	that you just read at the time that you made	
9	the most recent revision of the policy?	9	the decision to revise policy order 63?	
10	A. After.	10	A. No.	
11	Q. Oh, right. And could you turn to	11	Q. Did you consider having a	
12	the next page and tell me what the title of	12	simplified form at the time?	
13	that document is?	13	A. No, not at the time.	
14	A. Resource guide on gender	14	Q. Since the time that you revised	
15	designation on drivers' licenses and	15	policy order 63, have you considered revising	
16	identification cards.	16	it again?	
17	Q. All right. And this is from the	17	A. No.	
18	American Association of Motor Vehicle	18	Q. Why not?	
19	Administrators; is that right?	19	A. Well, we still want to be	
20	A. Yes.	20	consistent with state law. And we are Real ID	
21	Q. Are you familiar with this resource	21	compliant, which requires us to place that	
22	guide?	22	designation on the license.	
23	A. Yes.	23	Q. Is it your understanding that the	

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- P	age	50

				- 1
1	Q. Were you	1	Real ID Act strike that.	
2	A. Not this I'm familiar that they	2	Is it your understanding that	
3	have several different types of resource	3	compliance with the Real ID Act requires you	
4	guides.	4	to use any particular policy or procedure to	
5	Q. Have you ever seen the resource	5	determine the sex designation placed on the	
6	guide on gender designation on driver's	6	license?	
7	licenses before?	7	A. I'm not aware if there is.	
8	A. If she sent it to me, I've seen it,	8	Q. Okay. So one of the reasons why	
9	but I haven't read it page-for-page if that's	9	you're keeping the policy the way it is is to	
10	what you're asking.	10	continue to have a sex designation on the	
11	Q. Okay. Do you remember seeing it?	11	driver's license to comply with the Real ID	
12	A. No, I don't.	12	Act; is that right?	
13	Q. All right. And could you please	13	A. True.	
14	read page 3 of the guide?	14	Q. Okay. Have you received any	
15	A. The general trend in recent years	15	feedback or comments about policy order 63?	
16	in jurisdictions replacing requirements to	16	A. No.	
17	submit proof of surgical treatment with	17	Q. Would you agree that not everyone	
18	standards that focus on gender in which	18	here in Alabama has an Alabama driver's	
19	individuals live in their daily lives as	19	license?	
20	affirmed by medical provider, mental health	20	A. Yes.	
21	provider, or social worker. A second	21	Q. And would you agree that not	
22	modernization trend in simplified form,	22	everyone who is in Alabama has any ID at all?	
23	applicants must complete in lieu of a letter	23	A. It's possible.	

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	Fage 55			rage 55
1	Q. Would you agree that some people	1	circumstances that you can think of where a	
2	carry a Fake ID?	2	legitimate Alabama license could prove that	
3	A. Yes.	3	you are who you say you are and a legitimate	
4	Q. Would you agree that not every	4	U.S. passport could not?	
5	person who is in Alabama was born in Alabama?	5	A. Correct.	
6	A. Yes.	6	Q. Okay. And do driver's licenses for	
7	Q. And would you agree that not every	7	other states serve for identification as well?	
8	person who is in Alabama was not born in the	8	A. Yes.	
9	United States?	9	Q. Could you please list for me the	
10	A. Yes.	10	interest that it is ALEA's position that	
11	Q. Under the current policy, if	11	policy order 63 serves?	
12	somebody had changed the sex designation on	12	A. As I stated earlier, we are a law	
13	their birth certificate in another state	13	enforcement agency, and we are preparing and	
14	without having had sex reassignment surgery,	14	issuing an identification document. This	
15	could they then change the sex designation on	15	document is used by law enforcement officers	
16	their driver's license in Alabama?	16	to identify the subject that they're dealing	
17	A. Yes.	17	with. It also identifies possible criminal	
18	Q. So just in general, not specific to	18	activity or the identification of a possible	
19	the sex designation, what is the purpose of a	19	criminal activity. It gives them a	
20	driver's license?	20	description so they can confirm the person	
21	A. To obtain physical characteristics	21	that they the person in the license is	
22	of the person because it is an identification	22	actually the person that they are dealing	
23	document. It proves that you are who you say	23	with. It gives them the information they need	
	Page 54			Page 56
1	you are.	1	to make decisions on how to handle this person	
2	Q. Any other primary purposes of the	2	for arrest procedures, medical, emergency	
3	driver's license in general?	3	procedures, booking and retaining procedures,	
4	A. By statute it says that you're only	4	interviewing and questioning procedures, and	
5	required to provide an Alabama driver's	5	as well as maintaining the actual physical	

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identifiers of that person.

Q. Okay. I'm going to try to say that

anything. You let me know whatever it is I'm

officers in identifying the people who they're

decisions for arrests and booking procedures,

for interviewing and questioning procedures,

for emergency medical procedures, and that the

government also has an interest from policy 63

in maintaining physical identifiers of license

A. I'm not sure. Hopefully nothing.

holders. Is that all accurate?

Q. And what did I miss?

A. Yes.

missing. So I heard that the government's

dealing with, to identify possible criminal

activity, to provide information to make

back to you to make sure I didn't miss

interest in policy order 63 are to assist

- 5 required to provide an Alabama driver's6 license if you are -- have interaction with a
- 7 law enforcement officer or with a court
- 8 official.
- **9** Q. Okay. So one purpose of a driver's
- **10** license is to produce it upon request of a law
- 11 enforcement official --12 A. Correct.
- Q. -- or a court official?
 A. Yes.
 Q. Okay. Does a U.S. passport also
- 16 serve to prove that you are who you say you17 are?
- 18 A. It can, yes.19 Q. Are there circumstances where it
- wouldn't prove that you are who you say you
 are?
 A. If it's a fraudulent document.
- A. If it's a fraudulent documQ. Okay. But there are no

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1	Q. Okay. I'm going to show you what's	1	think of that policy order 63 serves?	
	been marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 23. These		A. I don't know if it I guess it	
2	are the defendant's answers to plaintiff's	2	would fall in there, but as far as identity	
3	-	3		
4	interrogatories. Could you please turn to	4	fraud or identity theft as far as tracking	
5	interrogatory number 6, which begins on the	5	someone that comes in and has comes in with	
6	bottom of page 4? And could you read the	6	an identity as say male and then they go	
7	sentence immediately after the numeral 6?	7	through the process and they change their name	
8	A. Defendant's object to this	8	and then they change their sex and basically	
9	interrogatory	9	have a whole new identity. It's a way for us	
10	Q. Okay. I'm sorry. Where it says	10	to link those identities. We actually had a	
11	describe any and all government interests.	11	call from the district attorney's office a	
12	A. Oh, okay. Describe any and all	12	couple of weeks a couple of week's ago and	
13	government interests defendants attest policy	13	they inquired as far as the subject's	
14	order 63 serves as well as known government	14	identity, they kept running the subject and	
15	interests as furthered by policy order 63.	15	said it came back as a Charles, and the	
16	Q. Okay. And then if you could turn	16	subject was Jasmine and was female, and the	
17	the page, I'm directing your attention to the	17	autopsy report said a fully genital	
18	first full paragraph on the top of page five.	18	genitals of a female. And so they were	
19	And so this states that an interest a	19	questioning the processes, how they were	
20	government interest in policy order 63 is	20	getting this information, and if it was	
21	providing an accurate description of the	21	correct. We went back to the original record	
22	bearer of an Alabama driver's license; is that	22	and the subject did come in as a male, changed	
23	right?	23	their name to a different name, and then not	
	Page 58			Page 60
1	A. Correct.	1	too much longer after that, I think it was a	
2	Q. And you would agree with that?	2	year or so, changed their sex. And so we were	
3	A. Yes.	3	able to confirm with the DA's office that this	
4	Q. And I'm trying to make sure I	4	was the person that they had who was	
5	have a thorough list. So would this be the	5	previously this name but now died under this	
6	same as the assisting officers in identifying	6	name.	
7	the subjects they're dealing with and	7	Q. When you say that they ran the	
8	maintaining physical identifiers?	8	person, what does that mean?	
9	A. Yes, sir.	9	A. When you say the are you	
10	Q. Okay. It also says that an Alabama	10	referencing the district attorney's office	
11	driver's license provides identification for	11	or	
12	law enforcement and administrative purposes,	12	Q. Yes. When you say the district	
13	including but not limited to purposes related	13	attorney's office was running this person and	
14	to arrests, detention, identification of	14	the person came back as Charles, what would	
15	missing persons or crime suspects, and the	15	running the person mean?	
	provision of medical treatment; is that right?	16	A. I can't testify what they did. I'm	
16	provision of medical dealment, is that fight?	10		

- A. I can't testify what they did. I'm 16
- 17 assuming they ran them through a criminal 18 database.
- Q. I see. So the criminal database 19
- 20 had the person's previous name --
- 21 A. Just had them as a -- yes, had them
- 22 as Charles.
- 23 Q. Had the previous name as male sex.

A. Yes.

A. Yes.

interests?

Q. And you would agree with those

Q. It says here including but not

enforcement or administrative purposes you can

limited to. Are there any other law

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1	And your records had her current name and the	1	Q. Could you explain to me why	
2	sex designation as female?	2	that's why that interest is important to	
3	A. Correct. And we had the	3	the government? Why is it important for	
4	documentation of where they came in and made	4	officers to be able to identify who they are	
5	the changes, so we could link those two	5	interacting with?	
6	identities together.	6	A. To confirm that they are the	
7	Q. Okay. So you could explain that	7	person is who they are either looking for or	
8	for the DA?	8	who to confirm the information is correct	
9	A. Yes.	9	and it's not fraudulent.	
10	Q. Okay. So that seems related to	10	Q. I know this may seem obvious to	
11	identifying people and or identifying human	11	you, but I just want to make sure we have	
12	remains in this context; is that right?	12	everything explained explicitly. So why is it	
13	A. Yes.	13	important for them to be able to confirm who	
14	Q. And you also mentioned purposes	14	the person is?	
15	detecting identity theft; is that right?	15	A. Because you don't want to detain or	
16	A. Yes.	16	arrest someone that's not the real person.	
17	Q. Okay.	17	Q. Okay. So part of the purpose is to	
18	A. And fraud. Not necessarily where	18	avoid mistakenly arresting somebody who you	
19	they take somebody else. They could create a	19	don't intend to arrest, correct?	
20	whole new identity.	20	A. Yes.	
21	Q. Okay. So policy order 63 assists	21	Q. Okay. And are there any other	
22	with detecting fraud and identity theft,	22	reasons why it's important for officers to be	
23	right?	23	able to confirm that the person they're	
	Page 62			Page 64
1	A. Yes.	1	interacting with is who they think they are?	
2	Q. And then it also says here, looking	2	A. Can you rephrase what you're	
3	at the same paragraph in interrogatory 6, that	3	asking?	
4	policy order 63 serves the state's interest in	4	Q. In addition to what you just told	
5	maintaining consistency between the	5	me about detecting fraud and making sure that	

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complaints.

you're not mistakenly arresting the wrong

person, are there any other reasons why it's

important for officers to be able to confirm

that the person they're interacting with is

A. Well, if they're male or female

it's going to have a bearing on how they

handle them. If there's a search involved,

males search females differently because of

Q. Okay. So leaving searches aside

from a moment, we'll get to that, how does

person who they're interacting with is the

A. It has their physical identifiers.

Q. And speaking specifically about

policy order 63, how does that policy help

person who they think they are?

policy order 63 help officers confirm that the

who they think they are?

with, right?

A. Yes.

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that right?

A. Correct.

A. Yes.

A. No.

6 information contained on the driver's license

and that contained on a birth certificate; is

Q. Okay. And do you agree with that?

Q. And aside from what is listed here

Q. Okay. So I'm going to ask you some

make sure I understand them. So one purpose

and what you've just described to me, are

questions about each of those interests to

identify a person who they're interacting

of policy order 63 is to help officers

there any additional interests that the

government has in policy order 63?

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1	them know who they're talking with?	1	Q. How does that policy for what one	
2	A. It gives them their physical	2	must do to change the sex designation on a	
3	description.	3	driver's license assist in providing a	
4	Q. Would it be possible to provide a	4	physical description?	
5	physical description without requiring a	5	A. It ensures that the physical	
6	letter from a surgeon who had performed sex	6	features of that person are what's displayed	
7	reassignment surgery or an amended birth	7	on the license.	
8	certificate to change the sex designation?	8	Q. And what physical features do you	
9	A. For the State of Alabama's policy?	9	mean by that?	
10	Q. For the purposes of okay. Yes.	10	A. Well, if they are a male, they'll	
11	Would it be possible to describe someone's	11	have male genitalia. And if they're a female,	
12	physical appearance in the context of an	12	they'll have female genitalia.	
13	officer interacting with someone without	13	Q. When an officer is seeking to	
14	requiring that people produce a letter from a	14	confirm that they are arresting the right	
15	surgeon confirming sex reassignment surgery or	15	person, do they typically look at that	
16	an amended birth certificate?	16	person's genitalia?	
17	A. You're asking me I need you to	17	A. No. But it will tell them and the	
18	rephrase or maybe shorten the question.	18	booking personnel how they should separate	
19	Q. Okay. So an Alabama driver's	19	them in the population.	
20	license provides information about a person's	20	Q. But at the moment of seeking to	
21	physical description, right?	21	confirm the person's identity, typically a	
22	A. Correct.	22	police officer wouldn't see the person's	
23	Q. And one of the ways it does that is	23	genitals, right?	
	Page 66			Page 68
1	through having a photograph of the person,	1	A. No.	
2	right?	2	Q. If someone if an officer	
3	A. Correct.	3	perceived somebody as male because that person	
4	Q. And another way that it does that	4	had male pattern baldness and a beard and was	
5	is to listing the person's height, correct?	5	wearing masculine clothing, would that person	
6	A. Correct.	6	having a female sex designation on their	
7	Q. And the person's weight, right?	7	license assist the officer in confirming a	
8	A. Correct.	8	person's identity?	
1		1		

9 Q. And the person's hair color,10 correct?

A. Yes.
 Q. And the person's eye color,
 correct?
 A. Yes.
 Q. And by listing a person's sex,

16 correct?

17 A. Yes.

- 18 Q. And in policy order 63 one can19 change the sex designation only if one
- 20 provides a copy of a letter from a surgeon who
- **21** has performed sex reassignment surgery or an
- **22** amended birth certificate, correct?
- 23 A. Correct.

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A. I don't know if it would assist,

but if they were to be arrested it would

Q. So it might assist with the

necessarily assist with confirming the

identity at the time of the arrest?

A. The photo would.

the question one more time?

designation might not?

procedures after the arrest, but it wouldn't

Q. The photo would, but the female sex

A. It should if it's -- could you ask

Q. So if there were a transgender man

who has not gotten a male sex designation on

his license but has transitioned from female

definitely need to be known.

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1	to male and that he wears masculine clothing		1	O. Do vo	u have reason to think that	
2	and has masculine physical characteristics,		2		terest in law enforcement of	ficers
3	such as male pattern baldness and a beard and		3		identify people they're	
4	is typically perceived by others as male, then		4		ith is different from the	
5	would it help an officer to confirm that		5	-	nose other states?	
6	person's identity that his sex designation on		6	A. I'm no	ot I don't know what other	
7	his license would still be female?		7	states require		
8	A. It may not help in that situation,		8		u have any reason to think	
9	but that is still the physical characteristics		9		has different needs than oth	ier
10	of that person.		10	states do in i	dentifying people?	
11	Q. In fact, wouldn't a female sex		11	A. No.		
12	designation on the ID of somebody who the		12	Q. And A	alabama doesn't consistently	
13	officer perceived as male raise suspicion in		13	measure or re	equire medical documentation	n of
14	the officer that the person might not be who		14	height before	listing that attribute on a	
15	he thought he was?		15	license, corre	ect?	
16	A. That's speculation. It's possible.		16	A. Corre	ct.	
17	Q. Do Alabama law enforcement officers		17	Q. And it	doesn't consistently measur	e
18	receive training on policy order 63?		18	or require me	edical documentation of weig	ght
19	A. No.		19	before listing	that attribute, right?	
20	Q. Do Alabama law enforcement officers		20	A. Corre	et.	
21	receive training on interacting with		21	Q. Does	Alabama law require	
22	transgender members of the public?		22	individuals to	o update the photos on their	
23	A. I would have to speak to someone in		23	license when	their appearance changes?	
		Page 70				Page 72
1	highway patrol. When you say can you drill		1	A. No. 7	hey're required to update	
2	down Alabama law enforcement agency? Are ye	bu	2	their photo e	very eight years.	
3	talking about law enforcement personnel or are		3	Q. Does	Alabama require people to	
4	you talking about civilian personnel?		4	update their	height, weight, or hair color	on
5	Q. I mean law enforcement personnel.		5	their license	if it changes?	
6	A. Okay. No, they don't receive		6	A. No.		
7	training on the policy.		7	Q. And d	oes Alabama require	
8	Q. And are you aware of any training		8	individuals to	o update the sex designation	on
9	that they receive that law enforcement		9	their license	if their genitals change?	
10	personnel receive regarding interacting with		10	A. If they		
11	transgender people?		11		So it's permitted but it's	
12	A. I'm not aware.		12	not required?		
13	Q. Are you aware of any reasons why		13		we don't know. Once you co	
14	Alabama's interest in officers being able to		14	-	issued a license, we don't ki	now
15	confirm the identity of somebody they're		15	unless you te		
16	interacting with are different than other		16		And people aren't required	
17	states' interests?		17	to tell you, co	prrect?	
18	A. I need you to rephrase it, please.		18	A. No.		
19	Q. Would you expect most states have		19		here's no way to indicate on	
20	an interest in their law enforcement officers		20		driver's license if somebody	has
21			-			
	being able to identify the people who they're		21		aren't typical for male or	
22	interacting with?		22	female, right	?	
				female, right		

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	5 / /			,
	Page 73			Page 75
1	Q. Okay. So let's turn to arrest	1	important well, actually let me back up.	
2	procedures. In what way is policy order 63	2	Do male officers ever do a pat down search of	
3	relevant to arrest procedures?	3	a female suspect or arrestee?	
4	A. It lets the arresting officer know	4	A. Yes, I'm sure they do.	
5	in particular if it's a female subject that	5	Q. Do male officers ever conduct a	
6	they they can they have to search or	6	strip search of a female arrestee?	
7	have normal procedure is you call another	7	A. A strip search?	
8	female officer or they different agencies	8	Q. Yeah.	
9	have different policies. They search with the	9	A. I don't know.	
10	back of their hands. Interview and	10	Q. Do female officers ever conduct pat	
11	interrogation normally they pull another	11	down searches of male suspects or arrestees?	
12	witness in with them.	12	A. Yes.	
13	Q. Okay. So arrest procedures in some	13	Q. Do female officers ever conduct	
14	ways are different based on the sex of the	14	strip searches of male arrestees?	
15	arrestee, right?	15	A. Strip searches, I don't know. This	
16	A. Yes.	16	would some of this would, I would say,	
17	Q. And those ways include the sex of	17	extend to the correctional officers, so I	
18	the officer who performs the search?	18	don't know what they do. I can't speak I	
19	A. (Witness nods.)	19	can't speak to what the detention facilities	
20	Q. The manner in which the search	20	do.	
21	well, let me start over. So the ways in which	21	Q. Do Alabama law enforcement officers	
22	arrest procedures vary by the sex of the	22	ever conduct strip searches, to your	
23	arrestee include the sex of the officer who	23	knowledge?	
	Page 74			Page 76
1	conducts a search, the manner	1	A. Not to my knowledge.	

1	conducts a search, the manner	1	A. Not to my knowledge.	
2	MR. CHYNOWETH: Make sure to say	2	Q. Are there any types of searches	
3	yes or no.	3	other than pat down searches that Alabama law	
4	THE WITNESS: I was waiting for him	4	enforcement officers conduct of the person?	
5	to finish his question.	5	A. No.	
6	Q. I probably should do one at a	6	Q. Okay. What are the policies or	
7	time. So one of the ways in which arrest	7	procedures regarding the sex of officers who	
8	procedure vary by sex is the sex of the	8	conduct pat down searches?	
9	officer who will conduct a search, correct?	9	A. I don't I don't have a set	
10	A. Yes.	10	policy. I just know when I worked the road as	
11	Q. And it also varies in the manner in	11	a road trooper if a male officer had another	
12	which the search is conducted, correct?	12	female they would call me and I would go	
13	A. Yes.	13	assist. And if they were going to take them	
14	Q. And it also varies in who would be	14	to jail, I would search them. Each officer is	
15	present during an interrogation, correct?	15	different as far as if they, you know, try to	
16	A. Yes.	16	pull somebody in. Circumstances are so vast	
17	Q. Are there any other ways in which	17	it's hard to say what each one would do on	
18	arrest procedures vary by the sex of the	18	their in their circumstances. But I would	
19	arrestee?	19	assist others with searches if they knew they	
20	A. Not that I can think of right this	20	had a female that they needed to be searched	
21	minute. There may be, but those are the main	21	and I was available. I would go search.	
22	ones.	22	Q. So is it fair to say that the	
23	Q. And can you tell me why it's	23	practice among at least some officers,	

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1	circumstances permitting, would be to have	1	municipal arresting officers.	
2	female officers search male suspect or	2	Q. Okay. And do the arrest I'm	
3	arrestees?	3	sorry. Do the search procedures vary based on	
4	A. Female officers?	4	whether it's a state, county, or city law	
5	Q. Sorry. I said that wrong. Would	5	enforcement officer?	
6	it be fair to say that the practice of at	6	A. Yes. It varies from agency to	
7	least some officers, circumstances permitting,	7	agency.	
8	would be to have female officers search female	8	Q. And could you name which	
9	suspects or arrestees?	9	agency's search procedures or practices are	
10	A. Yes.	10	you able to testify about today?	
11	Q. And, to your knowledge, there's no	11	A. None.	
12	requirement that female officers always search	12	Q. How do you know that policy order	
13	female arrestees, right?	13	63 is, in fact, serving search procedures?	
14	A. Correct.	14	A. Well, it just it does.	
15	Q. And why is that a practice?	15	Q. Explain to me how it does.	
16	A. To avoid complaints of impropriety	16	A. I mean, it tells you physically	
17	or someone making accusations that they did	17	what who that person is and how that	
18	something inappropriate.	18	officer should handle them, if they have	
19	Q. And I think you mentioned earlier	19	procedures in place to handle female subjects	
20	that if the suspect or arrestee is female the	20	differently than male. It also identifies	
21	officers might search using the back of their	21	that person for different detention	
22	hands rather than the front of their hands; is	22	facilities. When they are booked into a	
23	that correct?	23	facility as an officer you want to know that	
	Page 7	3		Page 80
1	MR. CHYNOWETH: I just want to	1	the information that you're giving to them is	
2	object here to seek a little clarification	2	correct.	
3	when you are asking about the officers and law	3	Q. Is it your understanding that when	
4	enforcement officers. Can you clarify what	4	agencies have policies that differ for	
5	agency, for instance, you might be referring	5	searches based on whether the arrestee is	
6	to because I think there's maybe a little bit	6	female or male those policies refer	
7	of a confusion here.	7	exclusively to the person's genitals?	
8	MR. ARKLES: Okay.	8	A. Yes.	
9	MR. CHYNOWETH: What do you mean by	9	Q. And what is the basis for that	
10	law enforcement officers?	10	knowledge?	
11	Q. So when you said that one of the	11	A. For the officer?	
12	interests of policy order 63 is to assist law	12	Q. How do you know that all of these	
13	enforcement in arrest procedures, what type of	13	different policies when they refer to female	
14	law enforcement officers were you referring to	14	or male are referring to genitals?	
15	then?	15	A. I'm going off the information that	
16	A. The officers that encounter the	16	we use based on the identifiers on the	
17	individual on the road in traffic violations	17	license.	
18	and things like that.	18	Q. And I'm trying to figure out why	
19	Q. Okay. Are there other types of	19	it's important that the identifier on the	
1		1.		
20	Alabama law enforcement officers for whom this	20	license relates to genitals. So how do you	
20 21	Alabama law enforcement officers for whom this interest would not this interest would not	20 21	license relates to genitals. So how do you know that people's genitals are what matter	
21	Alabama law enforcement officers for whom this interest would not this interest would not be relevant?	21	know that people's genitals are what matter	
	interest would not this interest would not			

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1	question. When you refer go ahead.	1	Q. Would anything about the arrest	
2	Q. No, please.	2	procedures that you applied vary based on the	
3	A. It just I don't know any other	3	sex of the arrestee?	
4	way to say if you're a female the search	4	A. In what manner?	
5	procedure is normally different than from a	5	Q. In any manner other than searches.	
6	male.	6	A. No. Typically it's the same with	
7	Q. Do you think do you think that a	7	me being female.	
8	person who is assigned male at birth and who	8	Q. Did you ever have to place	
9	identifies as a woman and who does not have	9	arrestees in holding cells?	
10	genitals that are typical for female might	10	A. No. That was the detention	
11	complain about impropriety if a male officer	11	facility personnel.	
12	searched them?	12	Q. Okay. So the police precincts	
13	A. I don't know if they would or not.	13	wouldn't detain people for any period of time	
14	MR. ARKLES: Let's take a short	14	under the authority of ALEA?	
15	break.	15	A. We would when we placed somebody	
16	(Break taken.)	16	under arrest, we put them in the patrol	
17		17	vehicle or the vehicle and then transport them	
18	Q. So if a law enforcement officer had	18	to the facility to be booked.	
19	to search a suspect who had long hair, gave a	19	Q. Would you during the booking	
20	feminine name, had breasts, wore a dress, and	20	procedure have to record the sex of the person	
21	a sex designation on her license read male,	21	who was arrested?	
22	would that officer apply the policy for men?	22	A. That would be up to the procedures	
23	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	23	of the facility how they enter that	
	Page 82			Page 84
	Page 82			Page 84
1	A. Well, it would be based on whatever	1	information.	Page 84
2	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.	2	information. Q. If you were a male and working	Page 84
2 3	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they		information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female	Page 84
2 3 4	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.	2	information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts	Page 84
2 3 4 5	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.Q. How would policy order 63 assist an	2 3 4 5	information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an	2 3 4 5 6	information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license?	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a	2 3 4 5 6 7	information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman?	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	information.Q. If you were a male and workinghighway patrol, would you call over a femaleofficer if you had an arrestee who had breastsand wore a dress and had a feminine name andhad a male sex designation on the license?A. If after questioning I wasn't sure,yes.	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information.It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy.Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman?A. It just gives them the correct	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think 	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? 	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on their policy. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? A. You know, just depending on the 	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on their policy. Q. When you worked in highway patrol, 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? A. You know, just depending on the investigation what how they answered the 	Page 84
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on their policy. Q. When you worked in highway patrol, if you were confronted with somebody who had 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? A. You know, just depending on the investigation what how they answered the questions. 	Page 84
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on their policy. Q. When you worked in highway patrol, if you were confronted with somebody who had long hair and breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and a male designation on their driver's license, would you have applied 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? A. You know, just depending on the investigation what how they answered the questions. Q. So you also testified that policy order 63 serves interest in the context of detention, right? 	Page 84
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. Well, it would be based on whatever their policy is. We provide the information. It's up to each individual agency how they create or enforce policy. Q. How would policy order 63 assist an officer in deciding whether to treat an arrestee in that situation as a man or a woman? A. It just gives them the correct identifying information for them to act on their policy. Q. When you worked in highway patrol, if you were confronted with somebody who had long hair and breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and a male designation on their driver's license, would you have applied the practices for dealing with male arrestees? A. I would being a female, I 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 information. Q. If you were a male and working highway patrol, would you call over a female officer if you had an arrestee who had breasts and wore a dress and had a feminine name and had a male sex designation on the license? A. If after questioning I wasn't sure, yes. Q. What type of questions do you think you would ask? A. You know, just depending on the investigation what how they answered the questions. Q. So you also testified that policy order 63 serves interest in the context of detention, right? A. Yes. Q. How does policy order 63 serve the 	Page 84

- **21** conducted a search regardless of the sex of
- **22** the arrestee?
- 23 A. Correct.

22

23

them.

Q. Do you have any reason to believe

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1	that genitals are the most useful piece of	1	that comply that withdrawn.	
2	information about sex for purposes of	2	Do you know if any Alabama agencies	
3	detention?	3	that detain people seek to comply with the	
4	A. It is for our purposes for the	4	Prison Rape Elimination Act?	
5	driver's license. I need you to define	5	A. I don't know.	
6	genitals to make sure my definition matches	6	Q. Not everyone who would be detained	
7	yours.	7	in Alabama would have an Alabama driver's	
8	Q. So you testified that one interest	8	license, right?	
9	the policy order 63 serves is to provide	9	A. Correct.	
10	information to detention agencies, right?	10	Q. Would your consider breasts to be	
11	A. Correct.	11	physical characteristics?	
12	Q. What information is it that you	12	A. Yes.	
13	intend to provide through policy order 63?	13	Q. Would you consider facial hair to	
14	A. The physical characteristics of	14	be a physical characteristic?	
15	their sex.	15	A. Not necessarily.	
16	Q. And which physical characteristics	16	Q. Would you consider hormones to be a	
17	do you mean?	17	physical characteristic?	
18	A. If they're a male, they have a	18	A. (Witness shakes head.)	
19	penis. And if they're a female, they have a	19	Q. Outward.	
20	vagina.	20	A. No. I'm sorry.	
21	Q. And do you know of any reason why	21	Q. Would you consider facial structure	
22	detention agencies would be more interested in	22	to be a physical characteristic?	
23	whether someone has a penis or a vagina than	23	A. No. Like what are you referring	
	Page 86			Page 88
		1		

Pa	ade	86
	~9~	~~

1	any other sort of information related to sex?	1	to?	
2	A. I don't know if they would be more	2	Q. So you earlier mentioned providing	
3	interested, but I would say if they're putting	3	information about people's physical	
4	them into a holding cell that they would want	4	characteristics. I'm just trying to	
5	to know that information is accurate.	5	understand what some physical characteristics	
6	Q. So is it your understanding that	6	might be.	
7	detention agencies will place people into a	7	A. Height, weight, eye color, hair	
8	holding cell based on whether they have a	8	color, and whether you're male or female.	
9	penis or a vagina?	9	Q. So let's consider somebody who is	
10	A. No. I'm saying I provide that	10	87 pounds, is arrested wearing makeup and a	
11	information so they can make that decision on	11	dress, has long hair and breasts, has a	
12	whether or not they want to put that	12	typically feminine voice and a typically	
13	individual in a different holding cell.	13	feminine name and who has a penis. Do you	
14	Q. Is there any reason that you know	14	have any reason to think that the	
15	why it is more helpful to provide information	15	characteristic of having a penis would be more	
16	about whether somebody has a penis or a vagina	16	important for purposes of detention than those	
17	rather than any other type of information	17	other features?	
18	about their sex?	18	A. I don't know for detention	
19	A. That's who they are physically.	19	purposes, but for our purposes of issuing an	
20	It's I mean, if that's who they are, then	20	identification document we would classify them	
21	that's their physical characteristic, that	21	as a male.	
22	they have those physical attributes.	22	Q. There's no reason you know of for	
23	Q. Do you know if any Alabama agencies	23	purposes of detention though, right?	
		1		1

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		Page 89					Page 91
1	A. No.		1	kind?			
2	Q. In interrogatory number 6, which is		2	A. Norma	lly it's entered into NCIC		
3	still in front of you, one of the interests		3	Q. Could	you spell out NCIC, pleas	se?	
4	expressed was identifying missing persons; is		4	A. I'm sor	ry?		
5	that right?		5	Q. Could	you just spell out NCIC,		
6	A. Yes.		6	please?			
7	Q. In what context would information		7	A. Nation	al Crime Information Cer	iter.	
8	from driver's licenses be used to identify a		8	Q. Is that	a federal database?		
9	missing person?		9	A. Yes.			
10	A. To confirm that that is the person.		10	Q. When	someone comes in to appl	y for	
11	Q. When you say to confirm that that		11	a learner's per	mit, what information ab	out	
12	is the person, do you mean in a circumstance		12	them is gather	red?		
13	where a dead body has been discovered?		13	A. Their r	name, full name, date of		
14	A. We have juveniles that come into		14	birth, Social S	Security number, eye colo	r, hair	
15	our office for a learner's permit or a license		15	color, sex, hei	ight, weight. Did I say rae	ce?	
16	who are missing and we identify them.		16	Q. I don't	think so.		
17	Q. So identification of a missing		17	A. Okay.			
18	person withdrawn.		18	Q. Race is	s also recorded?		
19	So could you give me an example of		19	A. Uh-hul	n.		
20	how the information on a driver's license		20	Q. At that	point is there automatic		
21	would identify somebody as a missing person		21	matching betw	ween the information in th	e NCIS	
22	when they came into the driver's license		22	database and -	oh, NCIC database and	the	
23	office for a learner's permit?		23	information c	ollected by the DMV?		
		Page 90					Page 92
1	A. Well, it's matching the physical		1	A. It depe	nds on if they're in there.		
2	characteristics to the person who has been		2	Q. How w	ould someone discover w	hether	
3	entered as missing.		3	they were in t	here?		
4	Q. When someone is reported as a		4	A. Oh, if i	it's a missing person, yes.		
5	missing person, what information is collected?		5	Is that what y	ou're asking? I'm not sure	e	
6	A. Height, weight, clothing, eye		6	about the que	stion.		
7	color, hair color, male, female, race.		7	Q. So if so	omebody arrives at a		
			~				

- 8 Q. Anything else? 9 A. Where they were last seen, who they
- 10 were with.
- 11 Q. Is information about tattoos also 12 recorded?
- 13 A. If they have them and depending on 14 if the family reported it, provided it.
- Q. And where does that information get 15
- 16 recorded?
- A. The -- which information? 17
- 18 Q. The information about the
- 19 description of a missing person. 20

report go into a searchable database of some

21 report.

22

23

- A. The officer would put it on the Q. Does the information from the
- provides at that time compared with 19 20 information in NCIC?

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21 A. Yes.

provide.

missing person?

A. Yes.

22 Q. Okay. And when information about

driver's license office to apply for a

driver's license for the first time and

there's no special reason to know that that

possible for ALEA to identify that person as a

person is a missing person, would it be

Q. How would that happen?

A. Through the information they

Q. So is the information that everyone

23 missing persons is collected, who does that

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1	information usually come from? So when you	1	and the sex designation in NCIC, would that	
2	take down a description of a missing person,	2	result not be reported?	
3	is the person who is giving you that	3	A. Are you asking if the sex	
4	description whoever reported the person	4	designation on the license and the reported	
5	missing?	5	sex is different?	
6	A. Correct.	6	Q. Uh-huh.	
7	Q. Typically would that person be a	7	A. I'm not exactly sure, but it'll	
8	friend or family member?	8	it'll based on the information provided,	
9	A. I guess. Probably.	9	it'll give you a list of possible identity,	
10	Q. And would the officer collecting	10	and so, no, it should be in there but then all	
11	the information ask specifically about	11	the information is not matching. It shows you	
12	genitals at that time?	12	all the information that you can compare that	
13	A. They would ask the sex of the	13	may or may not match that individual.	
14	individual.	14	Q. So when the information from	
15	Q. So likely they would ask the sex of	15	driver's license records and information from	
16	the individual without any additional	16	NCIC is compared, there will usually be a list	
17	explanation of what they mean by sex, right?	17	of various possibilities, none of whom are an	
18	A. Yes.	18	exact match?	
19	Q. Okay. In what other circumstances	19	A. Some could be an exact match, yes.	
20	does information from driver's license assist	20	Q. Okay. So the list will sometimes	
21	with the identification of missing persons?	21	contain some people who are exact matches and	
22	A. It just provides the information to	22	some people who are not exact matches?	
23	the officer so they can the basic	23	A. Correct.	
	Page 94			Page 96
1	identification identifying information so	1	Q. And does that list ever contain	
2	the officer can make a decision if that is the	2	some people who are listed as male and some	
3	person that they are looking for.	3	people who are listed as female?	
4	Q. When missing persons are found,	4	A. I don't know.	
5	sometimes they can identify themselves, right?	5	Q. In your experience, can you recall	
1		1		

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license?

A. Yes.

with that?

ever seeing a list that had some people who

are male and some people who are female?

Q. Do you think it's possible that if

someone were known to be a woman by her

friends and family and was typically perceived

to be a woman by strangers, that person might

even if she had a male sex designation on her

be reported as female if she went missing,

A. Yes, I guess it could be possible.

Q. Could you explain how it assists

A. It provides the basic description

of information, basic information on that

interest of identifying human remains?

Q. Does policy order 63 also serve the

A. I don't recall.

- 6 A. Uh-huh. 7 Q. Say that out loud. 8 A. Yes. 9 Q. And do officers when they --10 withdrawn. 11 During a traffic stop when an 12 officer views the driver's license of the 13 person who is stopped, would the officer then 14 routinely compare the information from that
- 15 license with information in NCIC?16 A. It depends on if they -- if they
- **17** ran them through NCIC or not. If they have
- 18 the capability to, they probably would, yes.19 Q. Okay. Is that another way that
- 20 missing persons are sometimes identified?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. If there were a mismatch between23 the sex designation on the driver's license

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1	individual.	1	in the process of identifying human remains?	
2	Q. Could you describe the process of	2	A. I mean, just as the case with the	
3	what happens when and officer discovers human	3	district attorney's office I spoke of, they	
4	remains?	4	were, you know, trying to confirm that who	
5	A. Are you speaking of like a fatality	5	they had identified was the person that they	
6	accident?	6	thought they had.	
7	Q. Sure, yes. If there's a fatality	7	Q. So in that situation the DA was	
8	accident and the officer does not immediate	8	able to make a possible identification of the	
9	does not immediately know who the person who	9	person, and they were able to contact ALEA to	
10	died is, what steps would be taken?	10	confirm the identity based on the driver's	
11	A. They would try to make	11	license records; is that right?	
12	identification on the subject.	12	A. Yes, based on the transition.	
13	Q. And how would they go about doing	13	Q. Uh-huh. If human remains were	
14	that?	14	found in a river, how would if human	
15	A. Search the car for information,	15	remains were found in a river and various	
16	search their belongings to see if they had	16	identification identifying information was	
17	identification on them, run the vehicle	17	collected about the decedent including	
18	information to see if it came back to an	18	physical characteristics like sex, height,	
19	individual, and then search you know, if it	19	weight, hair color, and eye color, would that	
20	comes back then link the driver's license.	20	information ever be compared with information	
21	They would look at the driver's license.	21	in driver's license records?	
22	Q. And if the person had a driver's	22	A. It could be, sure. We if they	
23	license, then the officer would look at the	23	request it, we can provide photos and	
	Page 98			Page 100
1	driver's license and see if the description	1	identifying information.	

1	driver's license and see if the description	1	identifying information.	
2	matched the decedent?	2	Q. Would they have to request photos	
3	A. Correct.	3	of a specific person or could they give you	
4	Q. And what would happen if no	4	parameters?	
5	driver's license was found to try to identify	5	A. Oh, no, no. It has to be the	
6	the person?	6	person they believed it to be.	
7	A. They would go through the process	7	Q. Okay. They would have to narrow it	
8	of looking through the vehicle and either, you	8	down first before you could assist in that	
9	know, making contact with family or, you know,	9	way?	
10	the owner of the vehicle to try to obtain	10	A. (Witness nods head.)	
11	information.	11	Q. Is there ever a time when ALEA gets	
12	Q. And then if for some reason that	12	contacted to share information from driver's	
13	was unsuccessful, would there be other steps	13	license records to identify human remains	
14	that they would take to try to identify the	14	without first having a possible specific	
15	person?	15	person to it that they think the person might	
16	A. Fingerprints is one way.	16	be?	
17	Q. Are there any other ways in	17	A. Not not that I can recall.	
18	addition to fingerprints?	18	Q. And when reviewing records in	
19	A. Dental records. There's a lot of	19	response to these requests, you can see if the	
20	different ways you can identify someone, DNA.	20	sex designation on the person's license has	
21	Q. Other than if a driver's license is	21	been changed at any point, right?	
22	found at the scene, when would the information	22	A. Yes.	
23	contained in driver's license records assist	23	Q. Okay. You also mentioned that	

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11ai	1 ayı01, etc., et al.			Del 14, 2010
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1	provision of emergency medical care was an	1	Q. What problems could arise when	
2	interest that policy order 63 serves, right?	2	information on an Alabama birth certificate is	
3	A. Yes.	3	different from information on an Alabama	
4	Q. And can you tell me how policy	4	driver's license?	
5	order 63 serves that interest?	5	A. What problems?	
6	A. Emergency personnel, you know, when	6	Q. Yes.	
7	you provide them the driver's license they see	7	A. In what context?	
8	whether they're dealing with a male or a	8	Q. Are you aware of any problems in	
9	female.	9	any context that could arise from having	
10	Q. And how does that assist them with	10	different information on a driver's license	
11	providing medical care?	11	than is on a birth certificate?	
12	A. It gives them the information that	12	A. Well, you're born I was born as	
13	they know who they're dealing with.	13	a female, and so that's my identifying what	
14	Q. Under what circumstances would	14	we call a breeder document when I go to get a	
15	emergency medical personnel rely on the sex on	15	license. And so if I come in and my birth	
16	a driver's license rather than physical	16	certificate says I'm female, then that is an	
17	examination?	17	identifier for me as a person in my identity.	
18	A. I'm not sure that they would. It's	18	And so if the birth document doesn't match	
19	just you know, it's a basic identifier for	19	what we have, we need to either find a	
20	those personnel that are responding.	20	document that links the change or find out why	
21	Q. In what circumstances would the	21	there is a discrepancy.	
22	health care that the person would receive vary	22	Q. Okay. So is it fair to say that	
23	based on the sex designation on their license?	23	you want to have a paper trail that indicates	
	Page 102			Page 104
1	A. That would be up to the emergency	1	a link between a breeder document like a birth	
2	personnel, the responders.	2	certificate and any different information on	
3	Q. Are you aware of any circumstances	3	the driver's license?	

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that --

A. Yes.

A. We want to know why it was

different. I mean, the birth certificate is

your identity document. And if I'm Deena

sex from female to male, and then I could

Pregno and I'm -- I have somehow changed my

possibly change my name to something else just

by going to a probate office, I could feasibly

Q. If someone changes the name on

their birth certificate, do they also have to

change the name on their driver's license?

the name on their driver's license if they

have changed it on their birth certificate?

Q. Are individuals required to change

A. Yes. The name on the license is to

match the name on the birth certificate. Now

it can be changed due to marriage or divorce

as long as they provide those documents. Is

have a totally different identity.

- 4 where the sex designation on the license would
- 5 change the medical treatment that someone
- 6 might receive?7 A. No.
- 8 Q. You mentioned earlier that it was
- **9** important to have policy order 63 be
- **10** consistent with the state policy for birth
- **11** certificates; is that right?
- **12** A. Yes.
- **13** Q. Could you remind me of why having
- **14** that consistency is important to the
- **15** government?
- **16** A. We want to be consistent in
- **17** providing -- with requiring the same types of
- **18** documents when we're dealing with the same
- **19** type of situation.
- 20 Q. Is consistency with Social Security
- **21** records also important?
- **22** A. I'm not sure what information is in
- **23** Social Security records.

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1	I'm sorry. Let me clarify. We		1	requirements for Alabama birth certificates,	
2	start out with the name that's on the birth		2	right?	
3	certificate. If they're married or divorced		3	A. Yes. Maybe I did I answer	
4	they bring in documentation of the marriage or		4	that I may have missed did I answer	
5	the divorce and that's how we change the name		5	incorrectly? Yes, we are consistent with the	
6	on the license.		6	State of Alabama's requirements to change the	
7	Q. Other than when one is applying for		7	sex designation with our policy.	
8	a drivers' license, when would the information		8	Q. Okay. And why is it more important	
9	in driver's license records be compared		9	to ALEA to match the requirements for birth	
10	against information in birth records?	:	10	certificates than for say U.S. passports?	
11	A. There's no other time	:	11	A. Well, we want to maintain	
12	Q. Okay.	:	12	consistency, but we want what is displayed on	
13	A that I'm aware of.	:	13	the document to be true.	
14	Q. Okay. And when people change their	:	14	Q. So is it ALEA's position that the	
15	name on a birth certificate, is there any	:	15	information on U.S. passports is less likely	
16	coordination among agencies to then inform	:	16	to be true than the information on birth	
17	ALEA that that name has been changed?	:	17	certificates?	
18	A. No.	:	18	A. I don't know.	
19	Q. If somebody changes their name on a	:	19	Q. Could documentation from a doctor	
20	driver's license, is there any coordination		20	stating that someone had had clinical, but not	
21	such that the Department of Vital Statistics		21	necessarily surgical, treatment to change	
22	would be informed of the name change?		22	their sex provide a paper trail for purposes	
23	A. No.		23	of driver's licenses?	
		Page 106			Page 108

1 Q. Okay. 1 MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form. 2 A. I'm not sure of your question. 2 A. Well, I don't know. I don't know 3 what probates do when they make -- I don't 3 Q. So you stated earlier that if know if they notify the Bureau of Live there's some information that is different 4 4 Statistics. You would have to talk to them. 5 than the information on the birth certificate 5 you want some sort of documentation of why 6 I don't know what their process is. 6 7 7 Q. So probate might. You don't know. it's different; is that right? 8 But as far as you know, ALEA doesn't inform 8 A. Yes. 9 them? 9 Q. And that documentation for purposes 10 A. Correct. 10 of sex designation can come in the form of an 11 Q. Thank you. Is it fair to say that 11 amended birth certificate or a letter stating 12 ALEA is more concerned about making sure that 12 that someone has received sex reassignment 13 it's asking for the same types of documents to 13 surgery, correct? 14 change sex designation as Alabama does for 14 A. Correct. birth certificates than it is concerned by 15 15 Q. Could a letter from a doctor 16 doing the same thing as federal agencies? 16 stating that someone has had clinical 17 A. No, I wouldn't say that. 17 treatment for sex reassignment, not 18 Q. Is policy order 63 serving the 18 necessarily surgical treatment, also serve as 19 interest of maintaining consistency with 19 documentation for that purpose? federal identity documents? 20 20 A. For changing the sex designation? 21 A. No. 21 O. Yes. 22 Q. And policy order 63 does serve the 22 A. No. 23 23 interest of maintaining consistency with Q. Okay. And other than simply that

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		Page 109	Page 11
1	it's the policy, why would that documentation		and a U.S. passport, would that be sufficient
2	not be adequate to show the connection between	:	
3	the breeder document and the current		A. Yes.
4	information?		Q. And if the sex designation on all
5	A. Because the letter from the doctor		
6	saying that they performed the sex		be the sex designation that would be reflected
7	reassignment surgery is stating that they		on the Alabama driver's license?
8	performed the procedure, and we're counting on	8	A. Yes.
9	the doctors to provide that information.	9	Q. Would you consider race an
10	Q. So aside from making the same	10	important characteristic for identifying
11	requests as the state makes for changing birth	13	people?
12	certificates and for maintaining documentation	12	A. One of them, yes.
13	of any differences between birth certificates	1:	Q. Why isn't race on the driver's
14	and information on driver's licenses, are	14	license?
15	there any other reasons why it's important to	1!	
16	have consistency between the policy for birth	10	
17	certificates and the policy for driver's	11	1
18	licenses?	18	5
19	A. It's just we're keeping	19	
20	documentation the same as in changing a name.	20	
21	We're tracking changes to that person's	23	
22	identifying information. Just as I would come	22	
23	in as Deena Pregno, if I changed my name to	2:	pieces of information to share about sex?
		Page 110	Page 112
1	something else, I would have to provide	Page 110	-
1 2	something else, I would have to provide documentation as to what I changed it to. And	:	
		:	 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born
2	documentation as to what I changed it to. And		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born
2 3	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what
2 3 4	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity information.		A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what we go by.
2 3 4 5	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity information. Q. And aside from wanting to make the		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what we go by. Q. So ALEA will not recognize
2 3 4 5 6	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity information. Q. And aside from wanting to make the same request for birth certificates as for		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what we go by. Q. So ALEA will not recognize transgender people unless their genitals have
2 3 4 5 6 7	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity information. Q. And aside from wanting to make the same request for birth certificates as for driver's licenses, is there any other reason		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what we go by. Q. So ALEA will not recognize transgender people unless their genitals have been changed from a penis to a vagina or a
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	documentation as to what I changed it to. And it's tracking that person's identity information. Q. And aside from wanting to make the same request for birth certificates as for driver's licenses, is there any other reason why it's important to the government that policy order 63 is similar to the Alabama state statute for changing sex on birth		 A. I don't know if it's it goes back to the birth certificate. You're born with a sex designation, and until that has changed on the birth certificate that's what we go by. Q. So ALEA will not recognize transgender people unless their genitals have been changed from a penis to a vagina or a vagina to a penis; is that correct? A. Well, no. We have to get a letter
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1	amended birth certificate, right?	1	Q. Okay. And do you personally	
2	A. Correct.	2	believe that somebody who was assigned male at	
3	Q. And if you first get a license at	3	birth and who identifies as female and who has	
4	the age of sixteen and you show a Social	4	had sex reassignment surgery is a woman?	
5	Security card, a U.S. passport, and secondary	5	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to form.	
6	identification, not including a birth	6	A. Repeat the question, please.	
7	certificate, would that be sufficient to	7	Q. Do you personally believe that	
8	obtain an Alabama driver's license?	8	somebody who was assigned male at birth, who	
9	A. Yes.	9	identifies as female, and who has had sex	
10	Q. And if the sex designation on all	10	reassignment surgery is a woman?	
11	of those documents were consistent, that would	11	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
12	be the sex designation reflected on the	12	A. Genetically they're a male.	
13	driver's license, correct?	13	Physically they're a female.	
14	A. Yes.	14	Q. Okay. And personally do you	
15	Q. To your knowledge, how many	15	believe that somebody who was assigned male at	
16	transgender people work at ALEA?	16	birth and who identifies as female and who has	
17	A. One to my knowledge.	17	not had sex reassignment surgery is a woman?	
18	Q. How many people work at ALEA	18	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
19	overall?	19	A. They are physically a male.	
20	A. Twelve to fourteen hundred maybe.	20	Q. So you don't believe that somebody	
21	Q. Okay. I'm going to ask you some	21	is a woman in that circumstance?	
22	questions now that are about you personally	22	A. Correct.	
23	rather than about ALEA.	23	Q. And why is that?	
	Page 114			Page 116
1	Have you ever heard anyone at ALEA	1	A. Because they still have the	
2	express their personal opinions about	2	physical attributes of a male.	
3	transgender people?	3	Q. And why is it that you believe that	
4	A. No.	4	physical attributes determine whether somebody	
5	Q. What are your thought about	5	is a man or a woman?	
6	transgender people?	6	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
7	A. Live and let live.	7	A. I guess it goes back to birth.	
8	Q. Have your opinions about	8	Q. What do you mean by that?	
9	transgender people changed over time?	9	A. It goes back to how when you	
10	A. Probably.	10	were born you were you had you were	
11	Q. Can you say how?	11	either a male or a female.	
12	A. I just didn't understand. I just	12	Q. And do you have any concerns about	
		1		

13 don't understand the process of somebody 14 wanting to change. 15 Q. And how did you come to understand 16 that more? 17 A. I have some friends who are 18 lesbian. They are not transgender, but I have 19 friends. 20 Q. And your friends have talked to you 21 about transgender issues?

A. No, not necessarily transgender

issues but same sex relationships.

people transitioning gender? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.

- **15** A. What concerns would I have?
- 16 Q. Do you have any concerns about it?17 A. No.
- **18** Q. Do you have any moral or religious
- **19** beliefs about transitioning gender?
- 20 A. No.21 MR. CHYNOWETH: Object
 - MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.
 - 22 A. No.
 - **23** Q. If you knew that someone was

22

23

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1141	Taylor, etc., et al. Case: 21-10486	Date Flied:	00/	02/2021 Page: 40 of 204 N	ovember 14, 2018
		Page 117			Page 119
1	assigned male at birth, identified as a woman,		1	looked at any other states.	
2	would you feel comfortable referring to that		2	MR. ARKLES: Okay. Thank you.	
3	person as she or ma'am?		3	That's all I have. Would you like to ask any	
4	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.		4	questions?	
5	A. Would I feel comfortable? If		5	MR. CHYNOWETH: Yes.	
6	that's the way they wanted to be addressed,		6		
7	no.		7	EXAMINATION	
8	Q. So just to be clear, you wouldn't		8	BY MR. CHYNOWETH:	
9	feel comfortable referring to someone as she		9	Q. I have just a few questions for	
10	or ma'am if they identified as a woman and		10	you, Chief Pregno. You were asked earlier b	ру
11	wanted to be referred to as she or ma'am but		11	Mr. Arkles if you had any certifications and	I
12	was assigned male at birth?		12	believe did you testify that you had had a	
13	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.		13	cosmetology certification at some point?	
14	A. No, I would not be uncomfortable.		14	A. I did.	
15	Q. Okay. You would not be		15	Q. Have you had any other	
16	uncomfortable doing that?		16	certifications that you can recall at this	
17	A. The question is getting a little		17	time?	
18	confusing.		18	A. I currently hold an APOSTC	
19	Q. Somebody who has transitioned from		19	certification to be an arresting officer as	
20	male to female		20	well as firearms certification, tazer	
21	A. Male to female, right.		21	certification, OC, and other various training	
22	Q and wants to be referred to as		22	I have received with the agency.	
23	she		23	Q. Do law enforcement agencies in this	
		Dama 110			Dama (20)
		Page 118			Page 120
1	A. I have no problem with that.		1	state consist in part of county sheriff's	
2	Q. Okay. And do you have any concerns		2	departments?	
3	personally about policy order 63?			1	
4			3	A. Yes.	
5	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.		3 4	-	
	A. No.			A. Yes.	
6	A. No.Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone		4	A. Yes.Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff?A. Yes.	
6 7	A. No.Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for		4 5	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide 	
7 8	A. No.Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender		4 5 6 7 8	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement 	
7	A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person?		4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? 	
7 8 9 10	A. No.Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person?A. No.		4 5 7 8 9 10	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. 	
7 8 9 10 11	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do 		4 5 7 8 9 10 11	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county 	
7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. 		4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? 	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do 		4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. 	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) 		4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest 	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests 		4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? 	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. 	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures 	5
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? 	3
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. Q. Do you have any reason to believe 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. 	5
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that any of the government interests that 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Are there municipal police 	5
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that any of the government interests that you've described today are significantly 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Are there municipal police departments in this state? 	5
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that any of the government interests that you've described today are significantly different in Alabama than in other states? 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Are there municipal police departments in this state? A. Yes. 	5
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. No. Q. And, to your knowledge, has anyone within ALEA ever been reprimanded for interacting disrespectfully with a transgender person? A. No. MR. ARKLES: All right. Let's do one last short break. (Break taken.) Q. Are there any government interests in policy order 63 that we have not already discussed today? A. No. Q. Do you have any reason to believe that any of the government interests that you've described today are significantly 		4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 A. Yes. Q. Do county does each county have a county sheriff? A. Yes. Q. Do the county sheriffs provide patrol officers that provide law enforcement on a countywide basis? A. Yes. Q. Do county sheriff's maintain county jails? A. Yes. Q. Does ALEA formulate arrest procedures for county sheriffs? A. No. Q. Does ALEA formulate jail procedures for county jails? A. No. Q. Are there municipal police departments in this state? 	5

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	Page 121			Page 123
1	search procedures for municipal police	1	another form of government identification?	
2	departments?	2	A. In the presence of court officials	
3	A. No.	3	or a judge or at the request of an Alabama law	
4	Q. Do some municipalities maintain	4	enforcement officer.	
5	municipal or city jails?	5	Q. Is ALEA primarily a law enforcement	
6	A. Yes.	6	organization?	
7	Q. Does ALEA formulate policies for	7	A. Yes.	
8	those municipalities on how to run their	8	Q. So in controlling the information	
9	jails?	9	that goes onto an Alabama driver's license, is	
10	A. No.	10	it fair to say that ALEA has in mind the law	
11	Q. So in your capacity as a 30(b)6	11	enforcement officers that a citizen is	
12	witness for ALEA, are you able to testify	12	required to display the driver's license to?	
13	about arrests, search, or booking procedures	13	A. Yes.	
14	that might be used by a county sheriff	14	Q. To your knowledge, is the sex that	
15	department?	15	goes on an Alabama birth certificate based on	
16	A. No.	16	the genitals a baby has at birth?	
17	Q. Are you able to testify as to all	17	A. Yes.	
18	of the same procedures that might be used by	18	Q. So if someone were to initially	
19	every municipal police department?	19	obtain an Alabama driver's license with an	
20	A. No.	20	Alabama birth certificate, what sex would go	
21	Q. Does the information contained on a	21	onto the driver's license?	
22	driver's license provide information to county	22	MR. ARKLES: Objection to form.	
23	sheriff's departments?	23	A. Whatever is on the birth	
	Page 122			Page 124
1	A. Yes.	1	certificate.	
1 2	O Does the information contained on a	2	O If someone were to obtain an	

1	A. Yes.	1	certificate.
2	Q. Does the information contained on a	2	Q. If someone were to obtain an
3	driver's license provide information to	3	Alabama driver's license with an Alabama birth
4	municipal police departments?	4	certificate, what sex designation would go on
5	A. Yes.	5	to the Alabama license?
6	Q. Is it part of ALEA's purpose to	6	A. The sex designation that's on the
7	provide information by means of a driver's	7	birth certificate.
8	license to these law enforcement agencies?	8	Q. And then that would be based on the
9	A. Yes.	9	genitals that the baby had at birth which
10	Q. Does the information contained on a	10	resulted in the sex designation on the birth
11	driver's license allow these law enforcement	11	certificate?
12	agencies to develop their own arrest, search,	12	A. Yes.
13	and booking procedures?	13	Q. How do you obtain an amended birth
14	A. Yes.	14	certificate with a changed sex?
15	Q. Does ALEA control what information	15	A. They have to provide documentation
16	goes onto a driver's license?	16	to the Bureau of Vital Statistics and they
17	A. Yes.	17	issue an amended birth certificate.
18	Q. Does ALEA control what information	18	Q. Documentation of what?
19	goes onto a United States passport?	19	A. Of sexual reassignment.
20	A. No.	20	Q. So the procedure for changing so
21	Q. What are some circumstances in	21	the procedure for amending the birth
22	which you are required to show an Alabama	22	certificate to change the sex is to provide
23	driver's license as opposed to a passport or	23	proof of sex reassignment surgery?

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1141	rayior, etc., et al.			2010
	Page	e 125		Page 127
1	A. Yes.	:	1 A. No.	
2	Q. And so the procedure under policy	:	2 Q. Why isn't a letter from an	
3	order 63 for changing the sex on a driver's		3 examining physician sufficient under policy	
4	license is one of two things: First, is it		4 63?	
5	you can provide an amended birth certificate?	1	5 A. Because we have stuck with	
6	A. Yes.		6 requiring the doctor who performed the	
7	Q. With respect to Alabama birth		7 surgery. In past we've always gone back to	
8	certificates, an amended birth certificate to	:	8 the Code of Alabama, and that's that's what	
9	change your sex requires proof of sex	:	9 the policy has always been. I'm not sure why.	
10	reassignment surgery, correct?	1	0 MR. ARKLES: Thank you. That's all	
11	A. Correct.	1:	1 I have.	
12	Q. The second means is for changing	1:	2 (The deposition of DEENA PREGNO,	
13	the sex on an Alabama license is to provide a	1	3 concluded on November 14, 2018, at	
14	doctor's note from the doctor who performed	1	4 12:35 p.m.)	
15	the procedure stating that sexual reassignment	1	5 FURTHER DEPONENT SAITH NOT	
16	surgery had been completed, correct?	1	6	
17	A. Correct.	1	7	
18	Q. Do you know whether race is	1	8	
19	contained on birth certificates?	1:	9	
20	A. I do not know.	2	0	
21	MR. CHYNOWETH: No further	2	1	
22	questions.	2	2	
23		2	3	

1	EXAMINATION	1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	BY MR. ARKLES:	2	STATE OF ALABAMA)
3	Q. Just a couple of questions to	3	JEFFERSON COUNTY)
4	follow up. One, would you mind explaining the	4	I, Elaine Scott, Licensed Court
5	acronyms and certifications you mentioned?	5	Reporter and Commissioner for the State of
6	A. APOSTC is Alabama Peace Officer	6	Alabama at Large, hereby certify that on
-		7	November 14, 2018, I reported the deposition
7	Standards Training Commission. Every law	8	of DEENA PREGNO, who was first duly sworn or
8	enforcement officer in the State of Alabama	9	affirmed to speak the truth in the matter of
9	has to meet APOSTC standards to be a law	10	the foregoing cause, and that pages 1 through
10	enforcement officer. Tazer we have tazer	11	128 contain a true and accurate transcription
11	certification where you are tazed with a	12	of the examination of said witness by counsel
12	tazer. OC is paper spray certification where		-
13	you're sprayed with paper spray. Firearms you	13	for the parties set out herein.
14	qualify every year to minimum standards,	14	I further certify that I am neither
15	firearms qualifications.	15	of kin nor of counsel to any of the parties to
16	Q. To change the sex designation on an	16	said cause nor in any manner interested in the
17	Alabama birth certificate one needs to supply	17	results thereof.
18	a court order to the Department of Vital	18	
19	Statistics, right?	19	ELAINE SCOTT, Court Reporter
20	A. If that's what's in the statute.	20	and Commissioner for the State
21	Q. Is the ALEA policy of providing	21	of Alabama at Large,
22	information to counties and municipalities	22	CCR License No. 354, Expires 9/30/19
23	based on any statute or written policy?	23	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES NOVEMBER 16, 2019
		1	

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			-	1000011001 14, 2010
	31:21;32:10,11,13,	107:9;111:21;112:6;	23:3	assuming (1)
	22;33:4,9;34:6;40:13,	113:16,18,23;114:1;	arise (2)	60:17
Α				
		118:7;120:14,17,23;	103:1,9	attached (1)
ability (1)	affidavits (1)	121:7,12;122:15,18;	ARKLES (16)	30:20
47:10	31:14	123:5,10;126:21	4:4,6;6:17,20;37:9,	attending (3)
able (19)	affirmed (3)	A-L-E-A (1)	19;38:13;78:8;81:14;	18:20;31:17;32:2
9:6;32:18;37:21,22;	6:8,14;50:20	7:7	110:15;118:11;119:2,	attention (1)
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23;64:8;70:14,21;71:3;	8:22;25:22;38:17;	9:14;45:6;55:10;	127:10	attest (1)
79:10;99:8,9;121:12,	45:3;51:16	107:14;122:6	Around (7)	57:13
17	against (1)	allege (1)	7:12;14:15;19:5,10;	attesting (1)
academy (3)	105:10	44:13	20:13,18;21:12	31:20
17:14;20:2;21:20	age (1)	allow (3)	arrest (20)	attorney (1)
	113:4	29:20;35:14;122:11	44:17,22;56:2;63:16,	37:5
acceptable (1) 31:19	agencies (13)	allows (1)	19;68:13,15;73:1,3,13,	attorneys (1)
	44:9;73:8;80:4;	33:17	22;74:7,18;78:13;79:2;	6:21
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97:6,8	105:16;106:16;119:23;	46:6	122:12	59:11;60:10,13;99:3
According (1)	122:8,12	Although (1)	arrested (3)	attribute (2)
29:14		44:2	68:10;83:21;88:10	71:14,19
account (2)	Agency (14)			
42:5;45:11	7:8;9:11;33:11;37:5,	always (4)	arrestee (11)	attributes (3)
accurate (4)	6;44:2;51:3;55:13;	8:14;77:12;127:7,9	73:15,23;74:19;75:3,	86:22;116:2,4
56:20;57:21;84:20;	70:2;78:5;79:6,7;82:3;	amended (17)	6;77:20;80:5;82:7,22;	authority (6)
86:5	119:22	28:14;29:4,16,23;	83:3;84:4	24:1,4;26:10;27:8;
accurately (1)	agency's (1)	43:9,13;45:8;46:6;	arrestees (7)	39:11;83:14
9:7	79:9	65:7,16;66:22;108:11;	75:11,14;77:3,9,13;	automatic (1)
accusations (1)	ago (2)	113:1;124:13,17;	82:17;83:9	91:20
77:17	33:16;59:12	125:5,8	arresting (6)	automatically (1)
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52:1,3,12;82:10;87:4	agreed (3)	49:18	56:15;58:14;121:13	autopsy (1)
activity (3)	5:2,18;6:1	among (2)	arrives (1)	59:17
55:18,19;56:14	agreement (2)	76:23;105:16	92:7	available (1)
actual (2)	5:5;41:3	and/or (2)	ASA (3)	76:21
28:3;56:5	ahead (3)	46:1,10	23:3,4,7	aviation (1)
Actually (7)	20:22;29:17;81:1	anniversary (1)	aside (7)	21:19
20:22;28:7;36:15;	Alabama (64)	15:22	39:5;47:16;48:2;	avoid (2)
48:21;55:22;59:10;	3:11;5:10,17;7:7;	answered (1)	62:12;64:16;109:10;	63:18;77:16
75:1	9:10;11:19,22;20:10;	84:12	110:5	aware (13)
addition (3)	26:6;43:14;48:11;	APOSTC (3)	aspects (1)	32:8;41:23;42:20;
18:2;64:4;98:18	52:18,18,22;53:5,5,8,	119:18;126:6,9	20:6	45:13,14;51:7;52:7;
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15:7;16:21;62:14;	58:10;65:19;69:17,20;	34:13	16:16;23:8;81:8;	103:8;105:13
93:16	70:2;71:9,12,21;72:3,7,	appearance (2)	115:2,8,15;117:1,12	
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41:6	86:23;87:2,7,7;103:2,	applicants (2)	16:12,14;19:18;	
addressed (1)	3;106:14;107:1;110:9,	50:23;51:2	20:19	baby (2)
117:6	21;111:2,7;113:8;	applied (2)	assist (14)	123:16;124:9
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DOC. 48-7

Exhibit 7

Deposition of Diane Woodruff

In The Matter Of:

Darcy Corbitt, Destiny Clark, and Jane Doe v. Hal Taylor, etc., et al.

> Diane Woodruff November 8, 2018

Baker Realtime Worldwide Court Reporting & Video 250 Commerce Street Third Floor, Suite One Montgomery, Alabama 36104 www.BakerRealtime.com

> Original File 11-8-18 Diane Woodruff.txt Min-U-Script® with Word Index

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3	NORTHERN DIVISION	3 ALSO PRESENT:
4		4 Meredith Barnes
5	CIVIL ACTION NO.: 2:18-CV-00091-MHT-GMB	5
6		6 COURT REPORTER:
7	DARCY CORBITT, DESTINY CLARK, and JANE DOE,	7 BAKER REALTIME WORLDWIDE REPORTING & VIDEO
8	Plaintiffs,	8 250 Commerce Street
9	ν.	9 Third Floor, Suite One
10	HAL TAYLOR, in his official capacity as	10 Montgomery, Alabama 36104
11	Secretary of the Alabama Law Enforcement	11
12	Agency, et al.	12
13	Defendants.	13
14		14
15	DEPOSITION OF DIANE WOODRUFF	15
16	November 8, 2018	16
17		17
18	Taken before Elaine Scott, CCR,	18
19	Commissioner for the State of Alabama at	
20		19
	Large, in the Law Offices of the Alabama	20
21	Attorney General, 501 Washington Avenue,	21
	Montgomery, Alabama, on Thursday, November 8,	22
23	2018, commencing at approximately 12:55 p.m.	23
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1	13 Doctor's Letter 125		1	Alabama L	aw Enforcement Agency an	d in
2	STIPULATIONS		1 2		ne creation, implementation	
3	It is hereby stipulated and agreed by		3	-	unit works, questions in the	
	and between counsel representing the parties		4		elated to or quickly related	
	that the deposition of DIANE WOODRUFF is taken		5	-	r 63, the order that lays out	
	pursuant to stipulation and agreement; that		6		ts for a person to change sex	
	all formalities with respect to procedural		7	driver's lice		r on u
	requirements are waived; that said deposition		8		efore we begin I would like	to
	may be taken before Elaine Scott, Certified		9		st a few instructions. Try to	
	Court Reporter and Commissioner for the State		10		rything verbally so that way	
	of Alabama at Large, without the formality of		11		irt reporter hears. And I'm	
	a commission; that objections to questions		12		this as well, try not to talk	
	other than objections as to the form of the		13	-	ther. So if I'm asking a que	stion,
14	questions need not be made at this time but		14	just let me f	finish and I'm going to try to	o let
15	may be reserved for a ruling at such time as		15	you finish t	he answer because it's hard	to,
16	the deposition may be offered in evidence or		16	you know,	write it down when we're al	1
17	used for any other purpose as provided for by		17	speaking. A	And try to answer everything	g
18	the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure.		18	verbally so	that way the court reporter	can
19	It is further stipulated and agreed		19	get it. So n	ods and head shakes, you ki	now,
20	by and between counsel representing the		20	can't hardly	doesn't translate well. A	nd
21	parties that the filing of the deposition may		21	you can ask	for a break, but just not wh	nile
22	be introduced at the trial of this case or		22	I'm in the m	hiddle of a question or when	ı you're
23	used in any manner by either party hereto		23	answering.	We'll try to finish the answ	er and
		Page 6				Page 8
1	provided for by the Statute.		1	then we car	take a break at that point.	
2	It is further stipulated and agreed		2	A. Yes,		
	by and between the parties hereto and the		3		y. And just let me know if y	you
	witness that the signature of the witness to		4		plement or clarify somethin	
	this deposition IS hereby waived.		5	-	we can try to do that.	•
6			6	Have	e you ever been deposed bei	fore?
7	DIANE WOODRUFF,		7	A. No,	sir.	
8	The witness, having first been duly		8	Q. Oka	y. Are you taking any	
9	sworn or affirmed to speak the truth, the		9	medication	that would make you unabl	e to
10	whole truth and nothing but the truth,		10	testify toda	y?	
11	testified as follows:		11	A. No,	sir.	
12			12	Q. Oka	y. Did you prepare or wh	at
13	THE COURT REPORTER: Usual		13	did you do	to prepare for the deposition	1
14	stipulations?		14	today?		
15	(Affirmed by counsel.)		15		ne over and spoke with	
16			16	-	weth along with Meredith M	-
17	EXAMINATION		17		I actually didn't even know	
	BY MR. BOONE:		18		involved until possibly I	
19	Q. My name is Brock Boone, and I'm an		19		as last week sometime or th	ie week
20	attorney for the ACLU of Alabama. We're here		20	before.		

- **21** today to discuss -- we represent the
- **22** plaintiffs in Corbitt v. Taylor. So I'm just
- **23** going to ask you some questions about the

21

22

23

A. Roughly.

Q. Okay. So about three weeks ago --

Q. -- you didn't know for sure if you

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				0
1	were going to be deposed?	1	Q. Okay. So were you did you work	
2	A. Right.	2	right after high school, and could you explain	
3	Q. Okay. But on Monday you just had	3	a little bit about that?	
4	conversations with Brad and Meredith?	4	A. Yes. I worked that's a long	
5	A. Uh-huh.	5	time ago. Let me see if I can remember.	
6	Q. Okay. Did you bring any documents	6	Right out of high school I went to work for a	
7	with you today?	7	forklift company, and then I worked at a hotel	
8	A. No, sir.	8	as the front desk clerk, and then I got the	
9	Q. Okay. Have you there's no one	9	state job pretty much.	
10	else you've spoken to about this deposition?	10	Q. Okay. Could you give some years as	
11	A. Yes. I did speak with Jeannie	11	to graduating high school and then, you	
12	Eastman who's involved in this also.	12	know	
13	Q. Okay.	13	A. I graduated high school in 1981.	
14	A. Just to tell her the day I was	14	Right out of high school let me retract	
15	coming over here.	15	what I said. I worked at a day care center on	
16	Q. That's there's nothing else that	16	base while I was attending AUM. And then I	
17	was said?	17	went to Troy State University for a while and	
18	A. (Witness shakes head.) No, sir.	18	was working at the forklift company. That was	
19	Sorry.	19	approximately probably '86, '87. And then	
20	Q. So it was just about the date,	20	worked at the Ramada Inn as a front desk clerk	
21	nothing substantive about the case or what	21	about '88, '89. And then in 1991 I got the	
22	you're going to say or anything like that?	22	job with the then the Department of Public	
23	A. No, sir.	23	Safety.	

Pane	10
i aye	10

1	Q. Was there anyone else present at	1	Q. So how many years have you been	
2	that time?	2	with the Department of Public Safety or ALEA?	
3	A. No, sir. I think she just came	3	A. Twenty-seven almost twenty-	
4	into my office that day and asked what day I	4	eight. In February it will be twenty-eight	
5	was going.	5	years.	
6	Q. Okay. Is there any reason that you	6	Q. Okay. Could you just for the	
7	wouldn't be able to answer the questions fully	7	record explain a little bit about the	
8	and accurately today?	8	Department of Public Safety and how you	
9	A. No, I can't think of any unless I	9	know, I understand how it's a body under	
10	just didn't remember.	10	ALEA. Could you explain a little bit about	
11	Q. Yeah, I was going to get there.	11	that transition because that's pretty recent	
12	And so now I'm going to go into a little bit	12	within the last five years.	
13	of your background. And as they prompted me,	13	A. It was. Well, I'm not sure I	
14	maybe I should have done it from the get-go.	14	understand explaining it, but we're currently	
15	Could you state your full name?	15	the Department of Public Safety underneath the	
16	A. My name is Diane Woodruff, Diane	16	umbrella of the Alabama Law Enforcement	
17	Crew Woodruff.	17	Agency. Driver's license is one facet	
18	Q. Okay. And can you talk a little	18	underneath the Department of Public Safety, in	
19	bit about your educational background?	19	addition to Highway Patrol and to be honest	
20	A. I have a bachelor's degree from	20	I'm not even sure, we've had so many changes,	
21	Faulkner University in criminal justice.	21	what other where they all fall. I know	
22	Q. When about was that?	22	where we fall and I know where highway patrol	
23	A. Actually I just got it in 2015.	23	falls under the umbrella.	

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1	Q. Was the Department of Public Safety	1	A. Okay. I was hired in 1991 as a	
2	at one point it was not under the Alabama Law	2	driver's license examiner one. I worked as an	
3	Enforcement Agency?	3	examiner one for ten years. So in 2001 I was	
4	A. No. It was a state agency alone by	4	promoted to driver's license examiner two.	
5	itself.	5	And then in 2005 I was promoted to the	
6	Q. When did it become under the	6	driver's license supervisor and transferred	
7	umbrella of the Alabama Law Enforcement	7	from the exam office to the headquarters	
8	Agency?	8	office at 301 South Ripley Street. And then	
9	A. I want to say it was around 2014,	9	from 2005 to 2012 I was a driver's license	
10	2015.	10	supervisor. And then in 2012 I became the	
11	Q. Did anything change for you at that	11	driver's license manager.	
12	time with your employment?	12	Q. Okay. I'm sorry.	
13	A. No, sir.	13	A. I'm sorry.	
14	Q. You kept your same position?	14	Q. You're talking kind of quicker than	
15	A. Everything.	15	I expected.	
16	Q. Okay. Your check still came from	16	A. Okay.	
17	the same	17	Q. And the titles too are just like	
18	A. Yes.	18	they're all new to me a little bit.	
19	Q. Okay. Well, I guess the name	19	A. Sure.	
20	A. Well, the name did change to the	20	Q. So driver's license examiner two in	
21	Alabama Law Enforcement Agency.	21	2001?	
22	Q. Okay.	22	A. Correct.	
23	A. For a while in the very	23	Q. And then your next position was	

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1	beginning of the transition we got away	1	supervisor?
2	from driver's license really wasn't under	2	A. Right, in 2005.
3	the Alabama Department of Public Safety. It	3	Q. And was that when you were 2005
4	was under ALEA and it was under the Citizens	4	supervisor, was that still on Coliseum
5	Services Bureau. And then we had some more	5	Boulevard?
6	changes as the governor changed and they kind	6	A. No. That's when I transferred to
7	of did a restructuring again and brought back	7	our headquarters.
8	the Alabama Department of Public Safety and	8	Q. Okay. But when you were driver's
9	then put us underneath that and we kind of did	9	license examiner two, that was on Coliseum
10	away with the Citizen Services Bureau.	10	Boulevard?
11	Q. You have always been with the	11	A. Still on Coliseum, yes, sir.
12	driver's license division?	12	Q. Okay. So 2005 supervisor in the
13	A. I have, uh-huh.	13	main office I'll call it?
14	Q. Okay. What was your title when you	14	A. Right. Right.
15	began in 1991?	15	Q. And that lasted for two years you
16	A. Driver's license examiner one.	16	were a supervisor?
17	Q. Where was that at?	17	A. No. I was a supervisor from '05 to
18	A. 1040 Coliseum Boulevard here in	18	2012.
19	Montgomery.	19	Q. Okay. So seven years
20	Q. Okay. And could you give a time	20	A. Seven years.
21	line as best you can of your employment	21	Q as a supervisor?
22	history from 1991 when you're starting off as	22	A. Uh-huh.
23	an examiner all the way up until today?	23	Q. And then from 2012 until

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1	A. Now.	1	would come in to pay their reinstatement	
2	Q now you were a manager?	2	fees. Any mail we would get with	
3	A. Driver's license manager. Same	3	reinstatement fees, inquiries as to driver's	
4	location.	4	license eligibility, and reinstatement	
5	Q. At the same location, which is	5	requirements, we answered all that, making	
6	obviously sounds like a promotion from	6	bank deposits, that type thing. But I just	
7	supervisor?	7	supervised them.	
8	A. Right, uh-huh.	8	Q. What's a reinstatement? I think I	
9	Q. Can you explain your duties as a	9	know but	
10	driver's license examiner one?	10	A. If you're suspended and you want to	
11	A. I administered driving tests,	11	get your privilege to drive back, then you	
12	knowledge and road tests, for regular	12	have to pay you know, have to meet certain	
13	operator, you know, regular cars and	13	requirements. If you have outstanding	
14	commercial vehicles, trucks and things like	14	tickets, we have to get proof from the courts	
15	that.	15	that you paid the tickets and then you'll owe	
16	Q. Okay. And did and driver's	16	us a reinstatement fee because when you go	
17	license supervisor or examiner two, that's	17	into suspension there's a fee to get it	
18	a promotion. Does that change your job	18	reinstated.	
19	responsibilities?	19	Q. Okay. Did you ever were you	
20	A. I still administered examinations,	20	making any when you were a supervisor, were	
21	but then I had took on a first line	21	you ever making any judgment calls in certain	
22	supervisory role. So then I was supervisor to	22	areas, or did you have protocol that you were	
23	the examiner ones which meant conducting their	23	following?	
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	1 performance appraisals and, you know, guidance	1	A. We had outlined protocol. Now,
	2 and that type thing.	2	with that there may be some judgment made as
	3 Q. Okay. Do people come to you	3	to if we say this is the particular document
	4 regularly for questions?	4	that we have to have from the court that says
	5 A. Uh-huh, they do.	5	that they've satisfied this ticket that they
	6 Q. Probably on a daily basis when you	6	had, for instance, well, because we deal with
	7 were examiner two?	7	every court, municipality, and district court,
	8 A. Yes.	8	you might get different paperwork sometimes
	9 Q. Okay. So you did that for around	9	that's not the standard form. So you might
1	10 four years it sounds like?	10	say okay, well, as long as it has these
1	11 A. Uh-huh.	11	documents on it, you know, like the citation
1	12 Q. And then you moved to the main	12	number, the date it was paid, you know, the
1	13 office as a supervisor?	13	person's name, all that, then we could take
1	14 A. Yes.	14	it. But it's not every once in a while you
1	Q. What were you tell me how your	15	would just get one that was out of the
1	16 duties it seems like that's a drastic a	16	ordinary.
1	big change from what you were doing before.	17	Q. What would you do when you got
1	18 Can you explain a little bit about what	18	something that was out of the ordinary?
1	19 happens now when you became a supervisor?	19	A. We would make sure that it had the
2	20 A. When I was promoted to supervisor I	20	same basically the same information that
2	21 went to headquarters in the reinstatement	21	the required document had. It just may not
2	22 unit, and so I was the supervisor over seven	22	have been in that same format.
2	23 employees that handled walk-ins when people	23	Q. Did you ever have to make phone
		1	

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1	calls back to maybe the court system in a	1	I mean, division emails. And then if you	
2	particular county?	2	don't get your driver's license in the mail,	
3	A. Sure, uh-huh, and other states too.	3	you'll call that unit. We'll try to find out	
4	Q. Other states?	4	where it is. If it's returned in the mail, we	
5	A. Uh-huh, yeah.	5	file it, hold it, you can come we'll mail	
6	Q. Okay.	6	it back out to you. We update driver records	
7	A. That's where the biggest	7	as far as addresses, anything like that, out	
8	discrepancies came in with the paperwork that	8	of state, military, renewals by mail, things	
9	we get paperwork we received from other	9	like that.	
0	states because they didn't use our state forms	10	Q. Explain a little bit about the	
1	or anything, so	11	emails. I'll wait for Brad to get back.	
2	Q. Got you. Would you call other	12	A. Okay.	
2 3	similar driver's license offices maybe in	13	Q. I know you said earlier that part	
	Georgia or Mississippi?		of your in one of the units you look over	
4 5	A. Occasionally.	14 15		
5 6	Q. Do you ever	16	the division emails. Could you explain a little bit about the emails and what you mean	
	A. Occasionally.	17	by that?	
7 0	Q. Okay. Now, when your position went	18	A. We just have an email that the	
8	from supervisor to manager, was that one step			
9		19	public you have a link to it on our web	
0	up the chain basically?	20	site if they have driver's license related	
1	A. Pretty much, uh-huh.	21	questions, so somebody has to field those	
2	Q. Tell me how your job differed as	22	questions. We might answer the question or	
3	manager.	23	send it to another division for them to answer	
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1	A. Well, when I became manager,	1	the questions. But I do need to clarify	
2	instead of being over one unit, then I became	2	something as far as as far as when I came	
3	over several units, three units, the	3	over as a driver's license supervisor, I was	
4	reinstatement unit, the driver improvement	4	over the reinstatement unit first. Then about	
5	unit, and the driver services unit.	5	nine months later I was I moved and was	
6	Q. Reinstatement, driver	6	over the medical unit, the medical and the CDL	
7	improvement	7	unit. I didn't mention it before because it	
8	A. Driver improvement, uh-huh.	8	was still the same title, but I moved offices	
9	Q and	9	and responsibilities.	
0	A. Driver's license services.	10	Q. Thank you for mentioning that. So	
1	Q. Can you I get reinstatement.	11	that was when you were a supervisor?	
2	That sounded like what you a lot like what	12	A. Yes, sir.	
3	you were doing before. Could you explain the	13	Q. So you did nine months	
4	other two units for me?	14	reinstatement and then you were over	
5	A. Right. The driver improvement unit	15	medical/CDL?	
6	works in conjunction with the driver's license	16	A. Yes, sir.	
7	reinstatement unit, but they handle more	17	Q. Tell me a little bit about medical	
8	speaking with courts, attorneys, and	18	and CDL then.	
9	rectifying these problems so people can get	19	A. Okay. The CDL part is just the	
0	their licenses back. Interlocking, problems	20	commercial driver's license unit. And we have	
1	with DUI people, things like that.	21	to ensure that the agency stays within	
2	And then the driver services unit	22	compliance of federal regulations with	
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23 pertaining to commercial driver's license and

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1	their hours of operation, how we give the	1	Q. How do you know to do that at that	
2	test, training, anything that pertains to a	2	point? How do you know six months how do	
3	commercial driver's license. And then the	3	you know, well, let's call the doctor, let's	
4	medical unit, we have specific conditions that	4	call the football coach or	
5	are followed I mean, that we have listed on	5	A. Well, we send it to the person, but	
6	the driver's license application, as a matter	6	we have medical standards, and those are set	
7	of fact, you know, do you have epilepsy,	7	forth by our medical advisory board. We have	
8	seizures, anything like that, when you go in	8	a board that consists of eighteen physicians,	
9	get your license. If you check yes to one of	9	and they provide guidance on what we should do	
10	those questions, well, we'll send the	10	for certain those certain conditions.	
11	examiner fills out a form, sends it in to the	11	Q. Do all of your guidelines in the	
12	medical unit. The medical unit then in turn	12	medical unit come from the medical advisory	
13	gets that form and sends another form to the	13	board?	
14	licensee and says, hey, this is a condition	14	A. Yes.	
15	that our medical advisory board has said that	15	Q. Is the board you said it's	
16	needs to be followed to make sure that you're	16	eighteen members on the board?	
17	taking care of yourself. And so we might	17	A. Uh-huh, eighteen physicians.	
18	periodically get medical forms from them just	18	Q. All eighteen physicians?	
19	to ensure that they are taking care of	19	A. Uh-huh.	
20	themselves and not a danger to the roadways.	20	Q. All Alabama physicians?	
21	Q. So if someone checks a box or says	21	A. Yes.	
22	yes on some possible impairment, you need	22	Q. How are they selected?	
23	proof from them at that point. Is that for	23	A. They're we contact or	
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1	everything that's on that list?	1	actually I think it says our director will	
2	A. Everything that on the driver's	2	contact the Alabama Medical Association I	
3	license application.	3	believe that's the correct terminology and	
4	Q. Even if it's I don't even know.	4	they will in turn send us names. We may say	
5	Is there something like asthma or is there	5	we need a vision specialist because we try to	
6	something that	6	keep a variety of different physicians on the	
7	A. Yeah. Seizures, diabetes, I think	7	board and so then they'll send us a name.	
8	actually the way the questions reads,	8	Q. So when they're creating, for	
9	seizures, diabetes, muscle or nerve problems,	9	example, vision vision standards, the whole	
10	and some of it is it doesn't even need to	10	board is going to vote on something well,	

- 10 and some of it is -- it doesn't even need to11 be followed. I think one of the question is
- **12** have you lost consciousness or loss of bodily
- **13** control. Well, if you did it because you got
- **14** too hot at football practice, then that
- **15** might -- we'll just get one thing from your
- 16 doctor that says, hey, he just had one little
- **17** thing that he lost consciousness at football
- **18** practice, never happened before, hasn't
- **19** happened since, and he still has to wait six
- 20 months before he gets his license if you lose
- 21 consciousness or loss of bodily control. But
- 22 then after that point we might get one follow-
- **23** up from a doctor and not need another one.

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let's start at the beginning, I guess. Who

crafts the initial guidelines, do you know?

Q. Would you see -- okay. Also all

A. Right. Now, I think the medical

meeting with the board I think maybe once

that may be needed. For instance, they do a

than previously due to different surgeries and

lot more with your vision now than they --

every two years, and they go over any changes

been approved by the advisory board?

unit -- I believe they still do -- has a

you know is that you see the finalized, what's

A. I don't know.

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1	things like that. So they may discuss	1	particular condition and then advise them on	
2	something like that, you know, or they may	2	which way they might need to continue.	
3	not they meet they have to have six to	3	Q. So the only thing you would be	
4	have a quorum and they do it teleconference,	4	sending is the facts of what's happening?	
5	and so I haven't been privy to those in	5	A. Uh-huh. When it comes to the	
6	quite some time, but I did attend two.	6	medical information that we receive, because	
7	Q. Are you allowed to attend as many	7	we're not physicians we can just take it at	
8	as you want?	8	face value as to what it says, you know.	
9	A. Uh-huh.	9	Q. And when you say odd number, I	
10	Q. Can the public attend?	10	guess you mean three or more?	
11	A. No.	11	A. Right, right.	
12	Q. Okay. How come you have that	12	Q. Okay. So not one?	
13	privilege I guess?	13	A. No.	
14	A. Well, I did as the supervisor. And	14	Q. Okay.	
15	then I could still as the manager if they	15	A. And the majority rules.	
16	needed like if their supervisor couldn't be	16	Q. Okay. Who do you report to?	
17	there, they might say, you know, we want a	17	A. I report to Sergeant Brian Duke.	
18	supervisor there in addition to the unit	18	Q. Who does Brian Duke report to?	
19	commander, which is a sergeant, a state	19	A. Lieutenant Melissa Hubbard.	
20	trooper sergeant, and he's always there.	20	Q. And then I'm going to go up the	
21	Q. On the guidelines, if there's a	21	chain.	
22	gray area with the guidelines, what do you do	22	A. That's fine. That's fine. And	
23	as the supervisor or even as the manager	23	then Lieutenant Hubbard reports to Captain	
	I			
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1	possibly?	1	John Archer. And then Captain Archer reports	
2	A. If we get on the guidelines or	2	to Chief Deena Pregno. And then Chief Pregno	
3	on paperwork that we receive that maybe	3	reports to Colonel Charles Ward. And then	
4	doesn't fit into the guidelines?	4	Colonel Ward reports to Secretary Hal Taylor.	
5	Q. Let's do paperwork that doesn't	5	Q. Okay. I'm going to read it back	
6	A. I'm sorry.	6	from the top down to make sure I have it. So	
7	Q. No, that's okay. That's a good	7	Secretary Hal Taylor, Ward, Pregno, Archer	
8	question. Yeah, paperwork that's received and	8	A. Uh-huh.	
9	you don't you know, it doesn't comply	9	Q. I might have missed Lieutenant	
10	necessarily?	10	A. Hubbard.	
1		1		

- necessarily?
 A. Right. We would actually send it
 to an odd number of doctors on the board and
- **13** let them all read over the documentation and
- **14** advise us on what they feel like would be the
- **15** appropriate further response from us.
- **16** Q. Do you come up with suggestions and
- 17 send them the suggestions --18 A. Huh-uh.
- 19 Q. -- or do you just say we have a
- **20** problem here?
- **21** A. We have -- they have the
- **22** standards. They look at the standards that
- **23** they were involved in and then look at the
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A. Uh-huh.

A. Uh-huh.

A. Daily.

A. Daily.

A. Daily.

A. Daily.

Chief Deena Pregno?

Q. And then you?

Q. -- Hubbard. And then we have Duke?

Q. How often do you interact with

Q. Okay. What about Brian Duke?

Q. Daily. And Archer?

Q. And Hubbard?

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1	Q. Okay. It sounds like you don't	1	all the way down the tree.	
2	have any authority to make any policy?	2	A. I would say probably twenty.	
3	A. No. We just follow policy.	3	Q. Twenty total including the six	
4	Q. Would you ever be a part of any	4	or	
5	meetings? Do they ever have brainstorming	5	A. No.	
6	meetings or	6	Q twenty plus the six?	
7	A. Sure. Yes.	7	A. No. In addition to.	
8	Q. Could you give an example or two of	8	Q. Okay. And that's all people in the	
9	what those might look like or	9	main office?	
10	A. Well, for instance, now we're	10	A. That's the people that I supervise	
11	developing a new license, which is the	11	in the main office.	
12	hardship license, for individuals to get a	12	Q. You supervise?	
13	license so they can work, pay their tickets	13	A. Right.	
14	off, and straighten out what problems they	14	Q. You don't have any supervisory duty	
15	have. It's a limited license. And I've been	15	over anyone in the field offices, right?	
16	involved in meetings to help in the	16	A. No, huh-uh.	
17	development of that. The same thing with the	17	Q. Okay. Do you know Jeannie Eastman?	
18	interlock requirement for those individuals	18	A. I do.	
	that receive a DUI.	19	Q. How do you know her?	
19 20	Q. Who is who are in those	20	A. I supervised her. When I came on	
			in the reinstatement unit in '07 she was a	
21 22	meetings? A. Usually Chief Pregno, somebody from	21 22	driver's license specialist and worked for me.	
23	our legal unit, IT personnel, and then usually	23	Q. What's her current position?	
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1	we'll get the people that are going to be	1	A. Driver's license supervisor.	
2	involved in actually working those documents	2	Q. Is that that's similar to the	
3	when they come in. Sometimes those senior	3	role you had previously?	
4	people will be in there just so we can try to	4	A. Uh-huh.	
	develop the process.	5	Q. Okay. So she's one level down I	
6	Q. The senior people who work on the	6	guess?	
7	documents, can you explain that a little?	7	A. Exactly.	
8	A. Like the unit the people in the	8	Q. Sorry if these terms are	
9	unit that are going to be receiving that mail,	9	A. That is exactly right.	
10	opening it up, and processing it in the	10	Q. Okay.	
11	computer.	11	A. That's right.	
12	Q. So, for example, some of those	12	Q. But she didn't take your previous	
13	people are people that work under you?	13	job? She didn't take your actual	
 14	A. Right, right.	14	A. She did take my position, yes.	
15	Q. How many people are under you at	15	Q. Okay. Is she directly	
16	this time?	16	A. But I don't supervise her.	
17	A. Let's see. I have hold on just	17	Q. Got you. Who is her supervisor?	
18	a minute. Directly under me or indirectly?	18	A. Brian Duke, Sergeant Brian Duke.	
19	Directly under me I supervise six. And then	19	Q. So you have the same direct	
20	they each have a unit under them. Well, most	20	supervisor, although you're one level higher?	
21	of them do. Some don't.	20	A. Right. We're on different floors	
22	Q. So directly six. Maybe give me an	22	is really pretty much the only reason it's	
52 55	Q. So uncerty six. Waybe give ine an	22	like that. It's just more convenient	

23 estimate of indirectly. So if you were to go

23 like that. It's just more convenient.

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1	Q. Okay. Could you describe your	1	read that form or read the letter that we get	
2	understanding of her responsibilities?	2	in from the physician or look at the birth	
3	A. Well, she you know, she's the	3	certificate to see, you know, that it does say	
4	supervisor of the commercial driver's license	4	it's amended or whatever and then apply that	
5	unit, as I was. And so she would oversee that	5	policy and review the form.	
6	they process medical cards accurately because	6	Q. Okay. I'm going to get to that a	
7	drivers are required to send those in.	7	little bit later.	
8	They're time sensitive so they have to go on	8	A. Okay.	
9	the record, you know, pretty quick. She	9	Q. I'm going to ask you if you could	
10	supervises the medical the people that	10	describe the responsibilities of Deena	
11	generate the paperwork and review the	11	Pregno.	
12	paperwork in the medical unit.	12	A. She is over the entire driver's	
13	Q. Now, is it best to call it would	13	license division, which includes examining in	
14	you want me to call it policy order 63 or what	14	the field, everybody at headquarters. Her	
15	would be best?	15	responsibility she works closely with IT	
16	A. That's fine.	16	and developing new like licenses or new	
17	Q. Is it okay if I call it that?	17	restrictions, depending on what the	
18	A. Sure.	18	legislature passes, what laws they pass that	
19	Q. And you know what I'm talking	19	affects driver licensing. She makes a lot of	
20	about	20	big decisions, meets with vendors.	
21	A. Sure.	21	Q. Vendors. Can you explain?	
22	Q. I'm talking about the sex yeah.	22	A. As far as if we need if we're in	
23	Tell me how the medical unit relates to the	23	the market for any new equipment, you know,	
	Page 38			Page 40
1	nolizy order 62	1	tasting tablets or enviting like that	

		- 3		- 5	
	1	policy order 63.	1	testing tablets or anything like that.	
	2	A. I'm not sure I understand the	2	Q. Is there anything else?	
	3	question.	3	A. No. That's kind of a nutshell	
	4	Q. That's fine. So policy order 63,	4	definition.	
	5	someone is making decisions about whether or	5	Q. Look at these charts right here.	
	6	not checking it off whether to make the	6	You've somewhat explained could you	
	7	actual change from M to F, right?	7	explain this is Plaintiff's Exhibit 1.	
	8	A. Right, right.	8	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 1 was	
	9	Q. Because all it really gives is	9	marked for identification. A copy	
:	10	someone changing an M to F in a computer	10	is attached.)	
:	11	database, right?	11	Q. I'm going to hand you this.	
:	12	A. Correct.	12	A. Okay.	
:	13	Q. Who are making who's making	13	Q. And just read the title at the top	
:	14	those decisions?	14	right here.	
:	15	A. The way I understand it now now	15	A. Customer records?	
:	16	I'm not in that unit any longer. But the way	16	Q. Yes.	
:	17	I understand it now, the paperwork comes in	17	A. Driver's license manager.	
:	18	I'm not sure who if Jeannie works it	18	Q. Yes. That's good. So your current	
:	19	directly or if she has a specialist or	19	position is at the top of customer records	
:	20	somebody that works for her that reviews them	20	right now. This might be is this outdated?	
:	21	directly. But if there's any question, then	21	A. Yes. Yes. This one is actually a	
:	22	they would take it to Jeannie if there was a	22	vacant position for a manager. They want to	
:	23	question. But they would just they would	23	make another manager and this is the manager	

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1	that they want to make. I'm more in customer	1	gets that form, sends it back sends another	
	-		form to the licensee that has a little bit	
2	service as opposed to customer records.	2		
3	Q. Okay. It has here your name is	3	more information on it telling the licensee	
4	one down from driver's license manager here,	4	you need to take this to your physician and	
5	correct?	5	get it completed and have it back in here to	
6	A. Right, yes. So this is old, yeah.	6	us within thirty days or however long they	
7	Q. Okay. What year do you think this	7	fourteen days, thirty days. I don't remember.	
8	is from?	8	Q. And she's just simply going off the	
9	A. It's	9	guidelines as she's been given	
10	Q. You might have to look at some	10	A. Uh-huh.	
11	other names.	11	Q that has come from the medical	
12	A. Yeah, let me look. It could be	12	advisory board at some point?	
13	anywhere from '07 to 2012.	13	A. Right.	
14	Q. And you see that Jeannie Eastman is	14	Q. So you don't currently work in	
15	kind of on the same level below driver's	15	customer records?	
16	license manager there?	16	A. No, I do not.	
17	A. Correct.	17	Q. But you did at some point?	
18	Q. So this is your old position of	18	A. Yeah. Well, no. It wasn't called	
19	driver's license supervisor?	19	customer records I never heard that, but I	
20	A. Correct.	20	guess that's how they had it on the chart.	
21	Q. And this is outside of the nine	21	Q. Okay. Now I'm going to show you	
22	months that you were in reinstatement?	22	Plaintiff's Exhibit 2.	
23	A. Yes, sir.	23	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 2 was	
	Page 42			Page 44

1	Q. So other than the nine months you	1	marked for identification. A copy
2	were in reinstatement, were you in the medical	2	is attached.)
3	unit/CDL for the rest of that time?	3	Q. This one says customer services.
4	A. Until I was promoted, yes, sir.	4	A. Uh-huh.
5	Q. To manager. And you see Jerrolynn	5	Q. And your name is here at the top,
6	Spencer is below you there as driver's license	6	correct?
7	specialist?	7	A. Right.
8	A. Yes, sir.	8	Q. Explain a little bit about customer
9	Q. Do you know Jerrolynn Spencer?	9	services and yeah.
10	A. I do.	10	A. Okay. Well, it's like I said
11	Q. How do you know her?	11	before, it's the units that I supervise. We
12	A. She worked for me.	12	deal with a lot more people that come in
13	Q. Okay. Could you describe a little	13	walk-ins as far as paying reinstatement fees,
14	bit about her position there and how maybe it	14	trying to solve their problems like they
15	evolved over time?	15	didn't get their driver's license, renewing by
16	A. Well, when she worked for me, what	16	mail. If they have a problem renewing online
17	she did was she processed medical forms that	17	they get in touch with us. It's just more of
18	we got back in. Like I said, when the	18	the customer service oriented part.
19	examiner when the person comes in and gets	19	Q. And that's what you currently do?
20	their license, you know, checks on the form	20	A. Yes.
21	that, yes, I have diabetes, they send the form	21	Q. And I'm seeing here I'm mostly
22	into the medical unit. The medical unit,	22	connecting here how we have driver improvement
23	which would be, for instance, Jerrolynn, she	23	down below, which is driver's license

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1	supervisor Walt Foster?		1 A. She let me see if I can let
2	A. Yeah, he's retired now.		2 me find her name. Okay. So she is she was
3	Q. Okay. Do you have an idea from		3 a commander over driver's license division
4	some of these names that are on here what		4 examining division in the field. She worked
5	what would you estimate the year to be for		5 out on Coliseum Boulevard.
6	this table?		6 Q. Is that one location or is that
7	A. It has to be at least eighteen		7 A. Well, she had a region which
8	months old, I mean, you know, eighteen months		8 included Opelika I believe Selma was in the
9	ago because, like I said, Mr. Foster is not		9 region. I'm not a hundred percent sure
10	here anymore. Let's see. That person is	1	10 because they change those around sometimes.
11	gone. Yeah, it's probably older than that.	1	11 But, yeah, she was a region commander.
12	But that would be at least eighteen months	1	12 Q. And she moved up at some point.
13	ago.	1	13 You might not know the year. When do you
14	Q. It's correct in as much as that	1	14 think she was promoted to a higher position?
15	that's you are still currently the manager	1	15 Did she go do you know happen to know
16	of customer services?	1	16 did she go straight to division chief or was
17	A. Correct. Yes, sir.	1	17 she
18	Q. Now here is the this one there	1	18 A. She did. She went straight to
19	is a date on it. And if it's wrong, just	1	19 division chief. It was after the
20	please let me know. This is Plaintiff's	2	20 consolidation, so just a guess, '15 maybe,
21	Exhibit 3.	2	21 '16. Probably '15, if I had to guess.
22	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 3 was	2	22 Q. I'm about to wrap this stuff up
23	marked for identification. A copy	2	23 about this part. Who held the position before

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1	is attached.)	1	you did?
2	Q. It says driver's license division	2	A. Pat Bryant.
3	command staff.	3	Q. Do you happen to know how long Pat
4	A. Uh-huh.	4	Bryant was in that position?
5	Q. So the division chief now would be	5	A. No, I don't.
6	Deena Pregno, correct?	6	Q. Can you explain about policy order
7	A. Correct.	7	63 and its creation or when you first became
8	Q. And I believe you are on here.	8	aware of it?
9	A. At the very bottom.	9	A. Well, as I understand it, when I
10	Q. At the very bottom.	10	went into the medical unit in '07 there wasn't
11	A. Yeah.	11	a policy 63. We had a procedure on how we
12	Q. Yeah. And that is what I was	12	handled sex changes, but we didn't really have
13	going to ask you was that's as in where you	13	a policy. And by procedure I mean just
14	are on the chart here, this hasn't changed	14	this is just what our because we didn't get
15	where you're currently on Plaintiff's Exhibit	15	that many at that time this is just what we
16	3. You're still in that position today?	16	do. And so then I don't know I can't
17	A. Sure, uh-huh.	17	say who. Somebody said, well, we need a
18	Q. The same as you were April 1st of	18	policy because more people were inquiring and
19	2013?	19	then they would want to see, where is that in
20	A. Yes, sir.	20	writing or do you have a policy on that or
21	Q. Okay. And I see that Deena Pregno	21	whatever. And so the legal unit got involved
22	was can you tell me where she is at on here	22	at that point and developed the policy. Now,
23	and then how she's moved up since 2013?	23	the first time I saw it, I couldn't tell you.

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1	Probably around 2000 and they probably	1	him since he was the commander for several	
2	started working on it sometime in 2011 maybe,	2	years prior to that.	
3	2012. I'm not sure.	3	Q. Was this procedure ever written	
4	Q. So they probably started working on	4	down?	
5	the actual policy in 2011, around that time?	5	A. Huh-uh, not that I'm aware of.	
6	A. That's a guess, yes.	6	Q. Someone you just heard it in the	
7	Q. Okay. What was the procedure then	7	hallway or	
8	in 2007?	8	A. In the office.	
9	A. That we would change the sex in the	9	Q. You probably don't remember the day	
10	record with a doctor's letter that the doctor	10	that you asked I guess?	
11	had to have performed the surgery, and it	11	A. Oh, no.	
12	needed to say it was completed.	12	Q. Did someone tell you in a training?	
13	Q. What surgery?	13	A. No. It was probably when we	
14	A. The sex reassignment surgery.	14	received either a telephone call or a	
15	Q. Which one?	15	letter	
16	A. I don't know. I don't know.	16	Q. And so	
17	That's just what the policy was that the	17	A as to inquiring as to what they	
18	doctor that performed the sex reassignment	18	needed to do. And at that particular time	
19	surgery would write in the letter that this	19	changing the sex physically going in and	
20	person has undergone sexual I performed the	20	changing it in the system there were only	
21	surgery, the procedure, on this individual and	21	you know, the medical unit was about the only	
22	it's been completed.	22	unit that could do that is why it filtered	
23	Q. Okay. Were there any words as	23	through that unit.	
	Page 50			Page 52
1	long as the words surgery was on there, then	1	Q. How many people were in the medical	
2	they would make the change?	2	unit at that time?	
3	A. Yes. And it might say sex	3	A. Probably between six and ten.	
4	reassignment surgery. That's what we're	4	Q. Could all of those individuals make	
5	that's kind of what we were looking for it to	5	the change?	
6	say, they had completed the sex reassignment	6	A. No. Just the supervisor and maybe	
7	surgery.	7	one other designee.	
8	Q. Who told you that what to look	8	Q. Did the other did the not the	
9	for?	9	supervisor, not the designee. Did the	
10	A. I think the commander of the	10	other were the other people in the medical	
11	medical unit prior to me going in there.	11	unit aware of this procedure?	
12	That's the way they had always handled it.	12	A. Yes. Well, and I can only speak	
13	And his name was Terry Chapman.	13	for the when I was in there. Now, when I	
14	Q. So Terry Chapman, commander of the	14	didn't work in there I don't know what they	
15	medical unit, told you that's what we're	15	were aware of. But when I worked in there,	
16	doing?	16	even the people that didn't, you know, process	
17	A. Well, I don't know if he told me	17	that or whatever, they would know of the	
18	directly. When I went into the unit then	18	procedure.	
19	this you know, when a situation comes up,	19	Q. But they just couldn't and when	
20	if you don't know, well, how do we handle this	20	you say make the change, you mean change the M	[
21	situation or whatever, then you may ask	21	to an F or vice versa?	
22	somebody. But I think just a guess	22	A. Right, in the system	
23	ultimately my guess would be that it came from	23	programmically.	

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		Page 53			Page 55
1	Q. How long does that take?		1	this more official, right?	
2	A. It's quick.		2	A. I may have been consulted as far as	
3	Q. Like under thirty seconds to make		3	do you know what the policy that we have or	
4	the change?		4	what is our procedure now when they started	
5	A. Oh, yeah.		5	working on it. I don't know for sure. I	
6	Q. Do you know Destiny Clark?		6	don't remember if I got an email on it or not.	
7	A. No.		7	Q. And what did you say when they	
8	Q. Do you know Darcy Corbitt?		8	asked you?	
9	A. No, I don't.		9	A. That I'm not aware of one. We had	
10	Q. Have you ever seen their names on		10	a procedure but we didn't have a policy.	
11	anything?		11	Q. Okay. When they asked you about	
12	A. Not that I recall.		12	the procedure, what did you tell them?	
13	Q. So you remember that there was talk		13	A. This is what we do, yes.	
14	around well, I'm not going to put words in		14	Q. Did you ever give your opinion on	
15	your mouth. You heard rumors or something.		15	it?	
16	Explain a little bit about when you knew that		16	A. As far as	
17	they were going to make the unwritten		17	Q. What did you think about the	
18	procedure something a little bit more		18	procedure? I'll ask that first. What did you	
19	official?		19	think about the procedure?	
20	A. Explain.		20	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for	m.
21	Q. Did you well, you heard you		21	A. I felt like it was you know,	
22	said that you heard at some point around 2011,		22	because I'm not a physician, I can't determine	
23	you're not sure on the year, that they were		23	anything. But I felt like it was okay if they	
		Page 54			Page 56
1	going to go from someone said you	Page 54	1	had if they had surgery then they would be	Page 56
1 2	going to go from someone said you couldn't recall. Someone said we should write	Page 54	1 2	had if they had surgery then they would be able to get a letter from the physician.	Page 56
		Page 54			Page 56
2	couldn't recall. Someone said we should write	Page 54	2	able to get a letter from the physician.	Page 56
2 3	couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that.	Page 54	2 3	able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have	Page 56
2 3 4	couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right.	Page 54	2 3 4	able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery?	Page 56
2 3 4 5	couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that.A. Right.Q. Could you go into a little bit more	Page 54	2 3 4 5	able to get a letter from the physician.Q. What about people who don't have surgery?A. Actually at that time when I was	Page 56
2 3 4 5 6	couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that.A. Right.Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that?	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6	able to get a letter from the physician.Q. What about people who don't have surgery?A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that	Page 56
2 3 4 5 6 7	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7	able to get a letter from the physician.Q. What about people who don't have surgery?A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess	Page 56
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	able to get a letter from the physician.Q. What about people who don't have surgery?A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have	Page 56
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for 	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you 	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an assumption contacted the legal unit and 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you know, which is what we have to do, I can't 	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an assumption contacted the legal unit and said we need to get this in policy 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	 able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you know, which is what we have to do, I can't really have an opinion. You know, this is 	
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an assumption contacted the legal unit and said we need to get this in policy somewhere 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	 able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you know, which is what we have to do, I can't really have an opinion. You know, this is just what we have to do, you know, you don't 	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an assumption contacted the legal unit and said we need to get this in policy somewhere Q. And A this is our procedure now and 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you know, which is what we have to do, I can't really have an opinion. You know, this is just what we have to do, you know, you don't need the guidelines or what we've set forth, so	
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 couldn't recall. Someone said we should write this down or something like that. A. Right. Q. Could you go into a little bit more detail about that? A. I'm still not quite clear but probably because we were getting inquiries as to do you have this written down, what's your policy on this. And we didn't have a set policy. And so someone probably the medical unit commander again, just an assumption contacted the legal unit and said we need to get this in policy somewhere Q. And A this is our procedure now and went from there. Q. You don't know of a meeting that took place? 	Page 54	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	able to get a letter from the physician. Q. What about people who don't have surgery? A. Actually at that time when I was working in the medical unit I didn't have that many that didn't there were some I guess that came up. Basically if you didn't have the surgery we couldn't change the sex. Q. What did you think about that? MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the for A. Well, following guidelines, you know, which is what we have to do, I can't really have an opinion. You know, this is just what we have to do, you know, you don't need the guidelines or what we've set forth, so Q. You're still human, I guess. Okay. A. Well, you would know. Yeah. And I'm very compassionate to people.	

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1	but I'm sure they did.	1	create it?	
2	Q. Do you remember anyone being upset	2	A. Right.	
3	or were they sad?	3	Q. Do you know who those people were	
4	A. Uh-huh, I remember talking to some	4	that were creating the policy?	
5	sad people.	5	A. I spoke with an attorney by the	
6	Q. How did that make you feel?	6	name of Karen Lowe. That's the only person I	
7	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	7	contact that I had talked to about it.	
8	A. Obviously compassion for them.	8	Q. Is that an attorney for ALEA?	
9	Q. You felt bad?	9	A. ALEA, uh-huh.	
10	A. Right. Just like anybody we	10	Q. You don't know of any meetings	
11	can't we can't help, you know.	11	taking place?	
12	Q. I understand. Do you know what	12	A. No, sir, I don't.	
13	what problem were they trying to address with	13	Q. What's your involvement with the	
14	the procedure?	14	medical unit once you became driver's license	
15	A. As far as most of the time	15	manager?	
16	they if I'm answering if I'm	16	A. Very little, very little. The only	
17	understanding the question correctly, they	17	way I would get involved in anything with the	
18	just had maybe they would say they had gone	18	medical unit at that point is if their	
19	through part of the whole procedure, like	19	supervisors, which means Sergeant Duke or	
20	maybe they had lived as a different sex, you	20	Ms. Eastman were gone and they needed	
21	know, for a certain amount of time or whatever	21	something right then.	
22	but they just hadn't gone to the surgery part,	22	Q. Who's currently running the medical	
23	and so and I've been living like this for,	23	unit.	

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:	L you know, five years or whatever and that's	1	A. Sergeant Brian Duke is the
:	2 probably the biggest that I can remember.	2	commander, and then Supervisor Eastman is
	Q. Why did the medical unit require	3	right under him as the supervisor.
.	4 surgery	4	Q. And about how many people are under
!	5 A. I don't know.	5	Ms. Eastman?
(Q as a requirement? Did you ever	6	A. Well, let's see. She probably has
·	7 ask?	7	at least ten, including the CDL unit, because
;	A. No, I didn't.	8	they're kind of they're in the same office,
!!	Q. So you were never a part of any	9	but I think they've kind of separated their
1	D meetings about the creation of the policy	10	duties. Used to both the units were so small
1	L order 63, right?	11	that everybody kind of did a little bit of
1	A. Huh-uh, I don't I don't recall	12	everything. But now I think they've branched
1	3 going into any meetings about it.	13	off, but they are still in the same location.
1	4 Q. No one ever asked your opinion	14	Q. Do their duties do people hop
1	5 about because, I mean, I feel like you are	15	back and forth when it comes to their duties?
1	5 pretty high up. I'm almost surprised they	16	A. I don't think they do that. Like I
1	7 didn't ask you, you know, what do you think we	17	said, I don't have a lot of dealings with
1	3 should do?	18	them, but I think she's pretty much got it
1	A. The only thing they ever asked me	19	outlined that these people do this and these
2	D is what do we do, what have we done to this	20	people do this. Now, in the event they're
2	L point, and we've done this.	21	cross-trained, I'm sure, that somebody could
2	Q. And it's your testimony today that	22	fill in for somebody else.
2	3 they were the ones who kind of were going to	23	Q. Was that Ms. Eastman's idea?
		1	

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<u></u>				ovember 0, 2010
	Page 61			Page 63
1	A. Well, just because the unit grew so	1	Could you read the date on this one?	
2	much, and so they and CDL took on a whole	2	A. 7-1-2015.	
3	lot more responsibility than they had at one	3	Q. Okay. Now, this is going to be	
4	time due to some federal regulations that we	4	Plaintiff's Exhibit 5. There is no date here.	
5	had to implement. And so they had to it	5	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 5 was	
6	couldn't be like it was. They had to strictly	6	marked for identification. A copy	
7	define what needed to be done by whom so they	7	is attached.)	
8	can there could be some accountability.	8	Q. Do you know when this policy was?	
9	Q. Do you know whose decision that	9	A. I believe it was around 2011 or	
10	was?	10	'12. I think around '12, 2012.	
11	A. To do that?	11	Q. Okay. And this one is kind of like	
12	Q. Yes.	12	the shorter one. I can tell you where it is	
13	A. Probably Sergeant Duke I would	13	in the discovery if that will be helpful for	
14	imagine and Jeannie. They probably met	14	the record. It's discovery number 160.	
15	together and decided.	15	A. Now, this one oh, I'm not sure	
16	Q. And they could do that without	16	because that that one may even be more	
17	going any farther up the chain?	17	recent than that. These two probably came	
18	A. Right. They're still considered	18	along not far from each other. I think this	
19	the same unit. It's just how they assign	19	one just goes into detail more at the bottom.	
20	work.	20	Q. Okay. I don't know if this will	
21	Q. How many people would you say are	21	help. I think in the responses there was	
22	primarily medical unit, although they may be	22	policy order 63 was issued in 2012 and was	
23	cross-trained?	23	revised on July 1st, which would be here,	
	Page 62			Page 64
1	A. Now, I don't know the exact number	1	2015, which is Plaintiff's Exhibit 4. And	
2	cause I they all sit in there together,	2	then policy order 63 was revised again in	
3	so I would say approximately maybe five,	3	April of 2016. Now, this one there's a	
4	six at the most maybe.	4	date on an email here. This will be	

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2017.

hand this to you.

A. Uh-huh.

it's to on the email?

change. Excuse me.

Brian Duke.

is attached.)

6 are?
7 A. There's a new girl in there I don't
8 know her name. But I know there's a Jean
9 Head, Emily Baggett, Jackie Cutter, Jerrolynn

Q. Do you know who those individuals

- 10 Spencer, and like I said the new girl. And11 they may have one other one that answers --
- 12 one other administrative assistant one that
- answers the phone. I'm not sure. She may
- answers the phone. This hot succ. She hadanswer the phone for both units.
- 15 Q. Now, I'm a little confused on the
- 16 policies and I was hoping you could help me
- 17 out a little bit. I -- this will be -- what
- **18** are we on -- 4. This will be Plaintiff's
- **19** Exhibit 4.

5

- 20 (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 4 was
- **21** marked for identification. A copy
- 22 is attached.)23 Q. Now I know the date on this one.

23 Q. Okay. Now, does this look like the

A. Gender change policy 3.

Q. And then the attachment says?

Plaintiff's Exhibit 6, and it's two pages. In

the discovery it's 491 and 492. I'm going to

(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 6 was

marked for identification. A copy

Q. Could you say who it's from and who

A. It's from Jeannie Eastman and to

Q. And what does the subject say?

A. Gender change policy 3 -- or gender

Q. Now, this is dated September 7th,

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Page 65 policy to you? The one this one right here? Yes. Is this the 2016 revised I don't know.	1 2 3 4	would have to send it in the mail themselves?A. They would have to submit it to the medical unit, yes.Q. But now the examining office will	Page 67
The one this one right here? Yes. Is this the 2016 revised I don't know.	2 3 4	A. They would have to submit it to the medical unit, yes.	
Yes. Is this the 2016 revised I don't know.	3 4	medical unit, yes.	
I don't know.	4	•	
I don't know.		O But now the examining office will	
	_	Q. But now the extentioning office with	
MD DOONE. Is it alway if we take a	5	put on the stamps and everything like that?	
MR. BOONE: Is it okay if we take a	6	A. Right, right.	
	7	Q. Or is it faxed or	
(Break taken.)	8	A. Well, they would they would take	
R. BOONE:	9	the documentation in, and at this point they	
I'm going to enter this as	10	would call the medical unit to make the change	
f's Exhibit 7. It's the original	11	and then based on they would show them or	
from 9-1-2012, driver's license policy	12	fax them or scan and email the documents they	
umber 63, and this is D1. The second	13	had so they could all review it.	
Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 is D2	14	Q. So an examiner could make a	
scovery. And it's the current most	15	decision in the field office about whether or	
ate policy of policy order 63.	16	not the change should take place?	
(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 was	17	A. If they had that letter from the	
marked for identification. A copy	18	physician.	
is attached.)	19	MR. CHYNOWETH: Can you let him	
And I'm going to get you to look at	20	finish his question?	
ould you turn to the second page,	21	THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. I	
s the most updated policy?	22	thought you were finished.	
Uh-huh.	23	MR. CHYNOWETH: That's okay.	
	1		
	(Break taken.) R. BOONE: I'm going to enter this as ff's Exhibit 7. It's the original from 9-1-2012, driver's license policy number 63, and this is D1. The second f Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 is D2 iscovery. And it's the current most late policy of policy order 63. (Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 was marked for identification. A copy is attached.) And I'm going to get you to look at could you turn to the second page, is the most updated policy? Uh-huh.	R. BOONE:9I'm going to enter this as10ff's Exhibit 7. It's the original11from 9-1-2012, driver's license policy12number 63, and this is D1. The second13f Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 is D214iscovery. And it's the current most15late policy of policy order 63.16(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 was17marked for identification. A copy18is attached.)19And I'm going to get you to look at20Could you turn to the second page,21is the most updated policy?22	R. BOONE:9the documentation in, and at this point theyI'm going to enter this as10would call the medical unit to make the changeIf's Exhibit 7. It's the original11and then based on they would show them orfrom 9-1-2012, driver's license policy12fax them or scan and email the documents theyumber 63, and this is D1. The second13had so they could all review it.f Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 is D214Q. So an examiner could make aiscovery. And it's the current most15decision in the field office about whether orlate policy of policy order 63.16not the change should take place?(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 7 was17A. If they had that letter from themarked for identification. A copy19MR. CHYNOWETH: Can you let himis attached.)19MR. CHYNOWETH: Can you let himAnd I'm going to get you to look at20finish his question?could you turn to the second page,21THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. Iis the most updated policy?22thought you were finished.

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1	Q. I'm going to read the first	1	MR. BOONE: Yeah. Thanks for
2	paragraph, and if you could just explain what	2	saying that, Brad.
3	that means to you. It is the policy of the	3	Q. And another thing they told me I
4	chief of the driver's license division that an	4	didn't notice it make sure to say yes or
5	individual wishing to have the sex changed on	5	no, not just uh-huh or just to make it
6	their Alabama driver's license due to gender	6	easier. I didn't notice it but I think a
7	reassignment surgery are required to submit to	7	couple times.
8	an examining office or the medical unit the	8	Okay. I'm going to go back to
9	following. Just stopping there, what does	9	that. So someone in the examining office they
10	that how would you interpret that?	10	get they get a document that says surgery
11	A. That if they needed a sex change on	11	on it, right?
12	their driver's license and it wasn't due to a	12	A. Yes.
13	typographical error that they would have to	13	Q. What would they do next?
14	present the next statement.	14	A. They would review the document.
15	Q. So either to what about the	15	That's what it tells them down here in the
16	examining office or the medical unit?	16	document, you know, that it looked okay. If
17	A. Oh, that they could that was	17	they had any doubts about the document, they
18	just to be more convenient for them where they	18	would contact the medical unit. If the you
19	didn't have to send it in to the medical	19	know, it pretty much outlines it there, but
20	unit. They could go in to an examiner. Prior	20	they would look over it to see that it says
21	to this they had to send everything through	21	that the person what they are looking for
22	the medical unit.	22	is to see that the physician said that they
23	Q. Like the person wanting the change	23	had had the surgery, it was completed, and

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1	that that doctor performed the surgery.	1	A. I can't recall any phone calls I	
2	Q. And what does completed you	2	made.	
3	don't know what completed means?	3	Q. It's possible you called a	
4	A. That I guess that they were	4	physician's office.	
5	finished with whatever they needed to do for	5	A. It's possible. I just can't	
6	the sex reassignment.	6	recall.	
7	Q. Does it matter what the what	7	Q. Who would you instruct to make the	
8	type of surgery it was?	8	phone call to a physician's office?	
9	A. Not that I'm aware of. That's not	9	A. At that time I had a young lady	
10	listed.	10	that worked for me named Katie Pouncey and she	
11	Q. In number one here it stays I'm	11	would usually do that for me.	
12	going to read it an amended state certified	12	Q. How come you would delegate that to	
13	birth certificate and/or a letter from the	13	her?	
14	physician that performed the reassignment	14	A. Because I had to review a lot of	
15	procedure. The letter must be on a	15	different documents for a lot of different	
16	physician's letterhead. Could you explain how	16	conditions, not just sex reassignment, but a	
17	you would understand that?	17	lot of different conditions that would come	
18	A. The letter needed it couldn't be	18	in. And so I would go through them and write	
19	just be on a piece of plain paper. It would	19	what needed to be done on them, and then hand	
20	need to have a phone number where we could	20	it to her for her to follow up for me.	
21	call and verify the letter and the physician's	21	Q. For example, you would write male	
22	information.	22	to female or female to male	
23	Q. How many times have you made a	23	A. Right.	

	Page 70			Page 72
1	decision on a letter's authenticity?	1	Q at the top?	
2	A. Oh, I couldn't guess how many.	2	A. Right. Or anything that I wanted	
3	Numerous.	3	to remember on there. I would also make notes	
4	Q. Over a hundred?	4	on there.	
5	A. No, I wouldn't think over a	5	Q. On the actual document that they	
6	hundred, no.	6	submitted?	
7	Q. Closer to fifty?	7	A. Right.	
8	A. Probably. Between fifty and a	8	Q. Would you ever write something like	
9	hundred maybe. That's just a guess.	9	we need to call the doctor, for example?	
10	Q. How many times did you call a	10	A. Sometimes. I usually had stacked	
11	physician's office?	11	that I she had she had bins on her desk,	
12	A. I didn't call a physician's	12	this could be completed and this needed	
13	office. I would ask usually ask someone	13	follow-up.	
14	that works for me to call a physician's	14	Q. Okay. So what would your	
15	office.	15	instructions be if it needed to if a phone	
16	Q. Does that include when you were a	16	call needed to be made to a physician?	
17	supervisor?	17	A. Check on this one to make sure it's	
18	A. Yes.	18	good, something to that effect.	
19	Q. Okay. So when you were driver's	19	Q. And she would understand that to	
20	license supervisor you would never make that	20	mean that means I need to call the doctor's	
21	phone call?	21	office?	
22	A. Not usually, no.	22	A. Uh-huh.	
23	Q. But you have made the phone call?	23	Q. And what would she do	

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	Page 7	3		Page 75
1	A. Yes, I mean. Yes. I'm sorry. I'm	1	A. I think we have had one that I can	
2	sorry. I'm sorry.	2	think of off the top of my head, one.	
3	Q. To me I get used to it. But what	3	Q. Do you know what the forgery was?	
4	would she do at that point?	4	A. It was a long time ago. I just	
5	A. Contact the physician's office when	5	remember I didn't I didn't deal with it	
6	she worked those, you know, when she got to	6	in the beginning. I can no, I don't I	
7	that point.	7	know what the forgery was.	
8	Q. What would she ask?	8	Q. So you don't know if someone forged	
9	A. Well, I don't know. I was in my	9	a signature. You don't remember?	
10	office. I couldn't I'm assuming she would	10	A. (Witness shakes head.)	
11	call and just say I want to verify we	11	Q. You don't remember if they changed	
12	received a letter from you regarding this	12	the words in the letter, but maybe	
13	patient, can you tell me what the letter said.	13	A. That's what I'm thinking it was,	
14	Q. But you are her supervisor, right?	14	was that the information in the paragraph was	ıs
15	A. Uh-huh.	15	incorrect.	
16	Q. And you have no idea what she said?	16	Q. But you're not sure?	
17	A. I don't know the exact verbiage	17	A. (Witness shakes head.) No.	
18	that she used, but that's that's pretty	18	Sorry. I need to realize I need to talk.	
19	much how we would do it.	19	Q. Can you give me an example or tell	
20	Q. As far as you know the only thing	20	me when you would ever say no to someone	
21	she's asking is just connecting the name to	21	asking for a sex change in the system?	
22	the physician's office, right?	22	A. If they presented documentation	
23	A. And making sure that the letter	23	that said that didn't say what we needed it	
	Page 7	4		Page 76
1	said what it said, what because we we	1	to say, which is right here, that the sex	
2	have I know of one instance that we got	2	reassignment surgery has been completed an	ıd
3	well, I don't know if it was on a sex	3	that I'm the physician that completed the	
4	reassignment, but we have gotten documents	4	surgery.	
5	that contained that said that it was, you	5	Q. What if it just said surgery? What	
6	know, from the doctor, it looked like it was	6	if they what if they forgot or I don't	
7	on the doctor's letterhead, but there was	7	want to assume, but what if it just said	
8	something suspect about it. And it didn't	8	surgery and it didn't say gender reassignmen	t
9	really it was reproduced. The doctor	9	or sex reassignment on there?	
10	didn't really say that. It was a forgery.	10	A. Then we would probably say we need	1
11	Q. What part of it was forged?	11	to the doctor needs to be more specific.	
12	A. The paragraph in it.	12	Q. So that would be an instance	
13	Q. So someone had actually	13	where	
14	A. Not for this not for these	14	A. We would contact the license the	
15	particular situations. Excuse me.	15	person that submitted it, the licensee and	
16	Q. Oh, so this it has nothing to do	16	just say we need your doctor to be a little	
17	with sex change?	17	bit more specific on this.	
18	A. Not necessarily, no.	18	Q. What if they said, I mean, some	
19	Q. Okay.	19	people get surgeries done in other countries.	
20	A. We've just gotten documents that	20	What if they're unable to get another letter?	

- 20 A. We've just gotten documents that21 were.
- 22 Q. So you've never gotten a forgery
- **23** related to changing the sex?

21

23 take that.

A. Well, then they can get -- if they

22 can get an amended birth certificate we would

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1	Q. So something as small as missing a		1	correctly, Ms	. Eastman just said we got -	- vou
2	word could keep somebody from getting the		2		igned off on the policy orde	
3	change in the system?		3	-	you working the medical un	
4	A. It could, yes.		4	at that time?	C	
5	Q. What if someone has a letter that		5	A. Now, a	are you talking about the '16	
6	it says hormone treatments? What happens		6	one or the ini		
7	then?		7	Q. The in	itial one.	
8	A. We would more than likely tell them		8	A. Oh, ye	s, I was in the medical unit	
9	that we had to have more information.		9	then.		
10	Q. And do some letters they don't		10	Q. And yo	ou don't remember seeing a	1
11	specify what type of surgery, right?		11	email or anyth	hing?	
12	A. Right. It just needs to say sex		12	A. No, no	t no. I believe they just	
13	assignment reassignment surgery.		13	came down as	nd handed it to us and said t	hat
14	Q. So if someone were to get breast		14	they got it fin	ished. I don't remember. I	
15	augmentation and the doctor wrote sex		15	don't recall ar	n email.	
16	reassignment surgery they would be approved,		16	Q. Okay.	But you remember seeing a	l
17	right?		17	document and	l looking over a document -	-
18	A. Yes, if if it said sex		18	A. Yes.		
19	reassignment surgery, yes.		19	Q that	looks like the ones we're	
20	Q. It says here that in number two		20	looking at too	lay?	
21	down in the middle of this which is it's		21	A. Yes.		
22	the policy order 63, the most updated		22	Q. Is there	e anything different about	
23	version. On number two it says if a physician		23	the document	s we're looking over today?	
		Page 78				Page 80
1	letter is presented there is no need to		1	A. Well, t	he initial, what, from '12	
2	contact the physician unless there's some		2		n, these are the documents t	hat
3	doubt as to the authenticity of the letter.		3	I saw.		
4	Many of the surgeries are performed in other		4	Q. Yes. I	Plaintiff's Exhibit 7, which	
5	countries. It sounds like you all went		5	is number one	e in the discovery, is this wh	at
6	outside of that. There were times where		6	you first saw?	2	
7	you're not doubting the authenticity of the		7	A. Yes. V	Vait. Let me make sure.	
8	letter. You just wanted something more		8	Yes.		
9	specific, right?		9	Q. Now,	when you were talking abou	t
10	A. Right.		10	the procedure	, that was unwritten, right?	
11	Q. You didn't think the letter was a		11	A. Right.		
12	forgery. You just thought, well, maybe it's		12	Q. Could	you have changed it? Coul	d
13	missing sexual reassignment. It just says		13	you have char	nged the unwritten procedur	re?
14	surgery or		14	A. Could	I have made a different	
15	A. Right, it didn't meet what we		15	decision if I w	vas reviewing a document?	Yes.
16	needed it to meet according to the policy.		16	Q. And di	d you ever?	
17	Q. Were you ever notified whenever		17	A. I may	have.	
18	policy order 63 came out?		18	Q. How c	ome?	
19	A. I don't know. I'm sure I was.		19	A. Just	I don't maybe getting in	
20	Q. You don't remember an email or		20	a hurry or ma	ybe it didn't say the exact	
21	anything?		21	wording of ou	ır procedure, but we didn't h	ave
22	A. No. I believe I was just notified		22	it in writing to	o go back and refer to it this	

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1	time, but I may have.	1	A. They were based on our procedure	
2	Q. Do you think you ever did it in the	2	that we did prior to.	
3	favor of the person that's asking for the	3	Q. The unwritten procedure?	
4	change	4	A. Yes, sir.	
5	A. Yes.	5	Q. But you don't know who came up with	
6	Q when maybe you weren't supposed	6	the unwritten procedure?	
7	to?	7	A. Oh, no, sir, unless unless it	
8	A. Probably.	8	was no, I don't know. I don't know.	
9	Q. What about the other way around?	9	Q. You don't know where they got that	
10	Did you basically rule in the individual's	10	from, if they got it from another state or if	
11	disfavor even though probably they should have	11	they got it you have no idea where the	
12	had the change?	12	unwritten	
13	A. No.	13	A. No, sir.	
14	Q. So it was only in favor of the	14	Q. You just said, okay, that's the	
15	person asking for the sex change?	15	rule.	
16	A. Probably, yes.	16	A. They said this is what we do and	
17	Q. What were you told about the policy	17	that's what we did.	
18	whenever it was the official policy order 63	18	Q. And you never questioned it?	
19	in 2012?	19	A. It was the procedure.	
20	A. I'm not sure I understand the	20	Q. How did ALEA inform the public	
21	question.	21	about the policy orders whenever it came out	
22	Q. Did they just hand you the document	22	in 2012?	
23	or did they say we decided to write it down	23	A. And by public just meaning people	

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1	for these reasons, this is why?	1	that called in inquiring about it?
2	A. Well, I knew they were working on	2	Q. No. I mean, how did they inform
3	it because we didn't have one. And so when it	3	the community that's not asking about it
4	was completed they just said, okay, we've got	4	necessarily?
5	the policy completed.	5	A. I don't know.
6	Q. To your knowledge, the only reason	6	Q. Did they put out a press release?
7	they wrote it down was because they there	7	A. I don't know.
8	was these cases were coming up more often	8	Q. From your knowledge, there was no
9	or I was a little confused on your	9	press release?
10	testimony earlier. Explain why from what	10	A. I don't I don't know.
11	you remember, why did they write it down?	11	Q. There was no announcements?
12	A. We didn't have anything written	12	A. I don't know.
13	down and you like to have standards to go by	13	Q. Was it posted in any DMV offices?
14	and we had more cases that people that were	14	A. I don't know.
15	inquiring. And so we just felt like it you	15	Q. You don't know if it was posted on
16	know, we had so many different scenarios come	16	the wall of any DMV offices?
17	up in the driver's license division. Some	17	A. No, sir.
18	come up once every five years. Some come up	18	Q. And you never asked?
19	more often. And so this was coming up more	19	A. No, sir.
20	often and we just needed to have some	20	Q. But if someone were to call in once
21	guidelines.	21	you have the paper policy would you tell them
22	Q. And what were they going off of?	22	what the policy was?
23	What were the guidelines based off of?	23	A. Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

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1	Q. What if they asked what surgeries	1	the potatoes.	
2	were necessary?	2	Q. When people first apply for a	
3	A. We would just tell them what our	3	driver's license in Alabama, does anyone ever	
4	policy was. They needed to say complete	4	ask them from ALEA down if they are	
5	complete sexual reassignment surgery. I mean,	5	transgender?	
6	the sexual reassignment surgery has been	6	A. No, sir.	
7	completed and that was it.	7	Q. Would you agree that if a	
8	Q. What would you say to someone, for	8	transgender person applying for an Alabama	
9	example, if they were to say I can afford to	9	license for the first time presented	
10	get my testicles removed but not my penis,	10	documentation only reflecting the sex with	
11	will that be enough for me to get the change	11	which they identify and not the sex they were	
12	on my license?	12	assigned at birth they would receive an	
13	A. What we would say, because I'm not	13	Alabama license with a sex designation that	
14	a physician, is if your physician writes in	14	matched the sex designation on their other	
15	and says this, then that's what we'll take.	15	documents?	
16	Q. And you would say as long as	16	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the	
17	there as long as they it says sex	17	form.	
18	reassignment surgery is complete, then you're	18	MR. BOONE: How come? I just want	
19	good to go, right?	19	to make sure I'm can you answer the	
20	A. Yes, sir. Yes, sir. I'm sorry.	20	question?	
21	Yes, sir.	21	A. Can you repeat it cause it's kind	
22	Q. It's okay. When someone applies	22	of long?	
23	for a driver's license for the first time,	23	Q. It's long. If someone if	
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1	what documentation must they present?	1	someone is if the only documents that the	
2	A. A state certified birth certificate	2	DMV sees are documents of the sex that they	
3	and a Social Security card and proof of	3	identify with, would they receive an Alabama	

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certificate?

Q. Yes.

O. Or --

passport --

license?

A. Uh-huh.

license with that sex designation?

A. Are we talking about a birth

A. If they had a birth certificate --

A. -- then that's the sex that we're

going to use on the birth certificate.

required to get an Alabama license?

Q. So if someone brings in a

your immigration documents.

Q. Are birth certificates always

A. You could bring your passport or

Q. -- and it states female, what's the

designation that's going to be put on their

A. It would be female if we don't have

anything to the -- you know, if you present

4 address. And then if any name change they

5 would need to have a name change document.

6 Q. And that's when they apply for the7 first time?8 A. Yes, sir.

9 Q. Is there anything else?

10 A. Well, if they're fifteen to

eighteen years of age they'll need to provideschool proof. Now, if they're not a U.S.

13 citizen then they would need their immigration

14 documents. They can also present a valid U.S.

passport.Q. If someone wants to trade in an

17 out-of-state license for an Alabama license,

18 what documentation must they present?

19 A. Their out-of-state driver's license

20 and their state certified birth certificate

21 and then any name change document and proof of

22 address or the -- anything on our authorized

23 presence list but, yes, that's the meat and

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1	two documents that are different, you know,	1	A. Or either no. Or either we	
2	just like if you came in and your name was	2	would tell them we're going to have to find -	-
3	John Smith on one document and John Jones on	3	we're going to have to delve into this a	
4	the other document, we operate on a paper	4	little deeper. We might have to contact that	
5	trail documentation. So what brought it from	5	other state. We have to see we have to	
6	John Smith to John Jones, the document that	6	determine why it went from one to the other	
7	changed it? But if you brought in a passport	7	Q. Where are you getting that from?	
8	that said female, your Social Security card,	8	Are there guidelines for that? You said that	
9	and your proof of address, then that's what	9	the birth certificate is the default. Is that	
10	would be put on your driver's license.	10	an Alabama code?	
11	Q. Okay. What if there is a	11	A. No. No. That's just the	
12	contradiction? What if, for example, someone	12	document that's their birth document	
13	has one sex on their passport, one sex on	13	that's the document that that's their	
14	their Social Security card? What would you do	14	like the first document that they use. That's	
15	in that situation?	15	what we go by.	
16	A. Well the Social Security doesn't	16	Q. How come?	
17	have a sex on it, so	17	A. Now, that's in our that's in our	
18	Q. Okay.	18	training. That's in their examiner's manual	
19	A. But if they	19	that they bring in their birth certificate.	
20	Q. Is there another can you give me	20	That's what it is. We don't even that's	
21	an example of a contradictory situation?	21	why we don't take a state certified birth I	
22	A. Let's say that they had a birth	22	mean, an out-of-state license by itself. You	
23	certificate and their out-of-state driver's	23	have to have a state certified birth	
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1	license.	1	certificate to accompany that. And that is in	
2	Q. And they're different. Okay.	2	our procedures for examining.	
3	A. Had two different sexes on it. We	3	Q. If someone for example, if a	
4	would want to see what why is there why	4	transgender man were to come in with a birt	h
5	is this not the same? Was it a typographical	5	certificate that said male and a driver's	
6	error with the state? What what what is	6	license that said male, you all would put mal	e
7	this?	7	into the system, right?	
8	Q. If the person responded it's a	8	A. Yes.	
9	typographical error on my birth certificate,	9	Q. And I think we already know this.	
10	this is my sex though from my out-of-state	10	I'm just clarifying. There's no form that	
11	license, is that what would be put into the	11	someone has to turn in to get the sex change	
12	license?	12	on the license, right?	
13	A. On the birth certificate? We're	13	A. No, sir.	
14	going to go by what the birth document has.	14	Q. Is the policy with the out-of-state	
15	That's what we use on everything. Now, if	15	driver's license that you referred to where	
16	it's different on the driver's license, we	16	they have to have a birth certificate, is that	
17	just have to see that trail that got us to	17	a new policy?	
18	where we are.	18	A. No.	
19	Q. If you don't see the trail, then	19	Q. How old is that policy?	
119	Q. II you don't see the trail, then	1.3	Q. How old is that policy?	

- 20 the birth certificate --
- 21 A. Would be the default probably,

22 yes. Yes, it would be the default.

23 Q. Is that written somewhere? 20

22

23

exactly.

A. Well, it's probably in the past ten

Q. If you were to -- within the past

21 years maybe. I don't know. I don't know

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1	five years do you think?	1	Q. When was the last time you made a	
2	A. Yes, sir. Yes, sir.	2	change in the system or denied a change in the	
3	Q. But maybe within the past ten	3	system?	
4	years. So it's somewhat of a new policy?	4	A. Me personally?	
5	A. That wouldn't be new to me, but	5	Q. You personally.	
6	right.	6	A. Oh, goodness. I don't know an	
7	Q. Yeah, I got you. And do you know	7	exact time. It's been a long time.	
8	where that policy came from?	8	Q. Since 2015 have you?	
9	A. No, I don't.	9	A. I just don't I can't say for	
10	Q. Did it come from the legislature?	10	sure. If I did any, it wasn't very it	
11	You're unaware if it came from the	11	hasn't been very many. One, two possibly.	
12	legislature?	12	Q. I remember you said you've had	
13	A. I'm I don't know.	13	around maybe fifty opportunities to make	
14	Q. Okay. Do you when individuals	14	changes or it's come before you, right?	
15	are making the change in the system from male	15	A. (Witness nods.)	
16	to female, female to male, does it ever have	16	Q. Be sure to say yes.	
17	to go through a supervisor?	17	A. Yes. Yes.	
18	A. No.	18	Q. What percentage of those times do	
19	Q. Is that the way it currently works	19	you estimate a physician's office needed to be	
20	in the medical unit?	20	called out of those, around fifty?	
21	A. Yes. At one time it came from the	21	A. That I handled? I don't know. Not	
22	supervisor's office, but not any longer.	22	very many.	
23	Q. Okay. Does Jeannie Eastman see	23	Q. Is there any way you could give a	

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	- 5			J
1	every change in the system?	1	percentage?	
2	A. Not that I'm aware of, no.	2	A. No.	
3	Q. It's possible that people could	3	Q. Like five percent?	
4	change it on their own without Jeannie Eastman	4	A. Maybe two to five percent.	
5	ever knowing it, right?	5	Q. Do you know about other people who	
6	A. It's possible. I don't know how	6	have the ability to make changes? Do you know	
7	they operate up there now because I don't work	7	the percentage they might call a physician?	
8	in the medical unit any longer.	8	A. I do not.	
9	Q. Remind me, at the time when you	9	Q. That's never come up in any type of	
10	were there is it possible that the supervisor	10	conversation?	
11	doesn't see every change in the system?	11	A. No, sir.	
12	A. Not for the sex change at that time	12	Q. What measures does the medical unit	
13	because I was only one of the few that could	13	or anyone who has the ability to call a	
14	change it.	14	physician, what measures do they take to	
15	Q. Could you name the people that can	15	protect the privacy of the applicants?	
16	concurrently change it?	16	A. That's why they don't discuss	
17	A. I don't know everybody that can	17	what's in the letter. They ask the doctor to	
18	change it. I know that I can change it and	18	say what kind of letter did you what was	
19	the help desk can change it and then the	19	contained in the letter that you sent me	
20	medical unit can change it. That's all I'm	20	because we just say the name, we got a letter,	
21	aware of at headquarters that can change it.	21	can you verify that it's dated this date. And	
22	And they may be able to change it in the	22	then if the doctor elaborates, then that's	
23	field.	23	fine, but we don't we don't and we only	

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1	discuss anything with just the person or the	1	Q. What was all said when you make	
2	physician's office, not anybody that calls in	2	those those conversations?	
3	and asks any question or anything.	3	A. It's usually this just doesn't have	
4	Q. When there's a call to a	4	all the information we need, can you get some	
5	physician's office, could it be to anyone in	5	clarification on it.	
6	the office?	6	Q. Have you ever heard anyone in the	
7	A. We usually I'm assuming I	7	office ever say something or be upset about	
8	didn't call a lot of physician's offices. I	8	not being able to change the sex designation	
9	would always ask for the office manager and	9	for somebody?	
10	then say that I you know, explain to them	10	A. I'm sure there's been some people	
11	that I received a letter.	11	that were upset. I'm sorry. Excuse me.	
12	Q. So it wasn't always the actual	12	Rephrase that.	
13	doctor?	13	Q. Sure. I'll rephrase it.	
14	A. No. It's hard to reach the doctor.	14	A. Okay.	
15	Q. Did you ask permission of the	15	Q. Have any of your colleagues	
16	applicants before you made a call to the	16	A. Oh, no, no, no.	
17	physician's office?	17	Q ever been upset that they	
18	A. No.	18	couldn't change because the policy restricted	
19	Q. Does anybody ever ask the	19	them from changing?	
20	applicants beforehand?	20	A. Oh, no, sir. I'm sorry. I thought	
21	A. No. I don't know that answer.	21	you meant people that called in.	
22	Q. As far as you know, no one calls	22	Q. Has anyone any of your	
23	the applicants to ask permission to look up	23	colleagues ever expressed an opinions about	
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1	their medical record?	1	the policy, either positively or negatively?	
2	A. I don't know.	2	A. No, sir, not that I recall, other	
3	Q. Has anyone at ALEA ever explained	3	than the fact that we needed one.	
4	the purpose of the policy to you?	4	Q. Other than the fact that they just	
5	A. Other than just to say we need	5	need the policy, that you need to enforce it,	
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have you heard anyone else at ALEA discussing

MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.

Q. Do you agree with the policy?

A. Yes, sir, I agree with the policy.

a paper trail. And so that falls in line with

Q. So if someone is seeing a doctor

Q. It's still a document. How come

but hasn't had surgery, you still have a paper

it -- I just -- we operate as an identity

A. From a standpoint of documentation

document and everything that we do has to have

anything else about the policy?

A. No. No, sir.

Q. Why?

the paper trail.

trail, correct?

A. Yes, sir.

that's not good enough?

- 6 documentation, no. I mean, no.
- 7 Q. They never said why they need8 documentation?9 A. We need documentation on a lot of
- 10 different things, name changes, all that type11 thing.
- **12** Q. Have you ever talked to colleagues
- 13 about applications to change sex designations14 that were denied?15 A. Have I ever talked to my colleagues
- **16** about it? No, sir.
- **17** Q. But you have shared at least to
- **18** call a physician, you've talked -- you've
- **19** delegated the responsibility?
- 20 A. Sure.
- 21 Q. So you've talked to them in some
- 22 way, right?

Min-U-Script®

- 23 A. Yes.
- Baker Realtime Worldwide Court Reporting & Video www.BakerRealtime.com

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1	A. I don't know.	1	requires surgery? A. I can't recall. We we I	
2	Q. In your personal opinion do you think that's good enough?	2	don't know. I was thinking it came up at a	
3	A. If it just said what?	3	conference I was at one time, but I don't	
4	Q. If it says that I'm receiving	4	remember.	
6	clinical treatment from a doctor, for example,	6	Q. So it wouldn't surprise you if you	
7	is that good enough?	7	found out that the majority do not require	
8	A. No. I don't feel it's good enough,	8	surgery?	
9	only from an I think about individuals that	9	A. It wouldn't surprise me, no, I	
10	possibly are found unconscious or dead on the	10	don't guess.	
11	road and they're trying to make an identity of	11	Q. Do you think identifying bodies in	
12	that person and that might hinder that if they	12	other states is different than identifying	
13	couldn't make a good, you know, identification	13	bodies in Alabama?	
14	of that person based on that.	14	A. No, sir.	
15	Q. Are you saying that police officers	15	Q. Since you've the driver's license	
16	can't identify a body if there's no license	16	manager and you've worked at ALEA since 1991,	
17	close by?	17	do you think that genitals have anything to do	
18	A. I'm not a police officer so I don't	18	with driving?	
19	know. This is just me thinking. We've always	19	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
20	just gone by documentation and so I just	20	A. No, sir.	
21	think that they need documentation supporting	21	Q. Does genitals really have anything	
22	that.	22	to do with everyday life when it comes to	
23	Q. So you would agree that clinical	23	identification in your opinion?	
	Page 102			Page 104
1	-	1	MR CHYNOWETH: Object to the form	Page 104
1	treatment documentation is enough?	1	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form. A. Everyday life? No. but it can	Page 104
1 2 3	treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy	1 2 3	A. Everyday life? No, but it can	Page 104
2	treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what?	2	A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier.	Page 104
2 3	treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy	2 3	A. Everyday life? No, but it can	Page 104
2 3 4	treatment documentation is enough?A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what?Q. Enough to make the sex change in	2 3 4	A. Everyday life? No, but it canhave it can be another identifier.Q. In what circumstance?	Page 104
2 3 4 5	treatment documentation is enough?A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what?Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system.	2 3 4 5	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I 	2 3 4 5 6	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. 	2 3 4 5 6 7	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's license manager, right? 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in Alabama that has a bad record there. He's 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's license manager, right? A. But I have policy I have to follow 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in Alabama that has a bad record there. He's saying he's never been there. Well, what we 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's license manager, right? A. But I have policy I have to follow or I won't be the driver's license manager. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in Alabama that has a bad record there. He's saying he's never been there. Well, what we do is we look at, you know, all the 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's license manager, right? A. But I have policy I have to follow or I won't be the driver's license manager. Q. That's fair. So you don't know why 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in Alabama that has a bad record there. He's saying he's never been there. Well, what we do is we look at, you know, all the identifiers and see if that is that person, 	Page 104
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 treatment documentation is enough? A. I have to go by what the policy MR. CHYNOWETH: Enough for what? Q. Enough to make the sex change in the system. A. It doesn't really matter what I think. I have to go by the policy. Q. You are the you're the driver's license manager, right? A. But I have policy I have to follow or I won't be the driver's license manager. Q. That's fair. So you don't know why Alabama doesn't just require clinical 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	 A. Everyday life? No, but it can have it can be another identifier. Q. In what circumstance? A. As far as if it's I don't the way I look at it or the way we run into it at work, a lot of times another state will call us and say I've got a John Smith here in Alabama that has a bad record there. He's saying he's never been there. Well, what we do is we look at, you know, all the identifiers and see if that is that person, and that's just another one that helps 	Page 104
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	•		
	Pa	age 105	Page 107
1	Gabriel will or we'll do it on another day.		1 And certification only accepted from limited
2	Are you aware of the resource guide from the		2 range of health care providers, so there
3	AANBA? Have you ever seen this before, the		3 are there is a paper trail.
4	resource guide on gender designation on		4 Q. Okay. Is the I'm trying to see
5	driver's licenses and identification cards?		5 if the District of Columbia is on there.
6	A. I've never seen sorry. I've		6 A. Yeah.
7	never seen that, no.		7 Q. I don't know if a simplified form
8	MR. CHYNOWETH: Might as well put		8 is required. My understanding is that it is
9	that into evidence.		9 only affirmation, but I don't have it right
10	Q. Okay. I'll enter this into	1	10 here in front of me. So I won't ask you about
11	evidence as Number 8. This is the resource	1	11 that
12	guide on gender designation on driver's	1	12 A. Okay.
13	licenses and identification cards. It is also	1	13 Q since I don't have it in front
14	marked in the discovery from pages 338 through	1	14 of me, and it's not fair for you to answer on
15	380.	1	15 that. So I'm not going to do that.
16	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 8 was	1	16 Do the terms gender reassignment
17	marked for identification. A copy	1	17 surgery and reassignment procedure in the
18	is attached.)	1	18 policy refer to the same thing?
19	Q. I can hold off on that. Sorry. I	1	19 A. Yes.
20	was just going to show you it's just going	2	20 Q. What's your understanding of the
21	to take too much time and I don't have the	2	21 term reassignment procedure in the policy?
22	page actually I just pulled to it. Wow.	2	22 A. That they had surgery to
23	That was fortunate.	2	23 irreversibly had irreversible surgery to

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1	Does it look like from your	1	change their sex.
2	experience how many states on there require	2	Q. But the word irreversible doesn't
3	surgery? And we're looking at page let me	3	have to be there, correct?
4	mark it. It's page 364 in the discovery. And	4	A. No, no.
5	the title of this page is U.S. Jurisdiction	5	Q. What's the difference between sex
6	Driver's License and ID Card Policies. And it	6	and gender?
7	has a breakdown of different policies in	7	A. I don't know.
8	different states. Now, this is from 2016, so	8	Q. On a driver's license can
9	I know there have been changes in some states.	9	individuals change their height?
10	A. Okay.	10	A. They can.
11	Q. How many states require surgery?	11	Q. What's required for that?
12	A. Let's see. There's nine it	12	A. They can tell us or either we have
13	looks like nine roughly.	13	measurements in most of the offices on the
14	Q. And it looks like some states it	14	wall they can see.
15	looks like eight, nine, ten states don't	15	Q. But you don't measure everybody,
16	require a form; is that correct?	16	right?
17	A. Yes.	17	A. No.
18	Q. So they would have no need for a	18	Q. There's no paper trail, right?
19	paper trail; is that right?	19	A. No.
20	A. Well, it says certification	20	Q. What about when individuals change
21	accepted from medical or mental health	21	their weight?
22	providers. That would be documentation.	22	A. No.
23	Certification there would be documentation.	23	Q. There's no paper trail?

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	Page 109			Page 111
1	A. Right, because we don't start with	1	person states she's a woman but her Alabama	
2	anything.	2	license says M, would that be confusing for	
3	Q. You don't weigh them though?	3	the officer?	
4	A. No.	4	A. Probably.	
5	Q. Do you think everyone's weights are	5	Q. Not yes? Probably?	
6	close to what they actually weigh?	6	A. Yes.	
7	A. Oh, no.	7	Q. Yes, it would be confusing?	
8	Q. So you would say that the weights	8	A. It would be confusing.	
9	are markedly different from actuality?	9	Q. Do you think the officer would	
10	A. Yes, I would.	10	the officer think there might be something	
11	Q. Could that have a difference in	11	wrong with the license?	
12	identifying a body?	12	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
13	A. It could.	13	A. He could, yes.	
14	Q. Or could that make a difference in	14	Q. Why is there a gender marker on our	
15	any type of identification?	15	driver's license?	
16	A. Possibly, yes.	16	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
17	Q. Could individuals change their hair	17	A. I don't know that answer.	
18	color on their license?	18	Q. You've been working at the driver's	
19	A. Usually we put natural hair color,	19	license office since 1991. You've never	
20	but it doesn't say natural hair color.	20	thought about it before?	
21	Q. If someone has been, you know,	21	A. It's just it's been on there	
22	dying their hair blonde for thirty years even	22	since long before I got my driver's license.	
23	though they're a brunette and they say can you	23	It's just no, I've never thought about it.	
	Page 110			Page 112
1	put blonde on my license, would you make that	1	Q. Do you see a problem if there were	
2	change?	2	to not be a gender marker?	
3	A. Possibly, yes, sir.	3	A. Not that I can not off the top	
4	Q. You wouldn't do any type of	4	of my head, no. Other than it could cause	
5	testing?	5	people problems if they were going in	
6	A. No.	6	somewhere. I don't know.	
7	Q. There would be no paper trail,	7	Q. What do you mean?	
8	right?	8	A. It could just it might cause	
9	A. No.	9	them issues just because people are used to	
10	Q. I'm skipping some of these	10	seeing that kind of thing on a driver's	
11	questions because we've been going for a	11	license.	
12	little bit. If someone appears outwardly	12	Q. Oh. Are you saying that because	
13	female but their license says male, do you	13	there's no sex designation they might I'm	
14	think that would confuse a police officer when	14	confused. Can you	
15	it comes to identification?	15	A. Well, I just think people are used	
16	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	16	to seeing that on there, so it you know, it	
17	A. Yeah, I don't know. I guess it	17	would just it could cause a problem I	
18	would depend on the police officer. I don't	18	guess. I don't know.	
19	know.	19	Q. Do you think that you have	
20	Q. Hypothetically, would a police	20	worked under the Department of Public Safety	
21	officer be confused if there was a woman	21	for a while. Do you think that the Department	
22	wearing a dress, makeup, long hair, breasts, a	22	of Public Safety in Alabama should be	
23	feminine name, a feminine voice, and the woman	23	concerned about the safety of all of its	

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	Page 113			Page 115
1	citizens and residents?	1	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
2	A. Yes.	2	A. I have never heard her say that.	
3	Q. Are transgender people still	3	Q. There's more, but but so you	
4	citizens and residents of the State of	4	didn't answer the question. I mean, do you	
5	Alabama?	5	agree with her? I mean, do you well, I'll	
6	A. Yes.	6	just ask you.	
7	Q. Do you think that the Department of	7	A. Okay. Go ahead.	
8	Public Safety should care about their safety?	8	Q. Do you think that parents should be	
9	A. Yes.	9	embarrassed that they have a transgender	
10	Q. Have you ever liked Laura Ingram on	10	child?	
11	Facebook?	11	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	
12	A. Have I ever liked her?	12	A. No.	
13	Q. Liked her.	13	Q. Do you think that hormone therapy	
14	A. No.	14	for a transgender child is child abuse?	
15	Q. You know what a you know, a like	15	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the	
16	on Facebook is when you like someone's page?	16	form.	
17	A. (Witness nods.)	17	A. No. But now my knowledge of that	
18	Q. Right? Yes?	18	is very limited, so I don't know what any of	
19	A. Yes, yes, yes. But I've never	19	that would mean.	
20	liked Laura Ingram on Facebook.	20	Q. Okay. Have you ever liked I'm	
21	Q. I have here Plaintiff's Exhibit	21	skipping some of this. Have you ever liked	
22	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 9 was	22	Billy Graham on Facebook?	
23	marked for identification. A copy	23	A. Yes.	

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	1 is attached.)	1	Q. Okay. Do you agree with Billy
	2 Q. Okay. I have here Plaintiff's	2	Graham when he says God gave LGBT people AIDS?
	3 Exhibit 9 which is taken from I'm assuming	3	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.
	this is your Facebook page. This is your name	4	A. No.
	5 Diane Crew Woodruff, right?	5	Q. Would you agree with Billy Graham
	6 A. Uh-huh.	6	when he says the LGBT people and LGBT
	7 Q. These looks like things you have	7	lifestyles contribute to the decay of
	8 liked before on Facebook.	8	civilization?
	9 A. Uh-huh. Well, evidently I did.	9	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.
1	• There's probably a whole lot more.	10	A. No.
1	1 Q. Liked Laura Ingram?	11	Q. I won't keep going. On October
1	2 A. Yes. Sorry.	12	10th let me get this email prepared for
1	3 Q. Do you know why you liked Laura	13	you.
1	4 Ingram?	14	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 10 was
1	5 A. No, I don't.	15	marked for identification. A copy
1	6 Q. Do you agree with Laura Ingram when	16	is attached.)
1	7 she says that parents should be embarrassed	17	Q. Okay. Here we go. This email will
1	8 when they have a transgender child?	18	be marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 10. It's an
1	9 MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	19	email from yeah, here we go. At the
2	A. I've never heard her say that.	20	bottom there's two emails on Plaintiff's
2	Q. Okay. So do you agree with Laura	21	Exhibit 10, which is also in the discovery as
2	2 Ingram when she says hormone therapy for	22	1103. It's from Diane Woodruff to Jeannie
2	3 transgender people is child abuse?	23	Eastman. It's on October 10th, 2017, at

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1	2:51 p.m. It says here here. I'll let you	1	are you referring to?	
2	read it while I read it. It says here Iowa	2	A. I'm referring from Sergeant Duke up	
3	now changes the gender for transgender	3	above me.	
4	individuals the same way we do. I just	4	Q. Okay. So I'm sorry to make you do	
5	thought you may want to see that for argument	5	this again.	
6	sake. I figure eventually legal in DL will	6	A. That's okay.	
7	want to look at the whole process again.	7	Q. Just so it's clean on the record,	
8	Diane. Did you write that?	8	it's Duke	
9	A. I did.	9	A. Hubbard, Archer, Pregno.	
10	Q. What is DL?	10	Q. Okay. Looking back at this email,	
11	A. Driver's license.	11	what did you mean by legal in DL will want to	
12	Q. What does that mean?	12	look at the whole process again?	
13	A. The unit, the decision-makers.	13	A. What we require.	
14	Q. Okay. The whole division or just	14	Q. And you're talking about the policy	
15	do you mean like Deena Pregno? Does that	15	order 63?	
16	mean what people does DL mean?	16	A. Yes.	
17	A. The decision-makers, whoever	17	Q. Why?	
18	makes the decision-makers in driver's	18	A. Just to see if there was some other	
19	license. So I guess that would be Chief	19	options that might be out there.	
20	Pregno.	20	Q. How come?	
21	Q. And others?	21	A. Because other states were doing	
22	A. Yes.	22	things differently.	
23	Q. At the top?	23	Q. Is that	
				-
	Page 118			Page 120
1	A. Her command staff.	1	A. Based on this article evidently.	
2	Q. Her command staff. Who's all in	2	Q. Is that I mean, the inference	
3	her command staff? I don't think I ever got	3	from that is that you thought we might that	
4	that.	4	Alabama might not be doing it the right way;	
5	A. We went over it. Captain Archer.	5	is that correct?	
6	Q. Oh, okay. Those are all the	6	MR. CHYNOWETH: Object to the form.	

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A. No. It was just for informational

Q. What did you mean when you said I

just thought you may want to look to see that

Q. Was there -- this is in October

Q. That's referring to some other type

of conversation about the policy, right?

A. I don't -- I can't answer that. I

Q. It would be odd to send this email

out of the blue. I just thought you might

want to see that for argument sake.

purposes. Honestly I don't remember

everything about this.

for argument sake?

10th of 2017.

don't know.

A. Uh-huh.

A. I don't know.

- command staff. 7 8 A. Uh-huh.
- 9 Q. So is it the line from you up? 10 A. I'm not always included in it, but
- **11** yes. 12 Q. Are you part of the command staff? 13 A. Not necessarily, no. I'm the 14 driver's license manager, but there's a lot of decisions that they make that I'm not involved 15
- 16 in.
- 17
- Q. But are you part of the command 18 staff?
- 19 A. Not officially. There's not an
- official command staff. That's just what we 20
- 21 say, that's her command staff. And it's
- 22 usually the trooper ranks. 23 Q. So when you say command staff, who

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1	A. That's just an expression. I just		1	A. Right,	right.	
2	say the article and thought that it might be		2		on't see the word complete or	n
3	interesting for her because she deals in this		3	the document	-	
4	all the time and talks to individuals all the		4	A. Huh-uh. No, sir.		
5	time.		5		ou don't see the word	
6	Q. Is there an ongoing argument that		6		n the document, do you?	
7	Ms. Eastman has about the policy?		7	A. No, sir	-	
8	A. No.		8		u know what kind of surgery	it
9	Q. Were there ever questions about the		9	was?		
10	policy at any point?		10	A. No, sir		
11	A. No. It's probably just not a very		11	Q. Could	it possibly be breast	
12	good choice of words on my part.		12	augmentation		
13	Q. So at this time when you sent this		13	A. I don't	know.	
14	you didn't have any doubts about the policy?		14	Q. So it's	possible that it could have	
15	A. No.		15	been breast au		
16	Q. Or any you didn't have any		16		ne that's possible.	
17	doubts about its effectiveness?		17	Q. Okay.	I'm marking another docum	ent
18	A. No.		18	Plaintiff's Exl	nibit 11. This is another	
19	Q. Okay. The next does someone		19	MR. BOONE: Should be 12.		
20	I just want to make sure I put the right		20	Q. Oh, 12. Thank you. I'm marking		
21	number. That was 10. Okay. I'm marking this		21	this Plaintiff's	Exhibit 12. This is another	
22	as Plaintiff's Exhibit 11.		22	doctor's letter	that Mrs. Woodruff signed	off
23	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 11 was		23	on.		
		_				
		Page 122				Page 124
1	marked for identification. A copy		1		iff's Exhibit Number 12 was	
2	is attached.)		2	marke	d for identification. A copy	
3	Q. This is a doctor's letter that		3	is attac		
4	Mrs. Woodruff signed off on. It's from the		4		your initials at the top,	
5	Reid Center.		5	DCW?		
6	A. Uh-huh.		6	A. Yes, si		
7	Q. That is your initials, correct,		7		d you write that you changed	đ
8	DCW?		8	the sex?		
9	A. Correct.		9	A. Yes, si		
10	Q. And it says here you changed the		10		ng you changed it from one t	0
11	sex to female, right?		11	the other in th	•	
12	A. Yes.		12	A. Yes, si		
13	Q. So that understanding that to		13		id you change it on this	.9
14	mean you changed the sex in the database from male to female, right?		14 15		son, for this particular person because it says I performed	
15 16	male to female, right? A. Correct.				e surgical procedure for the	
17	A. Correct.Q. Why did you change it?		16 17		tering sex characteristics fro	m
18	A. I guess because she they		18	female to mal		
19	produced a letter. Now, this was back in		19		And that was good enough	
20	'09. I didn't have we didn't have a lot		20		the unwritten policy at that	
20	of we didn't have any we just had that		20	time?	ine anwitten poncy at that	
22	procedure. We didn't have a policy.		22		ocedure, yes, sir. I	
1	r		1	pi		
23	Q. The unwritten procedure?		23	completed his	s gender reassignment surger	v.

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1	Q. This next one is Plaintiff's	1	Q. Is it possible that people were	
2	Exhibit 13 that I'll be sharing with you.	2	changed in the system without any notation	
3	It's another doctor's note with	3	anywhere?	
4	Mrs. Woodruff's initials at the top.	4	A. By me or by someone else?	
5	A. Uh-huh.	5	Q. I can rephrase that. When you make	
6	(Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 13 was	6	a change or anyone else makes a change	
7	marked for identification. A copy	7	let's just stay with you. When you make a	
8	is attached.)	8	change in the system, where do you record it?	
9	Q. Is that your initials at the top,	9	Other than just, you know, backspace, you	
10	DCW?	10	know, F, adding an M or vice versa, where do	
11	A. Yes, sir.	11	you record that you did that?	
12	Q. And why did and it says at the	12	A. When you do that in the system on	
13	top that you changed the gender; is that	13	our activity page it should come up with a	
14	correct?	14	programmatic like when you change your name	
15	A. Yes, sir.	15	even it will say name change or it will say	
16	Q. Meaning in the system you changed	16	change. And it will say name, no; whatever,	
17	it from one sex to the other?	17	no; and then whatever you changed you'll have	
18	A. Yes, sir.	18	a yes by it.	
19	Q. And you kind of used gender and	19	Q. So you could find all of the	
20	sex sometimes you say gender; sometimes you	20	changes that you've made over time, right?	
21	say sex, right?	21	A. I could?	
22	A. Yes, sir.	22	Q. Somebody could.	
23	Q. Why did you change it on this	23	A. Yes, I guess. I don't know for	

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1	person?	1	sure.
2	A. The surgical procedure was	2	Q. Because every time there's a change
3	performed by me to irreversibly correct his	3	in the system it's marked in some way?
4	anatomy and appearance and completed sex	4	A. Right, right. But I don't know why
5	reassignment.	5	it I mean, it could have been changed from
6	Q. But you don't know what specific	6	a typo or whatever, but yes. Yes.
7	procedure was performed, right?	7	Q. Is there any way to distinguish sex
8	A. No, sir.	8	versus name change? Could you pull out all
9	Q. You don't remember for any of	9	the sex changes in the past year, for example?
10	these three documents that you just saw, you	10	A. For due to surgery or due to
11	don't remember if you needed to call a doctor	11	anything, we just changed the sex because
12	for any of those, right?	12	it I mean, it that's all we could get is
13	A. No, sir, I don't.	13	just the sex was changed that I'm aware of.
14	Q. And, like you said earlier, you	14	I'm not an IT person, so
15	probably wouldn't have cause there would have	15	Q. You're saying are you saying
16	been a note on there, correct?	16	A. What determines why did we
17	A. Sometimes.	17	change it? There's no way of knowing why it
18	Q. Were there times that you left	18	was I mean, we can't differentiate to pull
19	documents blank?	19	those, just the ones that were changed due to
20	A. Uh-huh, possibly.	20	this.
21	Q. What does that mean for the person	21	Q. If someone were to for example,
22	if the document was left blank?	22	if you were to change twenty-five people's sex
23	A. Just an oversight on my part.	23	in the last year, and they said, well, can we

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1	pull and see who those twenty-five people		1	A. Would	it surprise me? Probably a	
2	were, would you be able to would someone be		2	little bit.		
3	able to see those twenty-five people?		3	Q. Well, I	'm not going to do that now,	
4	A. I guess, yes. But, again, I'm not		4	but it's not in	the state code, at least I	
5	an IT person, but I'm assuming they could.		5	can't find it.		
6	Q. But other than just the backspace		6	MR. B	OONE: Is it okay if we take a	l
7	and adding changing the sex in the system,		7	short break?	But I'm getting close.	
8	you're not recording it somewhere else? You		8	(Break	taken.)	
9	don't keep notes?		9	EX	AMINATION	
10	A. There is a comments page, and we'll		10	BY MR. CHY	NOWETH:	
11	go in there and add it in comments.		11	Q. I have	just a few questions for	
12	Q. In that person's particular file?		12	you. Diane, d	lo you know how driver's lice	nse
13	A. Yes.		13	examiners are	trained?	
14	Q. And is that the end right there?		14	A. Yes, be	ecause I go ahead.	
15	A. Uh-huh.		15	Q. Have y	ou done do you train	
16	Q. So there's no other type of		16	driver's licens	e examiners?	
17	document that you would mark it in like we've		17	A. Yes, si	r, I do.	
18	changed this many people this year, for		18		train them on proper	
19	example?		19	-	allowing people to update	
20	A. Not that I'm aware of. They may do		20	information o	n their driver's licenses?	
21	something different now.		21	A. Yes, si		
22	Q. So there was not much of a record		22		iver's license examiners	
23	of you when you were doing this and making		23	trained to allo	w people to change their heig	ht
		Page 130				Page 132
1	the changes in the system, there wasn't		1	and weight to	anything whatsoever?	
2	much there wasn't a paper trail?		2	-	ything. It has to be	
3	A. Well, we scanned these documents.		3		servable that's reasonable.	
4	That was our paper trail.		4		person who is five feet	
5	Q. Okay. So just scanning these		5		hange the height on their	
6	documents		6	license to eigl	nt feet tall, is the driver's	
7	A. And then doc and then putting it		7	license exami	ner trained to allow a person	0
8	in comments.		8	make that cha	nge?	
9	Q. Putting it in the comments in the		9	A. No. T	he way that they are trained	
10	individual file. And then, of course, the		10	is that if some	cone comes in with something	
11	change is somewhat marked in the software		11	that's like that	, a situation like that, then	
12	program I guess that there was some someone		12	they'll discree	tly tell them we have to have	
13	went in there and made a change. There's got		13	something that	it's a little bit more true to	
14	to be time stamps, right?		14	what you are,	reasonable or observable.	
15	A. Yes. Well, I don't know about time		15	Q. And w	ould that be the same with	
16	A. Tes. Wen, I don't know about time					
1	stamps, but there is a change.		16	respect to son	neone's weight?	
17			16 17	-		
	stamps, but there is a change.			A. Yes. 7	neone's weight?	
17	stamps, but there is a change. Q. Understood. Are you aware in the		17	A. Yes. T Q. I under	neone's weight? That's delicate, but yes.	
17 18	stamps, but there is a change. Q. Understood. Are you aware in the state code that sex is required for a driver's license? A. No.		17 18	A. Yes. T Q. I under same with res A. Yes.	neone's weight? 'hat's delicate, but yes. rstand. Would that be the pect to someone's eye color?	
17 18 19	stamps, but there is a change.Q. Understood. Are you aware in the state code that sex is required for a driver's license?A. No.Q. Would it surprise you if I were to		17 18 19	A. Yes. 7 Q. I under same with res A. Yes. Q. So driv	heone's weight? That's delicate, but yes. Tstand. Would that be the pect to someone's eye color? Yer's license examiners are	
17 18 19 20	 stamps, but there is a change. Q. Understood. Are you aware in the state code that sex is required for a driver's license? A. No. Q. Would it surprise you if I were to tell you that there's no sex requirement in 		17 18 19 20	A. Yes. 7 Q. I under same with res A. Yes. Q. So driv not trained to	heone's weight? That's delicate, but yes. Tstand. Would that be the pect to someone's eye color? Yer's license examiners are allow people to change the	
17 18 19 20 21	stamps, but there is a change.Q. Understood. Are you aware in the state code that sex is required for a driver's license?A. No.Q. Would it surprise you if I were to		17 18 19 20 21	A. Yes. 7 Q. I under same with res A. Yes. Q. So driv not trained to	heone's weight? That's delicate, but yes. Tstand. Would that be the pect to someone's eye color? Yer's license examiners are	

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1	license aside from sex to anything whatsoever?		
2	A. Not anything whatsoever, no.		
3	MR. CHYNOWETH: Okay. I don't have		
4	any further questions.		
5	MR. BOONE: I don't either.		
6			
7	(The deposition of DIANE WOODRUFF,		
8	concluded on November 8, 2018, at		
9	3:23 p.m.)		
10			
11	FURTHER DEPONENT SAITH NOT		
12			
13			
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23			
	Page 134	-	
1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE		
2	STATE OF ALABAMA)		
3	JEFFERSON COUNTY)		
4	I, Elaine Scott, Licensed Court		
5	Reporter and Commissioner for the State of		
	Alabama at Large, hereby certify that on		
7	November 8, 2018, I reported the deposition of		
8	DIANE WOODRUFF, who was first duly sworn or		
9	affirmed to speak the truth in the matter of		
10	the foregoing cause, and that pages 1 through		
11	134 contain a true and accurate transcription		
12	of the examination of said witness by counsel		
13	for the parties set out herein.		
14	I further certify that I am neither		
15	of kin nor of counsel to any of the parties to		
16	said cause nor in any manner interested in the		
17	results thereof.		
18			
19	ELAINE SCOTT, Court Reporter		
20	and Commissioner for the State		
21	of Alabama at Large,		
22	CCR License No. 354, Expires 9/30/19		
23	MY COMMISSION EXPIRES NOVEMBER 16, 2019		
		1	

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	afford (1)	and/or (1)	76:7;123:16	19:6
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DOC. 48-9

Exhibit 9

Deposition of Donald Leach Ph.D.

In The Matter Of:

Darcy Corbitt v. Hal Taylor

Donald Leach December 21, 2018

Tempest Reporting, Inc. 175 South Main, Suite 710 Salt Lake City, UT 84111 (801) 521-5222

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		4	MR. ARKLES		5
	DARCY CORBITT, et al., :	5			
		6		-000-	
	Plaintiffs, : Civil Action No.	7			
	2:18-cv-91-MHT-GMB	8		EXHIBITS	
	-v- :	9	No.	Description	Page
	WAT MANTON in his official	10	Exhibit 38	Expert Report of Donald Leach	5
	HAL TAYLOR, in his official : capacity as Secretary of the Deposition of:	11	Exhibit 39	Instructions to Change the	5
	Alabama Law Enforcement : DONALD LEACH	12		Indicator of Sex on an Idaho	
	Agency, et al.,	13		Birth Certificate to Reflect	
	:	14		Gender Identity	
	Defendants.	15	Exhibit 40		5
		16		Transgender Equality website	5
		17			
[18	The hill it is a set	printout	-
	Place: TEMPEST REPORTING, INC.		Exhibit 41		5
	175 South Main Street, #710	19		Regulations excerpt	
	Salt Lake City, Utah 84111	20	Exhibit 42	Gender Designation Form	5
		21	Exhibit 43	National PREA Resource Center	5
	Date: December 21, 2018 9:03 a.m.	22		Guidance in Cross-Gender and	
	9.05 a.m.	23		Transgender Pat Searches	
	Reporter: Vickie Larsen, CSR/RMR	24	Exhibit 44	Issues Surrounding Managing	5
		25		Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual,	
	Page 2				Page 4
1	A P P E A R A N C E S	1		Transgender & Intersey	
2		2		Transgender & Intersex	
3	For the Plaintiff (present by videoconference):			Offenders in Jails by	
4	Gabriel Arkles ACLU LGBT & HIV Project/ACLU Foundation	3		Donald L. Leach II, Ph.D.	
5	125 Broad Street, 18th Floor New York, New York 10004	4			
6	212.549.2605	5		-000-	
	Garkles@aclu.org	6			
7	Brock Boone ACLU OF ALABAMA	7			
8	P.O. Box 6179 Montgomery, Alabama 36106	8			
9	334.265.2754 Bboone@aclualabama.org	9			
10		10			
11	For the Defendants (present by videoconference):	11			
12	Brad A. Chynoweth ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL	12			
13	CONSTITUTIONAL DEFENSE DIVISION OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL	13			
14	STATE OF ALABAMA 501 Washington Avenue	14			
15	P.O. Box 300152				
	Montgomery, Alabama 36130 334.242.7997	15			
16	Bchynoweth@ago.state.al.us	16			
17	Also Present: (Present by videoconference):	17			
18	Joshua Block	18			
19		19			
20	-000-	20			
21		21			
22		22			
23		23			
		24			
24		25			
25		2.5			

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	Taylor Date Flied.		December 21, 2018
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1	December 21, 2018 9:03 a.m.	1	that I have already asked you before we do that. Is
2	PROCEEDINGS	2	that okay?
			A. Yes.
3	(Exhibits 38-44 were marked for identification.)	3	
4	DONALD LEACH, Ph.D.	4	Q. Okay. Thank you.
5	called as a witness, having been duly sworn,	5	And can you tell me when you were
6	was examined and testified as follows:	6	retained as an expert in this matter?
7		7	A. Approximately August this year.
8	EXAMINATION	8	Q. Okay. And when you were you asked to
9	BY MR. ARKLES:	9	make any assumptions in preparing your report?
10	Q. Good morning, Don. My name is Gabriel	10	A. Not that I recall.
11	Arkles, and I represent the plaintiffs in a lawsuit	11	Q. Okay.
12	Corbitt v. Taylor.	12	A. And it might have been later than August
13	Could you please state your full name for	13	that I was retained, because I was driving down the
14	the record.	14	highway at the time and we were talking at that point,
15	A. Donald L. Leach, L-E-A-C-H.	15	and I can't remember which state I was in. All I
16	Q. Thank you.	16	remember is driving down the highway talking.
17	We're communicating by videoconference	17	Q. All right. So roughly August, but you're
18	today. Can you hear me okay? A. Yes.	18	not sure if it was exactly August?
19		19	A. Yeah, it might have even been later than
20	Q. All right. You just let me know if at	20	that, actually.
21	any point you can't hear me clearly, all right?	21	Q. All right. That's fine.
22	A. Yes.	22	And could you look at what should be
23	Q. You've been deposed quite a number of	23	marked as Plaintiff Exhibit 38, please.
24	times before; right?	24	A. Okay.
25	A. I have.	25	Q. Is this the opinion is this the report
	Page 6		Page 8
1	Q. All right. So I know you already know	1	that you prepared as an expert in this case?
1		1	Ũ
	Q. All right. So I know you already know		that you prepared as an expert in this case?
2	Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure.	2	that you prepared as an expert in this case?A. Yes, it appears to be.Q. Thank you.
2 3	Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure. So so, first of all, while we are	2 3	that you prepared as an expert in this case?A. Yes, it appears to be.Q. Thank you.And what did you do to prepare your
2 3 4 5	Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure. So so, first of all, while we are doing a videoconference today, there's still going to	2 3 4 5	that you prepared as an expert in this case?A. Yes, it appears to be.Q. Thank you.And what did you do to prepare your report?
2 3 4	Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure. So so, first of all, while we are doing a videoconference today, there's still going to be a paper transcript that's created. So I'd like you	2 3 4	 that you prepared as an expert in this case? A. Yes, it appears to be. Q. Thank you. And what did you do to prepare your report? A. I reviewed the documents that were listed
2 3 4 5 6 7	Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure. So so, first of all, while we are doing a videoconference today, there's still going to be a paper transcript that's created. So I'd like you to be sure to give answers verbally rather than just	2 3 4 5 6 7	 that you prepared as an expert in this case? A. Yes, it appears to be. Q. Thank you. And what did you do to prepare your report? A. I reviewed the documents that were listed within this report.
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 Q. All right. So I know you already know this, but I'm going to go over some of the basics anyway just to be sure. So so, first of all, while we are doing a videoconference today, there's still going to be a paper transcript that's created. So I'd like you to be sure to give answers verbally rather than just nodding your head or shaking your head or saying "uh-huh"; is that clear? A. Yes. Q. And also I need you to try to avoid talking over me or anyone else, and I'll try to do the same; is that okay? A. Yes. Q. And if I ask you anything that's confusing or that just doesn't make any sense, please say so. Is that okay? A. Yes. Q. And if at any point you need to clarify, correct, or supplement something that you've already said, that's fine, just let me know and you can go ahead and do that. Is that okay? A. Yes. 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	 that you prepared as an expert in this case? A. Yes, it appears to be. Q. Thank you. And what did you do to prepare your report? A. I reviewed the documents that were listed within this report. Q. Did you do anything else to prepare the report, aside from your review of this document? A. Not that I recall. Discussions with Brad, that's about it. Q. And by "Brad," I assume you mean Brad Chynoweth, who's one of the lawyers for the defendants here; is that right? A. Yes. Q. And did you review any documents that are not listed in the report when you were preparing the report? A. Yes, I have since reviewed a document that wasn't necessarily used in preparing the report, but I have reviewed one since, so, yes. Q. Okay. And what's the document that you have reviewed since then?

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	Page 9		Page 11
1	Justice Center of Bureau of Prisons on a policy of	1	right?
2	transgender offender management.	2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Thank you.	3	Q. Thank you.
4	And just to be clear, that's something	4	And and then \$2,000 for any part of a
5	that you reviewed after writing your report and before	5	day spent on trial testimony; is that right?
6	the deposition today; right?	6	A. Yes.
7	A. Yes.	7	Q. And \$1,000 a day for travel and on-site
8	Q. Okay. Thank you.	8	consultation; is that right?
9	And did you write your report from	9	A. Yes.
10	scratch, or did you build off of something that had	10	Q. Okay. Great. Thank you.
11	already been written?	11	So I'm going to go through and I'm going
12	A. No, I write everything from scratch.	12	to ask you for your definitions of some words that
13	Q. Thanks.	13	were used in your report, just to make sure that I
14	And aside from reviewing the documents	14	understand them.
15	you mentioned and talking with Brad, is there anything	15	So first could you explain your
16	else that you did to prepare for the deposition today?	16	understanding of the term "sex"?
17	A. Not that I recall.	17	A. My understanding of the term "sex"?
18	Q. Okay. If you turn to Page 5 in your	18	Q. Yes.
19	report, the Case History Disclosure, is this list of	19	A. Well, that's a very broad understanding.
20	your past depositions and trial testimony still up to date?	20	As I try to illustrate in the report, there are
21	A. As of today, yes.	21 22	multiple components to the term "sex." There is there's and then when I do presentations, like I'm
22 23	Q. Okay. Thank you.	22	getting ready to do a presentation for the Los Angeles
23	And do you recall which, if any, of these	24	County Sheriff's Office regarding the management of
25	cases you testified at trial in as opposed to just	25	lesbian, gay, transgender, and intersex persons within
20	euses you testified at that in as opposed to just	23	isoluii, guy, tuiisgeneer, and intersex persons whim
	Page 10		Page 12
1	being deposed?	1	their system.
2	A. Rachel Hammers v. Douglas County, that	2	It's a presentation I've done a number of
3	would be Number 5. Anthony Waller v. Bradley	3	times. You and I did it one time not not the
4	Lovinger, that would be Number 11. Number 20,	4	exhaustive one that I do here where I talk about
5	multiple initials v. The City of Puyallup. Number 22,	5	the three parts of it, as I did in the report.
6	Frank Hyman v. City of Philadelphia. That's it.	6	The first part of it is is it
7	Q. Thank you.	7	physiognomy? The actual, I guess what a lot of
8	And have you ever, aside from this case,	8	individuals might refer to as the biological levels of
9	prepared an expert report on transgender or intersex	9	sex, and then you have the gender portion of sex, and
10	issues?	10	then you have the idea of sexual preference.
11	A. No.	11	So there really are three components to
12	Q. And have you ever, aside from in this	12	sex that exist out there that have a tendency to get
13	case, prepared an expert report on driver's licenses	13	very jumbled together. I think that's the point I was
14	before?	14	trying to make in my report. They get jumbled
15	A. No.	15	together, they get mixed up, and it's important
16	Q. Thank you.	16	sometimes to come up with definitions. So which
17	And then I just want to make sure I have	17	definition are we looking at. Q. Okay. Thank you.
110	÷	110	
18	your compensation information correct. So you are	18	
19	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research	19	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that
19 20	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right?	19 20	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room.
19 20 21	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right? A. Yes.	19 20 21	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room. Q. And what's the basis for that definition
19 20 21 22	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right?A. Yes.Q. And you received \$3,000 for any part of a	19 20 21 22	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room. Q. And what's the basis for that definition of sex?
19 20 21	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right?A. Yes.Q. And you received \$3,000 for any part of a day involved in a video deposition; right?	19 20 21 22 23	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room. Q. And what's the basis for that definition of sex? A. Sir?
19 20 21 22 23	your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right?A. Yes.Q. And you received \$3,000 for any part of a	19 20 21 22	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room. Q. And what's the basis for that definition of sex?
19 20 21 22 23 24	 your compensation information correct. So you are being compensated \$200 an hour for a research consultation and report creation; right? A. Yes. Q. And you received \$3,000 for any part of a day involved in a video deposition; right? A. Yes. 	19 20 21 22 23 24	MR. ARKLES: Let the record reflect that Joshua Block has just joined me here in the room. Q. And what's the basis for that definition of sex? A. Sir? Q. What do you base that definition for sex

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1	A. Of the what I consider to be the three	1	doing that.
2	components?	2	Q. That's not what I recall. But go ahead
3	Q. Yes.	3	and
4	A. I guess my observations of issues that	4	A. No? Okay. I mean, we've I've done it
5	we've had in a correctional environment. My	5	so many times, it's difficult.
6	observations of how people are, in general, within	6	But it's your presentation, or the
7	society, how we interact one person to another. The	7	presentation of an individual that wants to come
8	discussions that even you and I have had in the past	8	across and be perceived to others one way, okay,
9	when we've done presentations. Things of that nature.	9	versus what might physically, physiognomically,
	Q. Thank you.	10	biologically again, we get we get start
10	And could you clarify for me what the		getting into these definitional issues of what they
11		11	
12	term "physiognomy" or I'm not sure how to pronounce	12	might be without them doing their own gender
13	it what the term "physiognomy" means?	13	expressions.
14	A. The physical being, the physical makeup,	14	Q. Okay. So if I understand correctly, you
15	physical compositions. The actual structural	15	would say that that say whether and when somebody
16	components that go into in this case it would go	16	smiles might be a part of gender, and the person's
17	into into sex. But physiognomy is pretty much the	17	Adam's apple might be a part of their physicality, and
18	actual physical structures that are associated.	18	both of those are a part of sex; is that right?
19	Q. So and so I'd like you to listen to	19	A. Well, not necessarily just the act of
20	this definition of physiognomy sorry	20	smiling. The act of smiling itself is just is just
21	physiognomy: A person's facial features and	21	an attempt to transfer to somebody an emotion or an
22	expression, especially when regarded as indicative of	22	impression.
23	character or ethnic origin.	23	Now, how you use that smile or the
24	That's not what you mean; right?	24	context in which you use that smile may very well be
25	A. No.	25	an expression of gender and also an expression of sex.
	Page 14		Page 16
1	Page 14	1	Page 16
1	Q. Okay.	1	I know, I mean, how many times as a male
2	Q. Okay.A. See that would be more gender.	2	I know, I mean, how many times as a male have I gone up and talked to a female and definitely
2 3	Q. Okay.A. See that would be more gender.Q. So the facial features is more gender?	2 3	I know, I mean, how many times as a male have I gone up and talked to a female and definitely not got the smile that I was hoping to get. I mean,
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	Page 17		Page 19
1	realm of how people express themselves with one	1	gender identity felt that was not in line with what
2	another and all those particular things.	2	they perceive themselves to be. As I say in my
3	Even my graduate work in geography was	3	presentations, when they look in the mirror, who they
4	based upon people's perception of space, place, and	4	see themselves as when they look in the mirror. That
5	time and how they view themselves acting and	5	becomes an issue where an individual becomes
6	interacting within their geographical environment. So	6	becomes transgender.
7	so it's based upon a lot of those issues, yes.	7	So it's a person who who sees that,
8	So training is one, education and	8	feels that, and then makes the decision that they're
9	background is one, observations from the correctional	9	going to begin to live as the other gender, which
10	environment is one, and just being a human being and	10	might be separate from their physiognomy.
11	interacting and being an individual who's open to	11	Q. Thank you.
12	examine a lot of these these issues, because, you	12	And then I'm going to ask you the same
13	know, a lot of people aren't open to examining a lot	13	thing for intersex. Can you tell me what that term
14	of these issues.	14	means as you used it in your report?
15	As you and I well know, you know, we can	15	A. Intersex is more the medical term that
16	create quite a bit of disharmony amongst people when	16	refers to individuals that have ambiguous genitalia,
17	we begin to challenge their perceptions of things,	17	or in the medical profession, disorders of sexual
18	like gender identity, sex, become problematic for	18	development.
19	them.	19	The American Intersex Society and I
20 21	Q. It can. And then and then could you just also	20 21	think that young lady was with us when we did the presentation out there, the president of it but
22	define for me the term "sexual preference."	21	it's individuals whose who have some level of
23	A. Sexual preference is basically, as I term	23	some level of sexual development which doesn't fit
24	in my presentations, who it is that turns you on. Who	24	into what is the classical idea or what I talk about
25	it is that has you elicit that sexual excitement.	25	in my paper, either end of the continuum of what would
	Page 18		Page 20
1	That's sexual preference.	1	
		1 I I	be an individual's perception of fully female or fully
2		1 2	be an individual's perception of fully female or fully male. That becomes intersex.
2	Q. Okay. And could you define		male. That becomes intersex.
		2	
3	Q. Okay. And could you define "transgender," please.	2 3	male. That becomes intersex. Disorders of sexual development. And
3 4	Q. Okay. And could you define"transgender," please.A. Oh, wow. Now that's getting into areally complex area, because even from the time thatyou and I first did our presentations back in the	2 3 4	male. That becomes intersex. Disorders of sexual development. And it's a range. And it's a range. We're truly causing
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1	of that spectrum of fully female to fully male.	1	So could you tell me what the term "risk
2	The truth of it is that people lie more	2	tolerance" means as you used it in your report?
	somewhere along that continuum. And even the American		A. I'm sorry, I didn't catch the word.
3	6	3	•
4	Intersex Society is trying to get away from this whole	4	
5	idea of hermaphroditism. They want to eliminate that,	5	A. Oh, risk tolerance. Yeah, risk
6	because it brings up certain pejorative images when	6	tolerance. It's more of a concept that's used in risk
7	people talk about that.	7	management circles and insurance companies and, you
8	And it makes sense to me that they would	8	know okay. Risk tolerance is how much the
9	because, again, it's a range rather than rather	9	individual person, the agency had, or government, or
10	than a strict concept that people have that may may	10	even community. How much they're willing to tolerate
11	completely be false.	11	potential risk versus non-risky type of
12	Q. And when you refer to the American	12	decision-making processes.
13	Intersex Organization, it's not the Intersex Society	13	So risk tolerance is, you know, what
14	of North America that you're talking about, or a	14	you're willing to stake. Individuals that gamble,
15	different organization?	15	they go and they gamble at a casino and they put money
16	A. The Intersex Society of North America,	16	on the table, obviously have a high risk tolerance
17	yes.	17	level for the loss of money or else they wouldn't be
18	Q. Okay. Thank you.	18	doing the gambling.
19	A. The president of it did the presentation	19	Individuals that don't want like, I do
20	with you and I. Do you recall she was there?	20	a lot of presentations in Las Vegas. Probably, I
21	Q. I think we might be thinking about	21	don't know, half a dozen or more times a year, and I
22	different presentations but	22	never go to the gambling tables because I always
23	A. Oh, man.	23	figure I'm going to loose. So that mean my risk
24	Q that's okay.	24	tolerance level for losing my money is pretty low in
25	A. Well, it just goes to show, I've been	25	that case.
	Page 22		Page 24
1	-	1	
1	trying to get these ideas and concepts out, so we get	1	And it works the same way when we're
2	trying to get these ideas and concepts out, so we get definitions made all around the country for years now.	2	And it works the same way when we're talking about decision-making in in how we're going
2 3	trying to get these ideas and concepts out, so we get definitions made all around the country for years now. 2007 to now, that's 11 years.	2 3	And it works the same way when we're talking about decision-making in in how we're going to operate our facilities and our agencies and our
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1	the federal court cases, we have to provide acceptable	1	I couldn't believe it. I'm looking at
2	level of medical care to individuals.	2	the at the documents, I'm looking at a court case,
3	All right. Well, what does that mean?	3	it goes back to 2013. And this individual's in the
4	Well, I can tell you back when I first started in	4	Suffolk County Jail in New York, I mean, that's a
	corrections in the '80s, the idea of giving		pretty progressive state in the provision of
5	v	5	
6	individuals psychotropic medications in jails, oh, no,	6	correctional practices up there, and they're being
7	no, we don't do that. People will come in, they might	7	refused hormone therapy in the jail, even though the
8	have acute psychosis, but when they came in, they	8	VA physicians prescribed it, the jail doctor is
9	weren't getting it.	9	mocking it, making fun of it and not prescribing it.
10	So we had a change in the corrections	10	I can't believe that in 2013 they were
11	environment in which we began to prescribe and and	11	still doing that. Of course, what happened? The
12	provide to inmates in the jails psychotropic	12	courts came down, we have to provide it. That's the
13	medications, with the realization that they could be	13	type of changes that are happening out there.
14	trafficked, that there might be contraband issues,	14	Q. Thank you.
15	that you might have overdose issues. Okay, we had all	15	And then just continuing with terms, you
16	that.	16	used the term "baseline" in your report. Could you
17	And we had the same thing with narcotics	17	tell me what that means in that context?
18	in jails. And now we're starting to see, because of	18	A. The term is what?
19	medical marijuana, where, wait a minute, if it's a	19	Q. Baseline.
20	legitimately prescribed medication recognized by the	20	A. Baseline. You have to have a starting
21	state, and the individual comes into a correctional	21	point. It's like a race. I mean, you go to any kind
22	institution and they have a valid prescription from a	22	of a race, they have a starting line at the race.
23	community provider, are we going to provide that	23	Now, that starting line can be ten yards
24	medication to them in the jail setting, recognizing	24	ahead if you wanted it, it can be ten yard behind if
25	it's marijuana.	25	you wanted it, but everybody has a starting line.
		_	
	Page 26		Page 28
1	-	1	
1	Oh, my God, everybody's up in arms about	1 2	And baseline is the starting line. It's
	Oh, my God, everybody's up in arms about it. Oh, we can't do that. We can't possibly do that.		And baseline is the starting line. It's the foundation from which we can then build, modify,
2	Oh, my God, everybody's up in arms about it. Oh, we can't do that. We can't possibly do that. Contraband issues, okay. The potential overdose	2	And baseline is the starting line. It's the foundation from which we can then build, modify, and create.
2 3 4	Oh, my God, everybody's up in arms about it. Oh, we can't do that. We can't possibly do that. Contraband issues, okay. The potential overdose issues. It's the same discussion.	2 3 4	And baseline is the starting line. It's the foundation from which we can then build, modify, and create. Q. Okay. And the last one of these terms,
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	Page 29		Page 31
1	been arising from the definition of	1	the prison system.
2	sex "whether the one provided in	2	So, yeah, you see that happening.
3	Policy Order Number 63, carry a	3	Q. And is it possible that there could be
4	measure of risk. How risk adversive,	4	acceptable correctional practices that still vary in
5	or risk taking, the law enforcement	5	their definition of the term "sex"?
6	or correctional administrator is	6	A. Okay.
7	grounded in that individual's	7	Q. And sorry. So if you look back to
8	personal and correctional	8	Page 13, could you read the bolded language there?
9	philosophies, or 'weltanschauung.'	9	A. "In sum, my opinion is there is
10	The stat" there should have been	10	a governmental interest in having a
11	the state "of Alabama provides	11	standardized definition of sex, such
12	through Policy Order Number 63 a	12	as that established in Policy
13	starting point from which the law	13	Order 63 for law enforcement and
14	enforcement or correctional	14	administrative purposes as expected
15	administrator can measure his or her	15	by a reasonable correctional
16	policies or procedures."	16	administrator so there is consistency
17	Q. Thank you.	17	in the development and application of
18	And is that, in fact, your opinion?	18	administrative and operational
19	A. Yes.	19	policies and procedures."
20	Q. So would it be fair to say to say that	20	Q. And is that, in fact, your opinion?
21	different correctional administrators, based on their	21	A. Yes.
22	correctional philosophies, may make different	22	Q. So it's my understanding that it's
23	decisions about what "sex" means?	23	helpful from a correctional perspective to for
24	A. Yes.	24	there to be a policy that leads to consistent
25	Q. Would it be fair to say that they make	25	information about sex on a driver's license.
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		-	
	Page 30		Page 32
	-		-
1	different decisions about how to handle a	1	Do I have that right?
2	different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those	1 2	Do I have that right? A. Can you repeat that, please.
2 3	different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies?	1 2 3	Do I have that right?A. Can you repeat that, please.Q. Sure.
2 3 4	different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies?A. Yes. Yes. I mean, you see that	1 2 3 4	Do I have that right?A. Can you repeat that, please.Q. Sure.So is it your opinion that for
2 3 4 5	different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies?A. Yes. Yes. I mean, you see that Q. And is that go ahead.	1 2 3 4 5	Do I have that right? A. Can you repeat that, please. Q. Sure. So is it your opinion that for corrections, it's useful for there to be a policy
2 3 4 5 6	different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies?A. Yes. Yes. I mean, you see that Q. And is that go ahead.A. Go ahead. You know, I'm there was a	1 2 3 4 5 6	Do I have that right? A. Can you repeat that, please. Q. Sure. So is it your opinion that for corrections, it's useful for there to be a policy about driver's licenses that provide some consistent
2 3 4 5 6 7	 different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies? A. Yes. Yes. I mean, you see that Q. And is that go ahead. A. Go ahead. You know, I'm there was a case out of Wyoming that was just spot on. That point 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Do I have that right? A. Can you repeat that, please. Q. Sure. So is it your opinion that for corrections, it's useful for there to be a policy about driver's licenses that provide some consistent information about what they mean by "sex"?
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	 different decisions about how to handle a classification of transgender people for those sex-based policies? A. Yes. Yes. I mean, you see that Q. And is that go ahead. A. Go ahead. You know, I'm there was a case out of Wyoming that was just spot on. That point where Dimarco v. Department of Corrections Wyoming, I 	1 2 3 4 5 6	Do I have that right? A. Can you repeat that, please. Q. Sure. So is it your opinion that for corrections, it's useful for there to be a policy about driver's licenses that provide some consistent information about what they mean by "sex"? A. Yes.
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	Page 33		Page 35
1	definition is of "appropriate clinical treatment."	1	you have to have someplace to get the information
2	Q. Okay. So and if that was left to the	2	from. And most jails around the country, if the
3	discretion of the doctor, would that still be helpful	3	individual has a driver's license, they will use a
4	to correctional administrators?	4	driver's license, and most people do have a driver's
5	A. Well, I think having a definition is what	5	license.
6	is helpful to correctional administrators. Having a	6	Q. If somebody came into a jail and didn't
7	starting point.	7	have a driver's license, how would that correctional
8	Q. Okay. And so would would saying that	8	administrator handle that?
9	the person had received appropriate clinical treatment	9	A. Well, then that becomes a little bit more
10	serve as a starting point?	10	tricky for us. We then have to rely on secondary
11	A. It would help if that was what was part	11	definitions of it. So it might be both the asking of
12	of the definition that was being provided.	12	the individual, it might require some sort of a
13	Q. Okay. Thank you.	13	medical examination by a qualified medical provider,
14	And, in your opinion, it would be an	14	it might involve us having a staff member simply begin
15	acceptable correctional practice to use a definition	15	the strip search processes and then if they if they
16	of sex different than the one provided in Policy	16	perceive because I wouldn't say that they
17	Order 63; right?	17	identify but if they perceive that the individual
18	A. Yes, because it's all based on the	18	is not the same sex that they are, then they might
19	discretion of the administrator of the correctional	19	have to stop that process.
20	agency, how they're going to base those definitions,	20	Q. Would it be acceptable for a correctional
21	where are they going to get that information from, and	21	administrator to use a sex designation from a pass
22	if they do it off of Policy 63, then they're simply	22	point as a starting point rather than a sex
23	following as a baseline what was provided to them by	23	designation from a driver's license?
24	the state. And it helps them to establish the	24	A. If they want to put that in as part of
25	rationale for their decision-making processes in	25	their data point, yes, they could do that. That's a
	De		
			Dage 26
	Page 34		Page 36
1	developing their definitions.	1	discretionary decision, just like the use of the male
2	developing their definitions. Q. And can you just spell out for me, how is	2	discretionary decision, just like the use of the male versus female. The receipt of the physician's letter
2 3	developing their definitions. Q. And can you just spell out for me, how is that helpful?	2 3	discretionary decision, just like the use of the male versus female. The receipt of the physician's letter is the discretionary decision from the State of
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	Page 37		Page 39
1	designation as female.	1	Q. What did you advise that person to do
2	The officer then says this isn't your	2	with that person in Grand Rapids?
3	driver's license. And the arrestee, the pulled over,	3	A. Well, again, he had definitions. He had
4	said that is my driver's license.	4	definitions for how they would do it. And what he was
5	And apparently what had happened and	5	wondering was, okay, how do I modify my definitions?
6	taken place with this individual was at some point in	6	And that's what we talked about was,
7	their in his or her late 30s, had gone through a	7	okay, how do we modify definitions? How do we go
8	crisis period and had been convinced that some sort of	8	about doing this? Because all the old definitions
9	sexual reassignment surgery was the way to go in order	9	that he had didn't seem to work in this situation,
10	to correct some of this phoria they were experiencing.	10	so but he needed a starting point.
11	So he then went through the whole	11	So at least we had a starting point for
12	process, lived that way for approximately 20 years as	12	where to take the housing and supervision and
13	a female; had the birth certificate changed, had the	13	services. So my my recommendations to him was, all
14	driver's license changed, and lived that way.	14	right, you have an individual there. Who do you feel
15	And then when he turned in his 60s he	15	most comfortable with having search you?
16	felt as though he'd made a grand mistake and decided,	16	All right. The appearance by all
17	no, that was not the right thing to have happened to him.	17	outward appearances, we have a male. The genitalia
18 19	So he then quit taking the hormones, he	18 19	has been reconstructed based upon sexual reassignment surgery. The breast implants had been removed.
20	began to revert back more appearances of being a male.	20	Okay, so who's going to do the strip
21	So of course when he got pulled over he appeared to	21	searching of the individual? And, again, who do you
22	the arresting officer to be a male. The driver's	22	feel most comfortable? And in this particular case,
23	license said female.	23	the gentleman had no problem with a male officer.
24	So the arresting officer promptly	24	So then it became an issue of where do we
25	arrested him for possession of a fraudulent	25	house in our jail? And when I asked him I asked
	Page 38		Page 40
1		1	-
1	instrument, okay. Now it's a felony. It went from a	1	him very simple question, was how often do do
			-
2	instrument, okay. Now it's a felony. It went from a traffic stop to a felony possession of a fraudulent	2	him very simple question, was how often do do does one inmate look at the sexual genitalia of
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1	individual?	1	the surgery has been completed.
2	A. I believe they housed him in general	2	Q. Okay. Thank you.
3	population in a male housing unit, just like they did	3	So it sounds like when you when you
4	in the Dimarco case.	4	advise different correctional administrators, often
5	Q. Oh, okay. So in Dimarco, that case, that	5	you're talking about what their definition of sex is
6	was in a general population of a male prison?	6	and whether it makes sense to to change that
7	A. No. She was in a general population	7	definition in some way; is that correct?
8	female.	8	A. Or modify their operational philosophy,
9	Q. Okay.	9	yes. Modifications.
10	A. With a penis.	10	Q. Okay. So rather than modify the
11	Q. That's what I thought. I just wanted to	11	definition of sex that we're working from, modify
12	make sure.	12	their philosophy, their operational philosophy; is
13	A. Yeah, with a penis.	13	that right?
14	Q. Right.	14	A. Well, a lot of times what you find when
15	And do you know if the charges	15	you get into these discussions with agencies is they
16	whatever happened with the charges against that	16	don't have definitions, okay. They're not really sure
17	individual?	17	when you begin to question people, okay. Why do you
18	A. Oh, no, I no, I that was it. That	18	do that? Where do you get that information from? And
19	was my involvement with it was simply to try to	19	what's the basis for all that?
20	to focus the discussion, to take their starting	20	You begin finding out that nobody's
21	points, their initial definitions that had been made	21	really thought about it that much. Everybody's acting
22	on prior, and then how to modify those definitions.	22	on these these general paradigms and the world
23	And, really, that's what we're looking at	23	views that most people have of of male and female,
24	in this case, is you have the State of Alabama coming	24	and they're not taking in any of the middle ground.
25	up with a baseline from which modifications can be	25	Some of the issues that are now coming up
	Page 42		Page 44
1	made by the different agencies. But it does provide	1	and surfacing in society and creating a lot of the
2	that starting point so that when they decide they're	2	issues, such as this one about what do we do, what do
3	going to use the driver's license, at least they have	3	we think, how do we act?
4	an understanding of where the information for that	4	Q. So would would jails typically have
5	driver's license is being derived.	5	recorded somewhere the definition of sex that's used
6	Q. Okay. And you've reviewed you've	6	in the state driver's license policy?
7	reviewed Policy Order 63; right?	7	A. What they would have like for our
8	A. Yes.	8	jail, for instance, when we used it we had data
9	Q. And so what is the information that you	9	dictionaries. Are you familiar with the concept of a
10	understand Policy Order 63 to provide as a baseline?	10	data dictionary?
11	A. Well, I'd like to review it again. I	11	Q. Why don't you explain it to me.
12	mean, I didn't I haven't read it that closely to	12	A. Okay. Data dictionary have all these
13	where I memorized it. It's my understanding it's	13	forms, all these documents that we use in all our
14	biological male/biological female or or or	14	agencies out there. And then on all these forms we
15	documentation from a qualified medical provider that	15	have these data points on there. And, for example, on
16	sexual reassignment surgery has been accomplished	16	this in this discussion, the data point would be
17	successfully on the individual.	17	sex, okay.
18	Q. All right. I think that you actually	18	So we would need a definition of what sex
19	quote that policy on Page 16, so if you wouldn't mind,	19	is. That would be the first part of the data
20	turn to Page 16 and review the block that you have	20	dictionary, what's the definition?
21	there, and just tell me if anything changes about that	21	Now, my definition might be different
22	information you think that it provides.	22	than your definition that's different than his
23	A. The amended birth certificate, which is	23	definition. But it's a starting point, at least. It
24 25	based upon documentation from a physician that performed the sexual reassignment surgery stating that	24	shows this was a definition I used for this data point information.
125			
23	performed the sexual reassignment surgery starting that	25	Information.

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1	Then I have to say where do I get that information from? Let me give an example. We had an	1	Cruise, that's Tom Jones. And then the officer would change the
2	individual in our custody, they've been coming in and	2	arresting documents, which completely invalidated the
4	out of our jails. Always, you know, low-level things.	4	arrest. And it didn't get caught until it went up in
5	Kind of our our Otis Campbell, as it were.	5	the court somewhere, okay.
6	Now, we were a 1,300 bed jail, 1,400 bed	6	So, yeah, I mean, definitional points in
7	jail, but we had our share of Otis Campbells, okay.	7	the starting point for how you where you get the
8	Ring the doorbell, it's cold outside, I'm drunk, I	8	information, how you utilize the information, what
9	want to come home, you know, that type of thing.	9	your definition is, is important to jails and
10	So this guy had been coming in and out of	10	arresting agencies.
11	our jail for 20-some years. And one day he went over	11	Q. And so and when you were talking about
12	to court, and he told the judge in court, he said,	12	how in many jails they don't necessarily they
13	Judge, I've been coming in here for for 20-some	13	haven't necessarily given the definition of sex a lot
14	years and I've been telling you this is my name, but	14	of thought, is it your sense that the term "sex" would
15	that's not my real name, here's my real name.	15	typically be defined in a data in a data
16 17	The judge then issued an order saying everybody needs to change their records to reflect his	16 17	dictionary? A. If if the jail's doing what they
18	real name.	18	should be doing, then, yes, they need to do that.
19	Now the question is, is what's the real	19	They need to have a definition. That helps all the
20	name? All right. Now, of course, you know, we have a	20	employees in the jail, and it helps the inmate
21	judicial order to make the change, so we'll make the	21	population in the jail also.
22	change.	22	Q. And I'm curious, is there sometimes a sex
23	But in some agencies, when you get booked	23	that's noted on an arrest citation as well?
24	into that agency, they have a data dictionary that	24	A. Absolutely.
25	says when I book you in and I use that data field that	25	Q. So would it be the policy of some of
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			-
1	says name, I used a name that's given on the arrest	1	some jails to use the sex as something on the
2	citation. Arresting officer pulls you over in the	2	arresting documents as the sex when booked into jail?A. You could do that, if that was in their
3	street and he says, hey, you know, what's your name?	4	data dictionary. If that was their discretionary
5	And you tell him, My name is Tom Cruise. And he books	5	decision, yeah, they could do that.
6	you, he puts on the arrest citation Tom Cruise and he	6	Q. Okay. And I do jails sometimes update
7	brings you to jail and we're booking you into the	7	their data dictionaries with new definitions?
8	jail.	8	A. Okay, so in an ideal world, my answer
9	And I look at the name, I say Tom Cruise;	9	would be yes. In a practical world, I would say that
10	you've been booked in here five time in the last year,	10	most jails don't even have a data dictionary. Most
11	your name's not Tom Cruise.	11	jails are still kind of establishing or operating on
12	Now, at some jails, the policy, based	12	established protocols and paradigms that are 20, 30,
13	upon their definition of name, is I will book the	13	maybe even 40 years old, and that's part of the
14	individual based on the name, the data point that is on the arrest citation, and then I just link it to the	14	problem. That's why even LA Sheriff's Office, I
15 16	others.	15 16	mean, this is the largest jail in the country, 16,000
17	In other jails around the country, they	17	inmates. That's a pretty big jail. \$2 billion
18	will book the person into the name that he's known by	18	operation, and they're going to have me come in and
19	in the jail. That's how they define it.	19	teach them about what is sex.
20	Now, that sounds all clearcut and pretty	20	That's LA, too, okay. That's LA, too,
21	easy, we can do that. Oh, no, you actually run into	21	you got to keep that in mind. But it's this idea that
22	some legal issues by doing that. And we found this	22	there's recognition of these changing paradigms that
23	out in the state of Kentucky. Because in Kentucky, we	23	exist and how we have to get our staff up to date in
24	were having individuals brought to the jail, and we	24	it.
25	would tell the arresting officer, That's not Tom	25	So, you know, 3,200 jails in the United

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1	States. 3,200. Now, that's according to the Bureau of Justice statistics. That's a lot of jails. And of	1	external, because in corrections we we don't do internal examinations.
3	those jails, probably 80 percent of them are 200 beds	3	Q. Okay. Okay. And do you mean any other
4	or less.	4	aspects of the body when you refer to physical
5	So are these jails updating data	5	appearance in that way?
6	dictionaries? No, they probably don't even have a	6	A. Well, we we could use breast, the
7	data dictionary, because 50-some percent of them are	7	presence of breasts, things of that nature. You know,
8	50 beds or less. They're lucky to have staff working	8	I can actually see how in the future we may even get
9	in the jail.	9	down to chromosomal levels, or have to get to that
10	So having a data dictionary, especially	10	level, chromosomal levels, I don't know.
11	in smaller jails like that, is really more important	11	But, yeah, it's generally the physical
12	than it is in places like LA County where everything	12	appearance of the individual that would that would
13	gets really automated.	13	somehow constitute a risk to that individual in the
14	Q. Okay. And if somebody called you for a	14	environment or risk to the agency.
15	consultation and said, you know, we've decided we want	15	Q. And so in the example you gave me, you
16	to create a data dictionary and we're trying to	16	suggested asking the individual who they would be
17	consider what we want to put in there for sex, what	17	comfortable being searched by, and that person was
18	what recommendations might you give them for for	18	fine with being searched by a man. When does that
19	how to define sex in that data dictionary?	19	when does the preference of the individual come into
20	A. Well, the first question I would ask is	20	decisions about searches?
21	what is the information that they're looking to get?	21	A. Okay. The when does the preference of the individual arrestee or individual inmate come
22	What's their definition of sex, okay. So if they're looking for a definition of sex in order to, let's say	22 23	that's based upon the risk tolerance. That's a
23 24	maintain the Fourth Amendment rights of the	23	discretionary decision by the correctional
25	individual, so that the searches aren't more intrusive	25	administrators as to whether or not they're going to
25	individual, so that the searches afont more intrasive	20	deministrators as to whether of not they re going to
	Page 50		Page 52
1	than they need to be.	1	consider that.
1	than they need to be. Then you're probably looking at a	1	consider that. That's that's one of the baseline
	Then you're probably looking at a		
2		2	That's that's one of the baseline
2 3	Then you're probably looking at a definition of sex that's going to be based on	2 3	That's that's one of the baseline decisions that you have to make is are you going to give consideration to that. Again, discretionary decisions.
2 3 4	Then you're probably looking at a definition of sex that's going to be based on physiognomy, okay. The plumbing of the individual, all right. The physical appearance. Because in a jail setting, the sexual	2 3 4	That's that's one of the baseline decisions that you have to make is are you going to give consideration to that. Again, discretionary
2 3 4 5	Then you're probably looking at a definition of sex that's going to be based on physiognomy, okay. The plumbing of the individual, all right. The physical appearance. Because in a jail setting, the sexual preference is a lot of times predicated on the	2 3 4 5	That's that's one of the baseline decisions that you have to make is are you going to give consideration to that. Again, discretionary decisions. MR. ARKLES: Okay. I'd like to take just a short break.
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	Page 53		Page 55
1	all sex-based classification decisions; is that right?	1	all, no. You're talking about an officer?
2	A. Discretionary decisions, yeah. For the	2	Q. Yes.
3	administrator of that particular agency, yes. Keeping	3	A. You used the term "officer."
4	in mind their risk tolerance for things like Fourth	4	Q. Yes.
5	Amendment violations or EEOC issues. I mean, there's	5	A. Yeah, line level staff.
6	a range of other issues that go into that risk	6	No. I think the line level staff are
7	tolerance decision-making process, but it's all	7	going to expect that gender identity, physiognomy, and
8	discretionary.	8	the driver's license are all going to be reflective of
9	Q. So would you say a correctional	9	one another.
10	administrator would have to have a high degree of risk	10	Q. So in Alabama I'd like you just to
11	tolerance to simply go off of what was on the driver's	11	assume for a moment that what I'm telling you is true.
12	license?	12	So in Alabama, it is possible to change
13	A. No. I would think that they would	13	the sex designation on one's license based on either
14	probably have a lower degree of risk tolerance and be	14	evidence of sex reassignment surgery or that one has
15	more risk adversive to just simply go off of the	15	amended their birth certificate.
16	driver's license.	16	The amendment of the birth certificate
17	Q. And why is that?	17	can be a birth certificate from any jurisdiction, and
18	A. Well, because that provides them with a	18	some jurisdictions permit changes to birth
19	lot of good legal cover that way. I mean, if they're	19	certificates without sex reassignment surgery.
20 21	using the definition and the definition is established, in this case by the State of Alabama for	20 21	So because of that, it is possible that two people who identify as male but who have female
22	what is male or female, and they're using that on the	22	typical external genitals, one who was born in, say,
23	driver's license, then they get some liability	22	Idaho would have male on his Alabama license, and one
24	coverage in their policies that say, well, look, we're	24	who is born in Alabama might be female on his license.
25	getting our information about whether or not this	25	Does that make sense so far?
	8		
	Page 54		Page 56
1		1	-
1 2	Page 54 individual is a male or female based upon what the state tells us that they're male or female, which is	1 2	
	individual is a male or female based upon what the		A. Yeah, because their definition again,
2	individual is a male or female based upon what the state tells us that they're male or female, which is	2	A. Yeah, because their definition again, here's where here's where that discretionary
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	Page 57		Page 59
1	males, then that's how you would be searched, and that	1	large jail, 2,600 beds. Sitting in his office one
2	would give cover.	2	day, they're doing hiring, okay, for new employees.
3	And if the individual came in and they	3	The and I've got I did an interview with him
4	had "female" on their driver's license and that	4	like this, a distance interview, and I use it in my
5	operationalized decisions that led to being searched	5	presentations.
6	by a female, again, that would give cover.	6	And he describes how he's sitting in his
7	So in that we would say that there was	7	office and these three members of the hiring board
8	not a Fourth Amendment violation, because in each case	8	come to his office; one is a captain, she's an African
9	the information that we used to drive our	9	American female; one is a sergeant, and he's an
10	decision-making process for the intrusiveness of the	10	African American male; and then the other is just a
11	search was based upon the information that was on the	11	male officer.
12	driver's license, which is recognized by the State of	12	And they come in the room and they say,
13	Alabama.	13	Chief, we got a problem.
14	Q. Okay. So whatever the policy is in	14	So, okay, What's the problem?
15	Alabama, going by the license in Alabama would provide	15	Said, Well, we we had a candidate come
16	some legal cover for correctional administrators; is	16	before the board, and we all looked at the folder.
17	that right?	17	The folder and the information all looked really good,
18	A. Yes, it helps.	18	and we said, Send young lady in, because the name on
19	Q. And earlier you talked to me about a	19	the folder, the sex in the folder, all indicated that
20	person who had transitioned to female and then	20	this was a female applying for a correctional officer
21	transitioned back to male who was who was stopped	21	job, all right.
22	in Grand Rapids.	22	They bring the individual in, sits down
23	Would it be possible that a transgender	23	at the table, and they look up and they say, Oh, there
24	man, somebody who was assigned female at birth and who	24	must be some mistake. We're expecting just as a
25	had not had genital reconstruction surgery and who had	25	name I'll toss out they're expecting Marsha.
	Page 58		Page 60
1		1	-
1	Page 58 a beard, would also be stopped under those same circumstances and accused of not having a valid ID?	1	Page 60 And he says, No, my name's Matthew, I used to be Marsha, from underneath a heavy beard.
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2	a beard, would also be stopped under those same circumstances and accused of not having a valid ID?	2	And he says, No, my name's Matthew, I used to be Marsha, from underneath a heavy beard.
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	Page 61		Page 63
1	you think?	1	driver's license for an employee makes a difference.
2	They said, Well, you know, he would be a	2	Okay. What kind of positions are we going to assign
3	pretty good candidate, but we're not sure what we can	3	them to?
4	do or how we're going to assign him, where he could	4	After the Prison Rape Elimination Act,
5	work, who he could search, and all this.	5	they came out with standards about who can do
6	He said, I think we can manage that. He	6	cross-gender supervision, who can do cross-gender
7	said, Let's hire him. Okay. So they then send him up	7	search. It just got even more complicated with that.
8	the academy.	8	And it becomes problematic when you start throwing in
9	Now, South Carolina has a state-run	9	that whole EEOC element. But it's something we have
10	academy, central location up in Columbia. All	10	to deal with.
11	officers go to it. The officer goes up to it. He was	11	Q. So it sounds like there's no clear answer
12	in the process, but he had not had sexual reassignment	12	on how to categorize the sex of employees; is that
13	surgery, but he was in the process.	13	right?
14	So my friend, the under sheriff is	14	A. No, no, because typically typically
15	telling me, he said, he gets a call a few months later	15	the individual comes in and they mark on their
16	and it's the director from that training academy, he	16	application what their sex is. They have to provide a
17	said he says, Look, I've got a problem. He said,	17	driver's license, which we then use to verify
18	I've got an agency, they're sending me an individual.	18	information on the application.
19	This individual's a transgender person. My God, where	19	And I I will say that there have
20	am I going to house her? You know, where do I	20	been I have heard of situations where individuals
21	where do I put them in my facility?	21	came in and what they put on the application differed
22	And so he said to him, Well, what did you	22	from the driver's license, and that became an issue
23	do with the guy I sent you?	23	for them.
24	He said, What do you mean do with the guy	24	Again, it goes to the risk tolerance
25	you sent me?	25	level of the agency. Are we going to hire that kind
	D		Da
	Page 62		Page 64
1	He said, Yeah, we sent a transgender guy	1	of person?
2	He said, Yeah, we sent a transgender guy up to you months back. What did you do with him?	2	of person? Q. And if they do hire that person, would it
2 3	He said, Yeah, we sent a transgender guy up to you months back. What did you do with him? He said, I didn't know that.	2 3	of person? Q. And if they do hire that person, would it be acceptable for them to assign that person to duties
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	He said, Yeah, we sent a transgender guy up to you months back. What did you do with him? He said, I didn't know that. He said, There you go. There's your answer, okay. So so when we're talking about these issues, especially in EEOC situations, they can become pretty tricky. Because on the other side of it, as you and I know maybe you were in the presentation in California that we did where the where guys in the class literally got up and threw the chairs. Do you remember that? And stormed out Q. I wasn't there. A. Oh, yeah, they threw this is ungodly, we can't talk about these issues, and that's wrong, and we're not going to do that. And, okay, risk tolerance, all right. You can see risk tolerance right there, all right. So, you know, you get that side of it of an employee who says, Wait a minute, I'm not sure I'm comfortable searching a transgender individual, okay. All right.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	of person? Q. And if they do hire that person, would it be acceptable for them to assign that person to duties based on the based on the sex they wrote down on their application rather than the sex that's on their driver's license? A. Well, we would we would match up the two. Q. So would it so okay. So let's say that there's an employee who applies who's transgender, and they say I identify as female and my passport says female, but my license says male. I would rather have the duties of a female officer. Is there would the only acceptable correctional process in that situation to be assigned that person male duties as a male officer because of their license? A. Now we're getting, again, that issue of risk tolerance and definitions on the agency. I mean, if the agency is willing and has a higher level of risk tolerance, they may well make that decision and only say, yeah, you could work as a female; or only

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		Page 65		Page 67
		-		
1	Because we also, in a situatio		1	they going to use to defend their decision processes?
	hat, we also have to look at situations		2	And that's why definitions are so
	nmates, even though that individual i		3	important, because without good definitions, you get
	elf as a female, a female inmate may		4	things happening all over the board, and you don't
	omfortable with being searched by a	transgendered	5	have any consistency.
6 11	ndividual like that.		6	Here's an example on that: I was doing a
7	So we have to take all those the	-	7	classification analysis down in Pima County, Arizona,
	ccount. I, as an administrator, do I v	•	8	and they classified people on all sorts of criteria.
	efend my actions of assigning a person	-	9	And and certain criteria drive you up a
-	ou say, based upon their driver's lice	ense or based	10	classification, which basically gets you housed with
	pon the application?		11	the more violent, more riskier population, or they
12	That's again, that's a definit		12	drive you down in classification, which gets you
	ssue that drives my decision-making	•	13	housed in a less risky, less violent population.
14	Q. And would it change anything	-	14	The problem was that all the elements
	river's license says male but the pass	sport says	15	that they were using were not defined, so everything
	emale?		16	drove everybody up.
17	A. Well, again, it's no different the		17	So their classification officer, I'm
	hey came in with a driver's license th		18	talking to them and they're talking about how on their
	irth certificate that says female, they		19	instrument they they asked the individual, and they
	lse on their application, it would mal	-	20	have points. If the individual's talkative like
	ave to have a definition of where am		21	kind of like me here they're talkative, they get a
	he information to drive the institution Q. So then would it be would it	•	22	point that goes up.
23	Q. So then would it be would it iskier to go with the sex designation		23 24	And I asked them, why do you give them a point that drives them up a classification and takes
	assport than the sex designation that		24 25	them from minimum to medium or from medium to max, why
25 p	assport than the sex designation that	s on the	25	them from minimum to medium of from medium to max, why
		Page 66		Page 68
1 di	river's license?		1	do you give them a point?
2	A. Value judgment right there. I		2	Oh, because if someone's talkative,
	Which is riskier? Do I bet on red or c	lo I bet on	3	they're trying to beat you out of something. They're
	lack? Which is riskier, okay.		4	trying to get over on you for something. Oh, okay.
5	You know, that's again, tha		5	So the next data point they had on there
	hat's where that risk tolerance level o	•••	6	was verbose. And I asked them, I said, Do you know
	omes in, you know. In many agencies	s they re really	7	the definition of work and
	alarant			the definition of verbose?
	olerant.	coso in	8	No.
9	For example, in the Dimarco		9	No. So how do you know to give them a point
9 10 W	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres	sentation and I	9 10	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not?
9 10 W 11 W	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and	sentation and I d I was telling	9 10 11	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on
9 10 W 11 w 12 th	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pre- vas talking about the Dimarco case, an hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You	sentation and I ad I was telling ou got to think	9 10 11 12	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway.
9 10 W 11 w 12 th 13 0	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, an hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. Yo outside the box. We got to we got	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our	9 10 11 12 13	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose
9 10 W 11 w 12 th 13 O 14 w	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, an hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. Yo putside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change	9 10 11 12 13 14	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it
9 10 W 11 W 12 th 13 O 14 W 15 SO	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You outside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all of	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this.	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up.
9 10 W 11 w 12 th 13 0 14 w 15 so 16	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You utside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all And I'm talking about Dimarc	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this. co. And who	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up. The outcome of this was an individual who
9 10 W 11 W 12 th 13 O' 14 W 15 sc 16	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You outside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all And I'm talking about Dimarco tands up in the audience but the admin	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this. co. And who	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up. The outcome of this was an individual who was pulled off the top bunk, hit his neck on the sink
9 10 W 11 W 12 th 13 O' 14 W 15 sc 16	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, an hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You butside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all of And I'm talking about Dimarco tands up in the audience but the admi- hat jail, okay.	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this. co. And who	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up. The outcome of this was an individual who was pulled off the top bunk, hit his neck on the sink on the way down, broke it, you got a billion dollar
9 10 W 11 w 12 th 13 or 14 w 15 so 16 17 18 th 19	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You outside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all of And I'm talking about Dimarco tands up in the audience but the admin- hat jail, okay. And he says, Yeah, I was the	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this. co. And who inistrator from	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up. The outcome of this was an individual who was pulled off the top bunk, hit his neck on the sink on the way down, broke it, you got a billion dollar baby, like that movie. Spinal fracture, paraplegic.
9 10 W 11 w 12 th 13 O' 14 w 15 so 16 17 17 st 18 th 19 20 20 ac	For example, in the Dimarco Vyoming. I was actually doing a pres- vas talking about the Dimarco case, and hem, Guys, you got to loosen up. You outside the box. We got to we got to vorld view, that weltanschauung. We ome of our thought processes on all And I'm talking about Dimarco tands up in the audience but the administrator, and here's what happened	sentation and I ad I was telling bu got to think to expand our got to change of this. co. And who inistrator from	9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	No. So how do you know to give them a point or not? Oh, well, we give everybody a point on verbose anyway. So now they get two points. And verbose basically is defined as talkative, all right. And it drove everybody up. The outcome of this was an individual who was pulled off the top bunk, hit his neck on the sink on the way down, broke it, you got a billion dollar
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	Page 69		Page 71
1	So, yeah, I mean, definitional issues are	1	satisfaction, because that same individual would not
1	huge.	2	feel the same way if they were being gynecologically
3	Q. Would it be possible that some male	3	searched by a male doctor.
4	inmates might feel uncomfortable being searched by a	4	So it really has to do with their
5	transgender woman? We'll talk about unclothed	5	perception of what the individual's doing and what
6	searches.	6	they're doing it for. That's why I do the three
7	So is it possible some male inmates might	7	parts.
8	feel uncomfortable being searched unclothed by a	8	Q. So all right. I'm just going to go
9	transgender woman?	9	back and try to make sure I have clarity.
10	A. Let me just say that that I've done	10	So if somebody had a driver's license
11	presentations around the country with transmen, as you	11	that showed one sex, and a passport that showed
12	know, and I have been approached by people who were	12	another sex, would it require more risk tolerance to
13	officers in the room during the presentation, who saw	13	go with the sex that was listed on the passport as
14	these same presenters in the bathroom, and came up to	14	opposed to the one that was listed on the driver's
15	me afterward and expressed how they were dissatisfied	15	license?
16	and displeased with having to be in the same bathroom.	16	A. Which is right? Which are you going to
17	So, yeah, I think you could say that both	17	use in your definition? Which is right? That's what
18	staff and inmates might have those feelings, yes. So	18	you're really asking. What is right? Okay.
19	as an administrator, my decision is am I going to	19	So I say, well, I'm going to use the
20	override those concerns and decisions and their	20	passport. How do I know that's right? It's like the
21	feelings for operational reasons? And my risk	21	guy that came in said his name was different. He went
22	tolerance would say yes. Somebody else's risk	22	to the judge and said, 20 years I've been coming in,
23	tolerance would say no.	23	my name's different.
24	Q. I guess what I'm trying to get at is	24	How do we know he's right? How do we
25	isn't it possible that both male and female inmates	25	know he's not really giving us a false name? So,
	Page 70		Page 72
1	Page 70 might have concerns about being searched by a	1	Page 72 again, which is right? The driver's license or the
1 2	-	1 2	
	might have concerns about being searched by a		again, which is right? The driver's license or the passport? So what I have to do is I have to I
2	might have concerns about being searched by a transgender woman? A. Yes. Q. Okay.	2	again, which is right? The driver's license or the passport? So what I have to do is I have to I have to define the issue, define the term, and then
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2 3 4 5	 might have concerns about being searched by a transgender woman? A. Yes. Q. Okay. A. But you know what, here's here's what it really is, okay. Here's what it really is. It really isn't being searched by a transgender man or 	2 3 4 5	again, which is right? The driver's license or the passport? So what I have to do is I have to I have to define the issue, define the term, and then I've got to define where I'm going to get the information from. If I've not conflicting information processes, I have to make a decision, yes. I've got
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	Р	age 73		Page 75
1 2 3	we're going to use the definition of sex that is on the driver's license by the State of Alabama because if I then get sued because I used that ve	, ersus	1 2 3	them. But, again, that compliance was strictly voluntary. Wasn't mandated. So, you know, the the standards are
4 5 6	the passport, if I then get sued, I have some level legal coverage on which to base my decision-maprocess.		4 5 6	much like the ACA, American Correctional Association standards, or the NCCHC, the National Council on or the National Commission on Correctional Health Care
7 8	I can go and sit in the court and say, Judge, look, we used what the State of Alabama		7 8	standards. You know, these are all voluntary
9 10	us. Now he, the judge, could still say the State Alabama's wrong, but it doesn't mean that I didn'		9 10	standards which help guide us, maybe, in our decision-making practices. Again, those discretionary
11 12	that information, okay.Q. Okay. So when I refer to "PREA," I mthe Prison Rape Elimination Act, okay?	nean	11 12	decisions in the jails. So but on specifically about the
13 14 15	A. I've heard of it.Q. So you're familiar with PREA; right?		13 14 15	searches of them, no. What I try to do is I try to to provide information which helps to shape their world view, to change those thought processes, so that
16 17	A. I am familiar with PREA.Q. And have you when you have done		16 17	they can begin to think about it differently. I have a great video, and I got it off of
18 19	consultation for different correctional administrators, have you consulted on PREA compli	ance?	18 19	TV. It was on one of these American jail program-like things. And in this particular video, it's a Las
20 21	A. Yes, I've discussed. I've done presentations on PREA compliance, yes.		20 21	Vegas metropolitan jail. Now, this is a 3,000-bed jail ran at that time, ran by a good friend of
22 23	Q. Great. And have you ever advised or trained correctional administrators specifically a		22 23	mine, Jack Donohue. Good guy. And it's a video where they arrested a
24 25	PREA compliance when it comes to cross-gen searches, searches of transgender people, or sea		24 25	young lady sitting in a parking lot, and this is this is a pre-Florence, the strip search case, okay.
	Ρ	age 74		Page 76
1	of intersex people? A. No. Mine is more on a broader scope	of	1 2	Q. Right.A. This is pre-Florence. And they arrested
3	the the Prison Rape Elimination standards. I the act itself is law, but the standards that were	Now,	3	her sitting in a parking lot in Las Vegas, and she had an open container in her lap, in her car. Oh, my God.
5	promulgated as part of the act are all voluntary okay.		4 5 6	They arrest her, they look at her driver's license, says male. Obviously a female in the car.
7	So whether a jail decides to comply with the standards, to meet some of the standards, me		7 8	They brought her to the jail they arrested her, they bring her to the jail. So
9 10	the standards, or to meet none of the standards whether they decide that they're going to tackle	,	9 10	basically her charge was possession of an open container. The car wasn't on, she wasn't driving, she
11 12	whole the whole issue of sexual violence in without using the standards, that's a discretional	jail	11 12	wasn't intoxicated. So they bring the young lady in the jail.
13 14	decision that is left up to the local jail administrator.	-	13 14	And the whole video is about the process that the jail is going through to try to determine is this a male or
15 16	So they're not required to it. The only agencies under the act that are actually mandat		15 16	a female? So here's what they decide. They bring
17 18	meet the standards is the Federal Bureau of Prist the Homeland Security, ICE agencies, and then	sons,	17 18	the young lady in, and sure enough, in their system it says 100 percent male. But wait a minute, it looks
19 20	individuals that wish to contract with those ent So you have states like the State of Uta	ah	19 20	like a female. So they decide we're going to search
21 22	was not complying with Prison Rape Elimination The State of Texas wasn't complying with it fo		21 22	it and and I use this video in my training, because I also use the language that's used in it.
23 24	while, then they decided that they would. And all of those would simply lose a		23 24	They're going to search "it" to determine what "its" sex is.
25	certain percentage of federal funding that flow	a d 4 -	25	So they get a female officer and they

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	Page 77		Page 79
1	say, We're going to have you take her over in the	1	Q. Why is that?
2	booth over there, and we want you to strip search her.	2	A. Because that's what it says in their
	And if during the strip search process you get to a	3	in their materials, their standards.
3	point where you begin to identify what looks like a		
4		4	Q. Okay.
5	man to me, we're going to stop the search and we'll	5	A. Yeah, it's called the PREA standards.
6	have a male officer come in.	6	And they and you get audited based on those. Yeah,
7	All right. That's what we're going to	7	there's a whole a whole cottage industry on that.
8	do. All on video, okay. So, I mean so all	8	But I am familiar with the with the
9	right. So I'm doing a presentation, and it just so	9	prohibitions under PREA that that have prohibitions
10	happens that the jail administrator, Jack, was in the	10	of strip searching individuals, transgender, strictly
11	room.	11	to determine sex of the individual. Yeah, I am
12	And I said, Jack, have you seen this	12	familiar with that.
13	video and have you thought about the legal	13	Yeah, that I think that's a problem,
14	implications of what they were doing in that video?	14	okay. I think it's a problem. We have to have better
15	First off, it's pre-Florence. So you're	15	definitions than that.
16	strip searching somebody for a nonviolent misdemeanor	16	Q. You think that just to clarify you
17	offense in a state where you had to have reasonable	17	think that searching people just to find out what
18	suspicion, okay. That didn't rise to that level.	18	their genitals are is a problem; right?
19	Secondly, you've got a female officer	19	A. Well, yeah.
20	that you're sending in to strip search to try to	20	Q. Okay.
21	determine genitalia. What training did you provide	21	A. I personally do.
22	that officer in identification of genitalia, okay.	22	Q. I want to make sure you didn't
23	That's another issue.	23	A. No. That's my risk tolerance, okay.
24	I said and the third issue is is	24	That's my risk tolerance.
25	what about the fact that the staff are using a search	25	Q. Got it.
	Page 78		Page 80
	Page 78		Page 80
1	like that to determine sex of the individual. I have	1	And, you know, in the post-Florence
1 2	like that to determine sex of the individual. I have to tell you, he had no idea the staff were doing that.	2	And, you know, in the post-Florence world, how common are strip searches in jails, to the
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	Page 81		Page 83
1	So I've been to places, like I was in a	1	general population, you can be searched. But they
2	large jail out on the West Coast where individuals	2	don't define general population. So every jail you go
3	would come in, and they'd line them up on a big line	3	into across the country has a different definition for
4	on the gym floor, and they'd strip naked and they'd	4	it.
	all turn around and bend over, and they all sort of	5	So you go into some jails in Georgia,
5	•	-	that bright line is the back door of the jail. So you
6	walked down the line looking at everybody. And then	6	get out of the police car, when you cross the
7	he'd tell them to turn around, and they'd turn around.	7	
8	He say lift them up, and they'd lift them up and he'd	8	threshold, you're strippable and you get stripped.
9	walk down the line looking at them all that way, okay.	9	In other jails, that bright line might be
10	That's manner search, but in that case,	10	further down in the process. California, that bright
11	done in a group setting, all right. So there was a	11	line might be 12 hours in the process, okay.
12	problem with all that. But in that search, you think	12	So, you know, I don't think it helped us.
13	he really saw anything? You think he really captured	13	I think it really hurt us, as correctional
14	anything?	14	administrators, more than helped us. I think the
15	And what I saw was was we were doing a	15	reasonable suspicion really provided definitions and
16	lot of extra work. So now I'm going to look at it	16	definitions that were quantifiable.
17	from from maybe the Toyota model in that how do I	17	I mean, if a guy came in and he had drug
18	do more effective, more quality work?	18	charges, it was quantifiable. If he came in and had
19	So how do I make my searches more	19	past contraband charges, quantifiable.
20	effective in what I'm really looking to do, which is	20	But now, we're searching everybody and
21	prevent the entry of contraband, prevent the entry of	21	we're finding less. So you see, jails are now going
22	weapons, protect staff, you know, things of that	22	to things like we need to use metal detectors because
23	nature, okay. That's what I'm really looking to do.	23	their staff just aren't doing good searches.
24	And I do that when I do it targeted. But	24	Sorry, I prophesized a little bit on
25	when I do everybody, nobody gets searched. That's the	25	that. I, as an officer, did thousands and thousands
	Daga 82		Dogo 94
	Page 82		Page 84
1	problem with that, okay. That's what I felt in	1	and thousands of strip searches, and nobody enjoys
1 2	problem with that, okay. That's what I felt in Florence.	1 2	and thousands of strip searches, and nobody enjoys strip inches. The inmates don't like it; we don't
	problem with that, okay. That's what I felt in Florence. So now post-Florence and I don't know	2 3	and thousands of strip searches, and nobody enjoys strip inches. The inmates don't like it; we don't like it.
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1	tolerance. That operational decision.	1	do that.
1	Q. Okay. And so if if a jail if a	2	I mean, that's not you know, in
	correctional administrator decides it is important, we		jails and my story on that is when I was an officer
3	•	3	
4	do want to know what somebody's genitals are, would	4	back in the '80s, we had a guy that came in all the
5	you have any recommendation on how they can find out	5	time, minor things, you know, shoplifting, possession
6	about what the person's genitals are, aside from doing	6	of marijuana. Never anything big.
7	the strip search?	7	His name was Bruce. Great guy. He was
8	A. Driver's license, birth certificate,	8	my trustee, all right. But when he'd get arrested,
9	passport, ask.	9	he's brought in. And whenever we had to put them up
10	Q. Okay. And do you recall what the PREA	10	or get them out, they had to be strip searched.
11	standards say about how it's acceptable to try to find	11	Well, Bruce was an African American male.
12	out somebody's genitals?	12	And I can remember and I'm embarrassed by it now
13	A. No, not off the top of my head I don't.	13	but I can remember joking with Bruce during the strip
14	Q. All right. I'm going to I'm going to	14	search about how as an African American he got
15	read part of it, I don't have it for you to look at,	15	shortchanged, all right, in his genitalia.
16	and it says:	16	Because now looking back on it, with what
17	"The facility shall not search or	17	I know now, I can tell you that I think that Bruce
18	physically examine a transgender or	18	probably had a micropenis. Bruce was probably one of
19	intersex inmate for the sole purpose	19	those intersex people out there. And Bruce was always
20	of determining the inmate's genital	20	housed as a male. Nobody was checking each other's
21	status. If a inmate's genital status	21	junk in the housing units, okay. It just doesn't
22	is unknown, it may be determined	22	happen up there.
23	during conversations with the inmate,	23	Did we ever search Bruce that way to try
24	by reviewing medical records, or, if	24	to determine whether or not Bruce was fully male or
25	necessary, by learning that	25	fully female? No, we that wasn't being done.
	D		Dave 00
	Page 86		Page 88
1	information as part of a broader	1	So I think what they're trying to get at
1 2	information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in	1 2	So I think what they're trying to get at in that policy under PREA is that is that we don't
	information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner."		So I think what they're trying to get at in that policy under PREA is that is that we don't necessarily search individuals for their looking at
2	information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner." Does that seem consistent with your	2	So I think what they're trying to get at in that policy under PREA is that is that we don't necessarily search individuals for their looking at their genitalia in order to determine what their sex
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2 3 4	 information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner." Does that seem consistent with your memory? A. I mean, that's how they define it. 	2 3 4	So I think what they're trying to get at in that policy under PREA is that is that we don't necessarily search individuals for their looking at their genitalia in order to determine what their sex is. And I think it's that was actually not a bad policy, because we don't provide training to staff in
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	Page 89		Page 91
1	identification? There is a whole branch of medicine	1	tell you that that's not right either, okay. That's
2	out there on genitalia identification.	2	not right. That's all based on the standards that are
3	So, you know, these companies are	3	put out by the Office of Juvenile Justice and
4	saying and they're doing it on two levels. They're	4	Delinquency Prevention, OJJDP. Those also are
5	doing it on the one level of the training, okay, Monel	5	volunteer standards that you put out if you want money
6	issues; and then they're doing it a whole other risk	6	from the federal government from those agencies.
7	management level here we go with risk tolerance	7	"Option 3: Asking inmates to
8	again risk management level saying do I want to	8	identify the gender of staff with
9	have to pay my staff to sit in court to try to defend	9	whom they would feel most
10	their genitalia identification if they get sued on	10	comfortable. This preference can be
11	some Fourth Amendment violation.	11	documented at intake."
12	So people are starting to pull back and	12	Q. Okay. So would you agree with these as
13	go, wait a minute, and it's just becoming a more	13	options for doing pat searches of transgender people?
14	tricky environment.	14	A. No.
15	Q. Thank you.	15	Q. Tell me why not.
16	Let's look at Exhibit 43. Okay. So	16	A. Okay. First off, searches are conducted
17	let's look at Page 41. First, can you just describe	17	by medical staff, okay. The search is a custodial
18	what this document appears to be?	18	function. It's a security function, not a medical
19	A. This is a publication by the the	19	function. So medical staff are performing a custodial
20	private entity called the National PREA Resource	20	or correctional security function. That's not right.
21	Center, which is a private entity, commercial entity.	21	That's not I wouldn't see that as appropriate,
22	It looks like it's their training for guidance in	22	okay.
23 24	cross-gender and transgender pat searches published in February of 2015 by The Moss Group, Incorporated.	23 24	Now, if we want to cross-train our staff and I know that on we had individuals that
25	Q. Thank you.	24	worked for me at our jail and I and in other jails
2.5	Q. Thank you.	2.5	worked for the at our jair and 1 and in other jairs
	Page 90		Page 92
		1	
1	Now let's turn to Page 41.	1	around the country that were former medical providers,
2	Now let's turn to Page 41. A. What page? 4-1?	1 2 3	around the country that were former medical providers, they were LPNs, they were RNs, got out of the
	Now let's turn to Page 41.	2	around the country that were former medical providers, they were LPNs, they were RNs, got out of the business, came into jail, whatever for whatever
2 3	Now let's turn to Page 41. A. What page? 4-1? Q. 4-1. A. Okay.	2 3	around the country that were former medical providers, they were LPNs, they were RNs, got out of the
2 3 4	Now let's turn to Page 41. A. What page? 4-1? Q. 4-1.	2 3 4	around the country that were former medical providers, they were LPNs, they were RNs, got out of the business, came into jail, whatever for whatever reason. So, I mean, you have that in there.
2 3 4 5	Now let's turn to Page 41. A. What page? 4-1? Q. 4-1. A. Okay. Q. So I'm going to ask you to read the third bullet, including the three options, then I'm going to ask your opinion about it. But first can you just	2 3 4 5	around the country that were former medical providers, they were LPNs, they were RNs, got out of the business, came into jail, whatever for whatever reason. So, I mean, you have that in there. So, I mean, the individual like that that might have both the cross-training of being medical and a security officer performing a security function,
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	Page 93		Page 95
1	going to be sexually titillized by searching female	1	another man? Or could a gay man not search a
2		2	female and not become sexually titillated? That's
3		3	where all these things get all mixed up and all thrown
4		4	together in one big ball.
5	****	5	So, yeah, I mean, I kind of have a
6		6	problem with that. Plus, you know the most difficult
7	When they're out in the middle of nowhere and they	7	staff to recruit in jails from a correctional
8	pull over an arrestee, they pull over somebody for a	8	perspective are female officers. We have difficulty
9	traffic violation, they arrest them on DUI. Their	9	getting them in, getting a percentage into our jail to
10	policy will require, before you put that individual in	10	be able to work under these same sex guidelines.
11	the back seat of your cruiser, you must search them	11	Now and we're not even talking about
12	for the presence of weapon and drugs.	12	EEOC issues here, okay. When you have a policy that
13	Why? Because we actually have people	13	says only female, you'd better be able to back it up
14		14	under EEOC.
15	cruisers. Because we actually had people overdose on drugs they corrected on their body prior to the secret	15	How am I restricting that officer from
16	drugs they secreted on their body prior to the search in the back seat of cruisers. So we have that.	16 17	doing the same level of searches that that employee's doing? Employee/employee, that's how you have to do
17	Now, these officers, they perform those	18	it.
19	searches in the community. So that's a male officer	19	Keep going?
20	searching a female. Why is it all of the sudden when	20	Q. Well, so you talked about the first two
21	they cross the threshold of the jail, they can no	21	options. How about the third option?
22	longer do that?	22	A. You know, again, the third option I like.
23	We can expect professionalism from our	23	I like. Third option is the one I try to train,
24	police officer, but not professionalism from our	24	because I try to expand people's minds about what
25	correctional staff? Absolutely wrong.	25	we're doing out there. I like it.
	Page 94		Page 96
1	We can expect professionalism from both	1	Understand that my risk tolerance level's
1	We can expect professionalism from both sides, if as administrators we demand it, we train it,	1 2	Understand that my risk tolerance level's really high, okay. You know, I and I did stuff in
	We can expect professionalism from both sides, if as administrators we demand it, we train it, we supervise it. That's the critical aspect of that.		Understand that my risk tolerance level's really high, okay. You know, I and I did stuff in my jail that other jails laugh at me about.
2	We can expect professionalism from both sides, if as administrators we demand it, we train it, we supervise it. That's the critical aspect of that. So, you know, just saying that only	2 3 4	Understand that my risk tolerance level's really high, okay. You know, I and I did stuff in my jail that other jails laugh at me about. When I've done this presentation on sex
2	We can expect professionalism from both sides, if as administrators we demand it, we train it, we supervise it. That's the critical aspect of that. So, you know, just saying that only female staff can do it, that also assumes that you	2 3	Understand that my risk tolerance level's really high, okay. You know, I and I did stuff in my jail that other jails laugh at me about. When I've done this presentation on sex in jails, I did it I did it for the Kentucky Jails
2 3 4 5 6	We can expect professionalism from both sides, if as administrators we demand it, we train it, we supervise it. That's the critical aspect of that. So, you know, just saying that only female staff can do it, that also assumes that you won't have like I had, a female inmate who was going	2 3 4 5 6	Understand that my risk tolerance level's really high, okay. You know, I and I did stuff in my jail that other jails laugh at me about. When I've done this presentation on sex in jails, I did it I did it for the Kentucky Jails Association, and I had people in there screaming bible
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	Page 97		Page 99
1	say that in our changing world, this evolving sense of	1	were significantly limited.
2	decency that we have in our society, some of our	2	There was one sergeant, one lieutenant.
3	practices have to change, but we need definitional	3	But if you were a male officer, we had, God, 25
4	definitions on which to base how we make those	4	sergeant positions, and a dozen lieutenant positions.
5	changes. That's critical.	5	So from an employee/employer perspective,
6	So one other thing. Gender of staff.	6	we were really discriminating against our female staff
7	Gender of staff. Are we talking about what the staff	7	in the way we managed them in that way. So we
8	identify as or are we talking about what the staff has	8	integrate them.
9	as plumbing?	9	Now, when we did that, all the male staff
10	Q. Right.	10	claimed that the female officers were going to get
11	A. You see how definitions come in.	11	raped and assaulted, they couldn't control the male
12	Q. So it sounds like you don't think that	12	housing units, the jail was going to go into a riot,
13	that restrictions on cross-gender pat searches are appropriate; is that right?	13	it was going to burn down, people were going to get out, the community was going to be killed,
14 15	A. No. Not blanket like this, no. This is	14 15	thermonuclear weapons are going to go off. I mean,
16	a blanket policy, no. Blanket policies like that, no.	16	that's what you hear, okay. I mean, you get this
17	Q. Okay.	17	slippery slope argument.
18	A. I've had my discussions with Andy Moss on	18	In reality, we found that one of the best
19	this. I know Andy. You know Andy.	19	performing officers we had in the jail was a
20	Q. Is Andy one of the authors of this of	20	62-year-old female that the inmates called mom. She
21	this guidance you think?	21	could get them to do anything. She didn't have any
22	A. It's by The Moss Group.	22	fights, okay. So that was good.
23	Q. Yeah.	23	But the male staff, they all resented it.
24	A. That's her company. I like Andy.	24	And I think some of it was now it opened up those
25	Q. So so if you don't think that, in	25	positions to the female officers, okay. Yeah, now
	Page 98		Page 100
1	general, cross-gender pat searches should be	1	they got a little more competition, all right. That
2	general, cross-gender pat searches should be prohibited, then it isn't necessarily required to	2	they got a little more competition, all right. That was one issue.
2 3	general, cross-gender pat searches should be prohibited, then it isn't necessarily required to figure out how to classify somebody for purposes of	2 3	they got a little more competition, all right. That was one issue. The next thing we found after doing that
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	Page 101		Page 103
1	And then we decided, well, we're going to	1	And the fact of the matter is, is that's
2	do cross-gender searches; meaning you get assigned to	2	just not true, okay. And it goes the other way too.
3	booking based upon a rotation, like you were talking	3	Because what we don't see is we don't see the issues
4	about, just a rotation.	4	out there of gay men stripping male inmates that are
5	If your name comes up, you're working	5	hetero. But, you know, I've had grievances filed by
6	booking. If you're in booking and a person guy	6	inmates on that, both ways. It's a little more
7	comes in, you search the guy; woman comes in, you	7	difficult, isn't it, in a jail.
8	search the woman, doesn't care what you are. We did	8	Q. But you had never assigned somebody to do
9	that.	9	a search based on their sexual preference; right?
10	You know, we got grievances filed by our	10	A. No. I I'm going to assume the
11	male staff. Not the female staff, the male staff.	11	officers can perform professionally, unless they
12	They felt uncomfortable searching the female inmates	12	dictate and show me otherwise.
13	that were being arrested and being brought in. And we	13	I don't care who turns you on. I don't
14	told them, it's only going to be based upon how	14	care what your gender is. I don't care what your
15	professional you are. That's what you have to rely	15	plumbing is. I care that you conduct yourself in a
16	on.	16	professional manner that you've been trained to do.
17	And we did that. Eventually it became	17	Q. Okay. Okay. Let's talk about housing.
18	such an issue we had to actually back off that policy,	18	So, in your opinion, the rationale for
19	because our male staff were so much against it. The	19	separating people in custody based on gender is to
20	female officers, they had no problems whatsoever with	20	reduce the incidents of sexual behavior, both rape and
21	it. They could be professional in it.	21	consensual sex; is that right?
22	So what we're talking about in this is	22	A. That's that's the concept, yes.
23	professional conduct on the part of the staff; train	23	Q. Okay.
24	it, supervise it, have a good policy that defines it	24	A. But it doesn't work.
25	all. That's critical.	25	Q. But it doesn't work?
	Dara 102		Dara 101
	Page 102		Page 104
1	Q. Okay. What's your position on	1	A. Oh, no. That's why we have the Prison
2	Q. Okay. What's your position on cross-gendered unclothed searches?	2	A. Oh, no. That's why we have the Prison Rape Elimination Act. I mean, you still have you
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Court, okay, we can't prohibit same-sex marriages, as they tried to in Kentucky, okay, other places, Utah, we can't prohibit those. We now have to actually provide for same-sex marriages of inmates in prisons and jails. Did you know that? Were you aware of that? Yeah. So, okay. All right. So in that situation, is that a husband and wife? Does it meet the definitional criteria of husband and wife? Or are we going to define husband and wife as husband is a male, wife is a female, okay. Male based on what's the definition of male; female based on definition of female. You see now we start getting it's more complicated as we go on through all this. When really when really, ultimately, what we're trying to prohibit in jail settings and in prison settings is is sexual contact. You know, I I was against I spoke I was on the board of directors for the American Jail Association, I was quite vehement with the Prison Rape Elimination Commission in my presentations to them, my discussions with them, about	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	of Florida recently where where the jail had had basically they misidentified the woman. She came in, a 50-year-old woman, brought into custody on some outstanding warrant charges, and when she was being booked into jail, she said she was a female. But she also admitted that she was taking hormone therapy, okay. The hormone therapy happened to be because she was a 50-year-old female. So she was on hormone replacement therapy, something my wife and a lot of other women in my age group are doing, all right. Not unusual. Oh, well, this sent up a red flag to some of the people that were in the jail, that wait a minute, this may be not a woman; this actually may be a man, depending on how you want to define those, but apparently they defined those as biological man. And they said she's being housed with females, she needs to be housed in the male housing unit. And they promptly housed her in a male housing unit, and she stayed in that male housing unit, okay. That's a problem, yeah. Now, she filed under this intrusiveness.
24	we don't need a whole other level to prevent sexual	24	So, yeah, you could have females saying, you know, I
25	violence in jails and prisons. We already have plenty	25	feel unduly embarrassed and my privacy rights have
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	of law that says rape is not appropriate. Plenty of law that says we must protect inmates from violence arising from contact with other inmates. And it doesn't say only one kind of violence or another. It says violence. So that means psychological violence, okay, verbal violence, physical violence, or sexual violence. So we didn't really need this whole other layer that PREA standards provided out there. We didn't really need that to muddy the water of what we're doing in jails and prisons. That's my perspective, okay. All we have to do is protect people when they're in our custody, and we want to protect them as best we can. Q. And is there any other rationale for separating people by gender in jails, aside from preventing sexual contact? A. Well, you have the Fourth Amendment issues of individuals feeling the intrusiveness of being seen, the rights to privacy that's guaranteed under the Fourth Amendment. Yeah, I mean, if you co-house males and	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 been intruded upon. You can have males do the same thing. There's nothing to say you couldn't have males do it. Q. So you said before that separating people in order to prevent sexual contact doesn't work A. No, I didn't say it doesn't work. I said it's not working the way that whole philosophy intends for it to do. Q. Okay. A. Okay. Q. Tell me how it is working. A. Huh? Q. Tell me how it is working. A. Oh, well, I mean, come on now, you know, there is there is a certain level of sexual violence that would occur out there that we have to be cognizant of, all right. But what we really need to be doing is we need to be separating out individuals that are demonstrating sexually predatory behavior from individuals that are not. That's what we need to be doing.
23 24	females together, you could very well have females filing litigation that she felt violated.	23 24	I don't care if it's a male and a female, or if it's female and female. We ran in our jail,
24	In fact, there was a case that came out	24 25	we ran co-ed housing units in our jail. Again, we had
1		1	

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1	a high risk tolerance.	1	level. They came down, they commingled in the common
2	Our intake unit, you know, in most jails	2	areas.
3	around the country, females get a very short amount of	3	We ran a work release housing unit with
4	resource placed toward their housing, supervision,	4	the males housed on one side and the female on the
5	service provision.	5	other side, and in between we had vending machines,
6	There was a 2002 report that came out	6	and we had a pool table, ping pong table, a seating
7	from the National Institute of Corrections that talked	7	area, and they commingled freely. The males didn't go
8	about the the lack of good classification housing	8	on their side, they didn't go on the male side.
9	and supervision policies for female offenders in the	9	I mean, you know, okay. Did we ever have
10	country, because nobody puts money toward them.	10	any problems in there? No. No, because we were
11	So, for example, you have a place like	11	proactive. As soon as we started seeing a behavior of
12	Memphis, Shelby County, Tennessee, 33 3,600-bed	12	an inmate inappropriate, we dealt with that behavior
13 14	jails, and they have very strict prohibitions in the state of Tennessee on separating males from females,	13 14	right then. That's how you have to do it. But that's my risk tolerance. When I
15	sight and sound.	15	talk about doing this, the jails around the country,
16	Now, why do we have a site and sound	16	they throw hands up. They're like, oh, my God, you
17	separation once they cross that threshold of the jail?	17	can't do that. They'll be having sex all over the
18	They can sit together in the back seat of the cruiser,	18	place.
19	but once they cross the threshold of the jail, we have	19	You know, what I find personally is that
20	to have them separated.	20	most people can control their sexual urges when
21	That's because we all know if they can	21	they're in jail, and that short period of time that
22	even hear each other, they're going to become sexually	22	they're in, that they don't feel a need to have sex
23	titillated by it, they're going to get some sort of	23	with every female that walks in the door, nor do the
24	gratification out of it. Okay, that's why we have to	24	females feel that they have to have sex with every
25	do this sight and sound separation.	25	male that walks in the door, and it work both ways.
	Page 110		Page 112
1	So you can't have them being booked in	1	And if you give people the opportunity to
	the same area. You can't have them being housed in		
2		2	to demonstrate adult rational behavior, you reward
3	the same area. Here's how it worked out in Memphis:	3	to demonstrate adult rational behavior, you reward them for that, and you sanction them when you don't.
	-		-
3	the same area. Here's how it worked out in Memphis:	3	them for that, and you sanction them when you don't.
3 4	the same area. Here's how it worked out in Memphis: The males had a beautiful sitting area, they had	3 4	them for that, and you sanction them when you don't. You'll get that from them.
3 4 5	the same area. Here's how it worked out in Memphis: The males had a beautiful sitting area, they had televisions to watch that they could, you know, pass	3 4 5	them for that, and you sanction them when you don't. You'll get that from them. But, again, that's my that's my risk tolerance level's really high. Some people say we got to punish.
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 Page 113 housing unit. If you start having a problem with other inmates in there, we mat to know about it, okay. Docsn't matter whether or not you're male, female, transgender, transsexual, it makes nake, female, transgender, transsexual, it makes nake it off. you know, so, yeah, in my mind, I would dottat. I would have the individual sign off that they understand this, sign off that they're making at its. you go booked in. So if you had a ring ou gave up all of your jewelry where we fights. They don't take it off: you go booked in. So if you had a ring ou gave up all of your jewelry where the state it off. the mour Legardless, all jewelry came off. They're going to fight you to get that ring. They're going to fight you to get that ring. They're going to fight you to get that ring. ther we had about ithe order immares, they're going to booked in. So if you had a ring out all this. They regoing to scatch it from you, and lithis. They're going to take it off. take nit off in 40 years, got arrested for DUI. They're going to fight you to get ut off. tork know, the fights that we had tork work we did by ear ago and they're fat now, they're than work work we did by the scale. You know, we sight them to get it off. tork work we did by ear ago and they're fat now, they're than work work with they got the scales. there was did. Wone whow, why are we're doing ut they with the scale in they work work. You know, we fight them to get it off. tow know, we fight them to get it off. tow know, we fight them to get it off. tow know we didn't do that with meckalces, it off. You know, we fight them to get it off. toff. Hav yee did hig		Taylor DSCA11 Case: 21-10486 Date Filed:	00/0	D2/2021 Page: 137 of 204 December 21, 2018
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	Page 117		Page 119
1	jails aren't placing gay men with women because of	1	gratifications.
2	their sexual preference, are they?	2	All right. So when I first started
3	A. I don't know. I don't know what all	3	worked in the jail, we made these separations. And
4	jails are doing. I could say that if I had a okay.	4	how do I know that you were homosexual? Okay, you
5	Now let's go back to it. Three parts, remember.	5	told me. You looked homosexual to me. What does that
6	Q. Yes.	6	mean? I don't know.
7	A. Physiognomy, the plumbing; you've got the	7	I he look homosexual to you? I don't
8	gender identity; and then you've got sexual	8	know. He look homosexual to you? I don't know. I
9	preference.	9	think he is. How many votes for homosexual? Okay, we
	So you could very easily have an		got three votes, he's homosexual. He went in the
10	individual that has male genitalia, female gender	10	homosexual unit.
11	identity, and has a preference for males. So does	11	
12		12	A guy comes in, he's a feminine. He goes
13	that make him a gay man? His gender identity is female. I don't know.	13	in the homosexual unit. Okay, where was all our sex
14		14	happening? In our homosexual unit. Where are all our
15	But if we're going to house by gender	15	problems of sexually predatory behavior happening? In
16	identity and that individual feels most comfortable	16	our homosexual unit.
17	being housed in a female housing unit, then I would	17	All right. So I had a young trustee that
18	house that person in a female housing unit, but the	18	was working for me one day, kid named Turk. Good
19	sexual preference would still be for men.	19	good trustee, good inmate. Homosexual. He was housed
20	Q. So what if there's somebody who has male	20	in the homosexual unit.
21	typical genitalia, and who has a male gender identity,	21	I would get him out of there and let him
22	and he was attracted to other men. Would you place	22	work. Why? God, he was intelligent. He had a year
23	that person with men or with women?	23	of college. He was intelligent. You could talk to
24	A. It depends. What is my policy?	24	him. I mean, he had low level charges, possession
25	What's what's my policy on how I'm going to house	25	charges.
	Page 118		Page 120
1	-	1	
1	individuals? If I'm going to house based upon gender	1 2	I mean, you know, okay, he's not a
2	individuals? If I'm going to house based upon gender identity and who they gender identify as, it would be		I mean, you know, okay, he's not a threat. He's minimum security. Let's get him out of
2 3	individuals? If I'm going to house based upon gender identity and who they gender identify as, it would be with a man, right? Being a male population. If I use	2	I mean, you know, okay, he's not a threat. He's minimum security. Let's get him out of that unit, let him work. So he worked for me, and he
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	Page 121		Page 123
1	population unit? Sexual predatory female inmates.	1	You want me to keep going?
2	So we decided we're going to we're	2	Q. That's good. No, that's good there.
3	going to separate based upon sexually predatory	3	So I just want to make sure I understand
4	behavior. Again that preference, who turns you on,	4	what you mean by each of these types of harm.
5	even though it may not be a turn-on by the by the	5	I'm sorry, getting a little echo.
6	sex, but a turn-on by the other issues that we know	6	So we've talked about searches. So
7	that come with rape and violence like that, doesn't	7	inappropriate searches would be well, why don't you
8	make a difference. We have a duty to protect.	8	just tell me. Could you just summarize what an
9	So, yeah, you know, we have to look at	9	inappropriate search could be that could cause harm.
10	our population and make our separations like that.	10	A. Well, that would be one that might rise
11	And at one point, that was all over the United States.	11	to the level of being a Fourth Amendment violation.
12	But nowadays, it's getting kind of passé that you	12	Being too intrusive.
13	separate out individuals that are that are gay, but	13	Q. Okay. And so inappropriate housing.
14	it doesn't mean it still doesn't happen. It does.	14	What's an example of inappropriate housing that could
15	Some jails out there still do it.	15	lead to harm?
16	And the rationale would be that if he's a	16	A. Well, I just I just kind of described
17	gay man, you put him in with men, he's going to have	17	it with that whole decision about the whole
18	sex with those men, or those men are going to force	18	discussion on homosexual inmates. You know,
19	him to have sex. And the fact of the matter is,	19	inappropriate housing could be placing the person
20	that's not necessarily true.	20	into into a setting where where they may become
21	Q. Do you know which jails are still doing	21	victimized or where they may victimize others. That's
22	that, offhand?	22	the type of harm that might occur.
23	A. No, not off the top of my head. I know	23	Q. Okay. And I think you gave me some
24	when I walk in them, I go, Oh, my God. Typically it's	24	examples about this maybe when you were talking about
25	the smaller jails around the country. You know,	25	the path where women could only supervise women and
	Page 122		Page 124
1	-	1	-
1	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but	1 2	men could only supervise men, but could you describe
	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails.		-
2	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails.	2	men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision
2 3	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails. Q. All right. Let's look back at your	2 3	men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision that could lead to harm?
2 3 4	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails.Q. All right. Let's look back at your let's look back at your report again.	2 3 4	men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision that could lead to harm?A. Well, inappropriate supervision would be
2 3 4 5	larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails.Q. All right. Let's look back at yourlet's look back at your report again.A. Are we done with this Exhibit 43?	2 3 4 5	men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision that could lead to harm?A. Well, inappropriate supervision would be a situation where you're placing let's say a male
2 3 4 5 6	 larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails. Q. All right. Let's look back at your let's look back at your report again. A. Are we done with this Exhibit 43? Q. Yeah, I think we're done with that. All right. So let's go back to Page 18. And, again, that last paragraph just starting at 	2 3 4 5 6	 men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision that could lead to harm? A. Well, inappropriate supervision would be a situation where you're placing let's say a male officer into into a female housing unit and you're having problems that are arising from that. Again, these are all decisions that
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2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 larger jails are trying to get away from that, but typically it's the smaller jails. Q. All right. Let's look back at your let's look back at your report again. A. Are we done with this Exhibit 43? Q. Yeah, I think we're done with that. All right. So let's go back to Page 18. And, again, that last paragraph just starting at "Ultimately" now, could you just read that out for me. A. "Ultimately, from a correctional administrator's perspective, the definition of 'sex' is intended to be used to drive decisions that will reduce the likelihood of harm occurring to the individual inmate or other inmates. Harm can arise from the conduct of inappropriate searches. Harm can arise from inappropriate form inappropriate supervision. Harm can arise from inappropriate 	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 men could only supervise men, but could you describe for me, you know, what is inappropriate supervision that could lead to harm? A. Well, inappropriate supervision would be a situation where you're placing let's say a male officer into into a female housing unit and you're having problems that are arising from that. Again, these are all decisions that that might be predicated upon operational philosophy, but which result in litigation from female inmates that are saying, hey, look, this officer being in here is too intrusive, because every time they come around to do supervision of my welfare, the hourly check by looking in on the inmate, looking in the cell, they might see me on the toilet, they might see me going to the bathroom, and I find that that's too intrusive. You could get that type of thing, so that could be a harm from that.
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	Page 125		Page 127
1	onerous, punitive restrictions on on Dimarco just because she was a transgender, transsexual individual.	1	to have to look at male genitalia as part of my duties.
3	Didn't arise out of any behavior, any demonstration.	3	We're starting to see some of that. And
4	So, for example, Dimarco, I think at one	4	it's more it's more backlash against this whole
5	point she wanted to purchase some female supplies,	5	idea, okay, than it is really against the male
6	which were readily available in the commissary to	6	genitalia. That's that's my perception.
7	other female inmates, all right. I don't recall what	7	Q. If that came up in the jail while you
8	they were, but things maybe like makeup or curlers or	8	that you ran, that a female officer was concerned
9	something like that, okay.	9	about doing a search of a transgender woman, how would
10	And she was prohibited from doing that.	10	you deal with that?
11	They said, no, you can't order that. You know, you're	11	A. Tell her she needs to act professionally.
12	not a female, you can't order that. That type of	12	Q. All right.
13	thing.	13	A. It's her duty.
14	Her her recreation was really	14	MR. ARKLES: Let's take another just a
15	restricted. She was allowed one hour a day out. She was prohibited contact with the other inmates. You	15 16	quick break, and then we can check in and see where we
16 17	know, these are pretty punitive housing environments,	17	are, okay? THE WITNESS: Okay.
18	okay, conditions of confinement on an individual	18	(There was a break taken.)
19	that's based upon a perception that if you put them	19	MR. ARKLES: We can go back on the
20	out there, she would either be harmed, okay, or cause	20	record.
21	harm.	21	Q. So let's take a look now at Exhibit 44.
22	You know, that's where that risk	22	And can you identify this document?
23	tolerance all comes in. It's a scale. It's a balance	23	A. It's called "Issues Surrounding Managing
24	that we have to do.	24	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender & Intersex
25	Q. And then and then there's also the	25	Offenders in Jails," and it was authored by me.
	Page 126		Page 128
1	harm from inappropriate restrictions on conditions of	1	Q. All right. So let's look at Page 5, and
2	harm from inappropriate restrictions on conditions of employment. I think you already gave me some	2	Q. All right. So let's look at Page 5, and could you read the paragraph beginning at the bottom
2 3	harm from inappropriate restrictions on conditions of employment. I think you already gave me some examples, but can you just summarize what harm could	2 3	Q. All right. So let's look at Page 5, and could you read the paragraph beginning at the bottom of Page 5 with "Typically jail" and continues on to
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	Taylor Duter House. 21 10400 Duter Hou.		December 21, 2018
	Page 129		Page 131
1	'sex'?"	1	something is amiss, or more
2	Continue?	2	accurately something is a-present.
3	Q. You can stop there. That's all good.	3	Off to the strip search room where
4	Thank you.	4	there's a shocking discovery: this is
5	So here you stated that that the	5	no woman - at least not in the
6	determination of offender sex used to be made based on	6	conventional sense. But wait, from
7	asking the person, looking at the person when they're	7	the waist up she looks like a woman,
8	not wearing clothes, or getting a recommendation from	8	then again from the waist down a man.
9	medical staff; is that a fair summary?	9	Needless to say this generated
10	A. I don't know if I mentioned medical staff	10	discussion on where are we going to
11	in there. Yeah, yeah, they'll talk to medical staff,	11	put this person, who is going to do
12	yeah, but that's after. But this all occurs after the	12	the searches, and what about the
13	initial booking has occurred in which the initial	13	hormones 'she' needs? This was to be
14	assignment of sex has been obtained. So this is down	14	our first major exposure to
15	this is a process down the line. This isn't at the	15	transgender/transsexual offenders.
16	back door when they first come in.	16	While some of those decisions worked
17	Q. Okay. So here you were not referring to	17	'back then'" I mean, yeah, that
18	how jails identify the sex of the offender initially;	18	story was 1985 "'back then' those
19	is that right?	19	same decisions would not be made
20	A. No. I think I was talking in a much	20	today. Times have changed."
21	broader sense on how how jails operate. I wasn't	21	Q. And can you tell me which decisions
22	being specific in this, no.	22	worked back then but would not be made today?
23	Q. Okay. And you so that in the future	23	A. Oh, well, first off, we wouldn't called
24	it may become necessary to ask people about their	24	up to the floors anymore today. People wouldn't call
25	gender identity at booking; is that right?	25	around like that anymore today. Come down here and
			T T
	Page 130		Page 132
1	-	1	
1	A. I think so.	1	take a look. That's the first thing.
	A. I think so.Q. All right. And in this paragraph you did		take a look. That's the first thing. Q. Okay.
2	A. I think so.Q. All right. And in this paragraph you did not mention using driver's license as a way to	2	take a look. That's the first thing.Q. Okay.A. The second thing is, is that is that
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	Page 133		Page 135
,	would not be made today; is that right?	1	Q. Okay. So then my last questions are just
1	A. Well, I think the whole the whole	2	to run through your qualifications.
3	surprise nature of it, yeah. Yeah. Looking back on	3	So so you have a Ph.D.; correct?
4	it, that was probably an inappropriate correctional	4	A. I do.
5	response to be doing. Now, that's judging it from the	5	Q. And what was that Ph.D. in?
6	perspective 2018 to 1985.	6	A. Public administration.
7	Q. It's been a while.	7	Q. And what was the subject of your
8	And the and responding to that	8	dissertation?
9	discovery with a strip search, that was one of the	9	A. I didn't didn't catch that.
10	things also that worked at the time but different	10	Q. What was your dissertation on?
11	decision would be made today?	11	A. Decision support systems for running
12	A. Yeah, we yeah, now in my jail, okay	12	jails. How to make quality decisions. It had in
13	again, this is a risk tolerance issue, okay. In our	13	fact, it was all about this type of thing. How to
14	jail I would say, wait a minute, we're going to talk	14	data dictionary and how to gather the data, measure
15	and find out first. Let's find out what's the	15	the data, and use the data to drive decision-making.
16	identification, let's talk to her about, you know, who	16	Q. And did you use decisions about sex for
17	would you best be searched by. Let's find out.	17	transgender people as an example when you were writing
18	Because really the issue there is is	18	that way back then?
19	am I feeling a a penis and a scrotum when I come up	19	A. No, no, no. This this had this was
20	between the legs, or am I feeling a bag of cocaine,	20	a much broader perspective of how we manage jails
21	bag of marijuana, a small a small handgun wrapped	21	using data-driven decisions, rather than using
22	in wrapped in cloth or something, you know. I've	22	anecdotal evidence and things that we think are the
23	seen these things, okay, found these things at	23	way they are.
24	booking.	24	And like all the stories I've been
25	So, you know, I mean, this is not	25	telling you, we all think it's like this, but, you
	Page 134		Page 136
1	-	1	-
1	unusual, all right. So now to do a strip search to	1 2	know, we start collecting the data, we find it's not.
	-		-
2	unusual, all right. So now to do a strip search to discover contraband like that, absolutely.	2	know, we start collecting the data, we find it's not. That's why.
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 doing, you know, distance programming was was pretty unusual and pretty cutting edge. I actually found out about the program through the the Bureau of Prisons. I was working with a number of people at that time, networking with the National Institute of Corrections and other members of the Bureau of Prisons, and they mentioned the program to me as a way for working professionals in the correctional field to be able to get programs, to be able to get advanced degrees. So that's how I got into it. Q. Great. And can you explain to me the difference between law enforcement and corrections? A. Well, law enforcement is is a typically used for law enforcement in a community setting. Corrections is inside the walls in a prison, it could be inside the walls in a boot camp or a juvenile facility. That's typically corrections. Q. And your expertise is inside the walls corrections; is that correct? A. Yeah. I would say the majority of my work, 99 percent of it has been been in jails and 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	 correctional administration? A. Well, more how the two interface, okay. More how the two interface. You know, I've arrested people so I know what I have to do on the street. I've been I've also booked people in the jail, managed people in the jail, so I know what I have to do on that side of the house. You know, both sides of the house have have a real need for definitional issues so that we know what we're talking about, we know how we're making the arrest and how we gather the data and the information for the arrest, and then how we utilize that in the processes. But I would say, like I said, 99 percent of what I did is in a correctional setting. Q. Okay. Just to flesh out on the community side, so when was the last time that you worked as a law enforcement officer in the community? A. So when was the last time I made an arrest as a law enforcement officer? Q. Sure, let's go with that. A. Okay. February 2008, maybe. Q. Okay. A. Like I said, we had law enforcement
25	prisons. I have done some street level law	25	authority the whole time I was there, we had full
	Page 138		Page 140
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	enforcement. We were in Kentucky, the jailer is a constitutionally elected official separate from the sheriff. So the sheriff ran street patrol and law enforcement in the community, tax collection, things like that. Whereas, the jailer was responsible for the housing and care and custody of inmates. Kind of a Daniel Boone common law system of England. During that process the jailer had statewide powers of law enforcement. So we could make arrests, we could chase people across county lines, throughout the whole state. Whereas, the sheriff's law enforcement authority was basically limited to the individual county. So, you know, as I when I was working at the jail, we worked in the community as law enforcement officers, typically, doing second jobs. I mean, it was, like, evening work, weekend work, things like that. But we were law enforcement. So I made a number of arrests in the community and law enforcement in the community that way too.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 power. So, you know, worked off and on all through that time. Q. And is your consulting and training work also for law enforcement agencies in addition to correctional agencies? A. Is there a I didn't understand the question. Q. So you do training and consultation work for various correctional agencies; is that right? A. Yes. Q. And do you also do that work with agencies that are doing law enforcement on the community side? A. If they ask me to, I have. I was doing it in fact, I was doing this transgender/transsexual management seminar, the Part 1, Part 2, Part 3 parts up in the state of Maine for the Maine Jail Administrators Association, and I had the chief law enforcement officer for the state of Maine sitting in on my class. So, yeah, I mean, yeah, they do. Q. Okay. Great.
23 24 25	Q. Okay. And so for purposes of your opinion, were you are you relying on expertise of the law enforcement officer in addition to	23 24 25	And and have you worked in prisons in addition to jails? A. Have I worked or have I consulted?

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	Page 141		Page 143
1	Q. Well, let's go with work first.	1	So, you know, what we used to be able to
2	Have you worked in prisons?	2	
3	A. No. My my whole time that I worked,	3	jail, they're only here for a short time, you know,
4	my employment was with the Lexington-Fayette County	4	
5	Government.	5	to change around.
6	Q. Okay. And then have you consulted with	6	So now there are things that we used to
7	prisons?	7	
8	A. Yes.	8	haven't held us to do, that they may hold us to do in
9	Q. Okay. Are there unique considerations to	9	the future.
10	jails as opposed to prisons?	10	Q. Wouldn't an example of that be something
11	A. There are some some fundamental	11	like sex reassignment surgery?
12	differences, but the vast majority of issues are very	12	A. You know, it could well be. It could
13	similar. Jails are short-term holding agencies,	13	very well be.
14	typically 85 to 90 percent of the population that roll	14	Q. What other things are you thinking of
15	through a door of a jail, they get out of the jail	15	when you say jails haven't been held to do some things
16	without going any further into the system.	16	because it's such a short period of time, that that
17	That other, you know, 15, 10 percent that	17	might be changing?
18	roll on to a prison are there for a much longer span	18	A. Okay. For example, colonoscopies. Jails
19	of time.	19	typically didn't do colonoscopies on people. Why? We
20	So they have issues that deal with much	20	don't really have them long enough to get in. But we
21	longer histories of managing inmates in custody than	21	have to recognize that black males have a higher level
22	jails do. But that changed now. You have to	22	
23 24	understand, that changed. Q. When did it change?	23 24	American males between 45 and 60 years old have a higher rate of colon cancer.
24	A. It changed in California when they	24	
25	A. It changed in carifornia when they	25	bo if we te going to house i threan
	Page 142		Page 144
1		1	-
1 2	Page 142 when they began to put people out of the prison system in the state of California into local county jails.	1 2	American males, even for two, three, four years in the
	when they began to put people out of the prison system		American males, even for two, three, four years in the local county jail, and they're in that range, we may
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2 3	when they began to put people out of the prison system in the state of California into local county jails. So now there are some individuals serving up to	2 3	American males, even for two, three, four years in the local county jail, and they're in that range, we may have to be doing colonoscopies. Now, think of the cost of a colonoscopy. What is it going to cost a jail to do that?
2 3 4	when they began to put people out of the prison system in the state of California into local county jails. So now there are some individuals serving up to 25 years in the county jail within the state of California. You've seen some states around the	2 3 4	American males, even for two, three, four years in the local county jail, and they're in that range, we may have to be doing colonoscopies. Now, think of the cost of a colonoscopy. What is it going to cost a jail to do that? Mammographies for female inmates, all
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	Taylor DSCA11 Case: 21-10486 Date Filed:	06/0	D2/2021 Page: 145 of 204 December 21, 2018
	Page 145		Page 147
1	So, again, that's all that changing	1	A. Long time ago.
2	landscape.	2	Q. When you talked to them, did they did
3	Q. All right. Thank you.	3	you ask questions about their sex?
4	And you're not claiming to have any	4	A. No, I don't I don't recall I don't
5	medical expertise; right?	5	recall really talking about their sex to them too
6	A. I have my EMT certification, but that's	6	much. It just it just was more obvious. Again,
7	about it. That was through the Lexington Fire	7	we're talking about back in the '80s.
8	Department back when I was working at the jail, yes, I	8	Q. Okay. Could you tell me, are there
9	had that. But other than that, no.	9	unique concerns in a correctional environment that
10	Q. Okay. And do you have any degrees in	10	aren't necessarily relevant in the community?
11	biology?	11	A. Are there unique concerns in the
12	A. No. I was a liberal arts major.	12	correctional environment that are not relevant in the
13	Q. So was I.	13	community?
14	And have you ever worked in the motor	14	Q. Yes.
15	vehicle department before?	15	A. Well, I yeah, I mean, we have the
16	A. No.	16	Fourth Amendment issues. I mean, intrusiveness of the
17	Q. And do you have expertise in driver's	17	search, okay, where we have a policy that's going to
18	licenses, specifically?	18	require a pretty intrusive search, a strip search, you
19	A. No.	19	don't see many strip searches in the community. That
20	Q. Okay. And have you ever been	20	would probably be one.
21	disqualified as an expert before?	21	You know, housing. You know, having to
22	A. Not to my knowledge.	22	make a decision about what apartment you can live in
23	Q. Okay. And since you have experience	23	the in the community. I don't know that any
24	making arrests, I'd like to ask just a couple of	24	governmental agency makes a decision on what apartment
25	questions following up on that.	25	you can be housed in based upon your sex or gender
	Page 146		Page 148
1	So at the point where you make an arrest,	1	the stitute of the former The sector sector of the Cont
		1 -	identity or other issues, I'm not aware of it. So, I
2	how do you identify do you identify the sex of the	2	mean, that might be another one.
2 3	how do you identify do you identify the sex of the person who you're arresting?		•
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3	person who you're arresting?	2 3	mean, that might be another one. Other than that, yeah, I don't that's
3 4	person who you're arresting? A. I did. Had it write it on had to	2 3 4	mean, that might be another one. Other than that, yeah, I don't that's about it off the top of my head.
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1	Or do you want to read and sign?	
1 2	MR. CHYNOWETH: I'm okay waiving	that if
∠ 3	that's okay with you, Don.	, mai, 11
4	THE WITNESS: That's okay with me	
4 5	(The deposition was concluded at 12:38 p.	
	* * * *	.111.)
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	Pa	age 150
1	Reporter's Certificate	
2		
3	State of Utah)	
4	County of Salt Lake)	
5	I, Vickie Larsen, Certified Shor	thand
6	Reporter and Registered Merit Reporter, in the Sta	
7	Utah, do hereby certify:	
8		takon
	THAT the foregoing proceedings were	
9 10	before me at the time and place set forth herein	
10	the witness was duly sworn to tell the truth, the	
11	truth, and nothing but the truth; and that the	
12	proceedings were taken down by me in shorthand	
13	thereafter transcribed into typewriting under	my
14	direction and supervision;	
15	THAT the foregoing pages contain a	a true
16	and correct transcription of my said shorthand not	tes so
17	taken.	
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscrib	bed my
19	name this 4th day of January, 2019.	
20		
21		
22		
23		
23 24	Vickie Larsen, CSR/RMR	
25		

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Exhibit 10

Deposition Exhibits PX1-44

(but not including PX11-13, PX15-21, PX24-30 that are filed under seal as Ex. 10a) Case 2018-101-000091-2011-1743-00B Dote mient 489102/2020 02/08/19: 1198 gef 204-191

ALABAMA LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

Revised Date: 07-01-2015

Driver License Policy Order No 63

Source: Legal Unit

SUBJECT: CHANGING SEX ON A DRIVER LICENSE DUE TO GENDER REASSIGNMENT

It is the policy of the Chief of the Driver License Division that an individual wishing to have the sex changed on their Alabama driver license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to an Examining office OR the Medical Unit the following:

1. An amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead.

IF THE INDIVIDUAL INITIALLY REPORTS TO AN EXAM OFFICE FOR THE GENDER CHANGE:

- 1. The examiner is to review the document(s) presented for authenticity and contact the medical unit in order to make the necessary system change.
- 2. If a physician letter is presented, there is no need to contact the physician unless there is some doubt as to the authenticity of the letter. Many of the surgeries are performed in other countries.
- 3. After the system changes are completed, the examiner will then scan the documents presented into the driver record, and issue the person a corrected

duplicate license (if not renewal time) for the duplicate fee.

4. The documents presented are to be given back to the applicant.

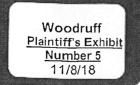
IF THE REQUEST IS MAILED TO THE MEDICAL UNIT: The medical unit will:

- 1. Review the document(s) for authenticity. The letter does NOT have to be submitted by the physician's office, the subject may send it in.
- 2. Make the necessary system updates (changing gender) and place a comment referencing the changes in the driver history.
- 3. The document(s) presented will be mailed back to the subject along with a letter informing the subject they can obtain a duplicate online or by visiting an ALEA or probate/license office.
- 4. The letter to the subject and the document(s) presented are to be scanned into the driver history.

CaseS2:18-6v-00091211141046MB Doteunient: 485/02/24161 02/08/19 192 get 804 191



ALABAMA LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DRIVER LICENSE DIVISION 301 South Ripley Street/ P.O. Box 1471/ Montgomery, AL 36102-1471 Phone: 334.242.4400/ Alea.gov



SUBJECT: <u>CHANGING SEX ON A DRIVER LICENSE DUE TO</u> GENDER REASSIGNMENT

It is the policy of the Chief of the Driver License Division that an individual wishing to have the sex changed on their Alabama driver license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to an Examining office OR the Medical Unit the following:

1. An amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead.



ALABAMA LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY DRIVER LICENSE DIVISION 301 SOUTH RIPLEY STREET/ P.O. BOX 1471 / MONTGOMERY, AL 36102-1471 PHONE 334,242,4400 / ALEA.GOV

ROBERT BENTLEY GOVERNOR

SPENCER

SUBJECT: <u>CHANGING SEX ON A DRIVER</u> <u>LICENSE DUE TO GENDER REASSIGNMENT</u>

It is the policy of the Chief of the Driver License Division that an individual wishing to have the sex changed on their Alabama driver license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to an Examining office OR the Medical Unit the following:

1. An amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead.

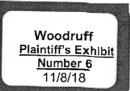
IF THE INDIVIDUAL INITIALLY REPORTS TO AN EXAM OFFICE FOR THE GENDER CHANGE:

- 1. The Examiner is to review the document(s) presented for authenticity and contact the medical unit in order to make the necessary system change.
- 2. If a physician letter is presented, there is no need to contact the physician unless there is some doubt as to the authenticity of the letter. Many of the surgeries are performed in other countries.
- 3. After the system changes are completed, the Examiner will then scan the documents presented into the driver record, and issue the person a corrected duplicate license (if not renewal time) for the duplicate fee.
- 4. The documents presented are to be given back to the applicant.

IF THE REQUEST IS MAILED TO THE MEDICAL UNIT: The medical unit will:

- 1. Review the document(s) for authenticity. The letter does NOT have to be submitted by the physician's office, the subject may send it in.
- 2. Make the necessary system updates (changing gender) and place a comment referencing the changes in the driver history.
- 3. The document(s) presented will be mailed back to the subject along with a letter informing the subject to report to either a probate office/license commissioner or an Examining office to <u>purchase</u> another license.
- 4. The letter to the subject and the document(s) presented are to be scanned into the driver history.

Case 2:18-6-0009121414046MB Dotourient: 48-102/246 02/08/19 1 Page 804 191



From:

Sent:

Subject:

Attachments:

To:

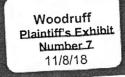
"Eastman, Jeannie" <EXCHANGELABS/EXCHANGE ADMINISTRATIVE GROUP (FYDIBOHF23SPDLT)/RECIPIENTS/5F9485C89E274E929686774AE175929 F-EASTMAN, JE> 9/7/2017 8:56:00 AM -0500 "Duke, Brian" <brian.duke@alea.gov> gender change Gender Change Policy 3.docx

Jeannie Eastman Driver License Supervisor Alabama Law Enforcement Agency Office: 334-242-4777 jeannie.eastman@alea.gov

Please note that my email address has changed



Case 301810v 0009121111043101B Dote Tilen 1486102/2012 02/08019 12 and 204 191



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

Revised Date: 09-01-2012

Driver License Policy Order No 63

Source: Legal Unit

I. CHANGING SEX ON A DRIVER LICENSE DUE TO GENDER REASSIGNMENT

- A. It is the policy of the Director and the Driver License Division that individuals wishing to have their sex changed on their Alabama license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to the Medical Unit an amended birth certificate along with documentation on letterhead from the physician that performed the sexual reassignment surgery stating the surgery has been completed.
- B. Once the documentation is submitted to the Medical Unit, if acceptable, a letter will be sent to the subject informing them to purchase a duplicate license with the corrected sex listed.

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ALABAMA LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY

DRIVER LICENSE DIVISION 301 SOUTH RIPLEY STREET/ P.O. BOX 1471 / MONTGOMERY, AL 36102-1471 PHONE 334.242.4400 / ALEA.GOV ROBERT BENTLEY GOVERNOR

SPENCER COLLIER

SUBJECT: <u>CHANGING SEX ON A DRIVER</u> <u>LICENSE DUE TO GENDER REASSIGNMENT</u>

It is the policy of the Chief of the Driver License Division that an individual wishing to have the sex changed on their Alabama driver license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to an Examining office OR the Medical Unit the following:

1. An amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead.

IF THE INDIVIDUAL INITIALLY REPORTS TO AN EXAM OFFICE FOR THE GENDER CHANGE:

- 1. The Examiner is to review the document(s) presented for authenticity and contact the medical unit in order to make the necessary system change.
- 2. If a physician letter is presented, there is no need to contact the physician unless there is some doubt as to the authenticity of the letter. Many of the surgeries are performed in other countries.
- 3. After the system changes are completed, the Examiner will then scan the documents presented into the driver record, and issue the person a corrected duplicate license (if not renewal time) for the duplicate fee.
- 4. The documents presented are to be given back to the applicant.

IF THE REQUEST IS MAILED TO THE MEDICAL UNIT: The medical unit will:

- 1. Review the document(s) for authenticity. The letter does NOT have to be submitted by the physician's office, the subject may send it in.
- 2. Make the necessary system updates (changing gender) and place a comment referencing the changes in the driver history.
- 3. The document(s) presented will be mailed back to the subject along with a letter informing the subject to report to either a probate office/license commissioner or an Examining office to <u>purchase</u> another license.
- 4. The letter to the subject and the document(s) presented are to be scanned into the driver history.

Case 208-101-00091-11HT-63MB Dotar Fiend 486/02/2021 02/08/19: 1740-1-2041 191



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA NORTHERN DIVISION

DARCY CORBITT, DESTINY)	
CLARK, and JOHN DOE,)	
)	
Plaintiffs,)	
)	
V.)	Civil Action No.
)	2:18-cv-00091-MHT-GN
HAL TAYLOR, in his official capacity)	
as Secretary of the Alabama Law)	
Enforcement Agency; Colonel)	
CHARLES WARD, in his official)	
capacity as Director of the Department)	
of Public Safety; DEENA PREGNO, in)	
her official capacity as Chief of the)	
Driver License Division, and JEANNIE)	
EASTMAN, in her official capacity as)	
Driver License Supervisor in the Driver)	
License Division,)	
)	

AB

Defendants.

DEFENDANTS' ANSWERS TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES

)

Pursuant to Rules 26 and 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and in compliance with the "Protective Order" dated May 18, 2018 (doc. 33), Hal Taylor, Charles Ward, Deena Pregno and Jeannie Eastman ("Defendants") hereby respond as follows to the Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories to Defendants. In formulating these responses, Defendants have relied on information presently

available to them and will furnish any such information to the Plaintiffs to the

extent required under Rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

INTERROGATORIES

1. Identify all policies, whether written or unwritten, and all revisions to those policies, concerning whether and when people may change the sex designation on an Alabama driver's license, including the dates on which those policies were issued and revised.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent identifying written or unwritten policies would require defendants to disclose information protected by the attorney client privilege or work product privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that Policy Order 63 determines whether an individual may change the sex designation on an Alabama driver license. Policy Order 63 was issued in 2012 and was revised on July 1, 2015. Policy Order 63 was revised again in April 2016.

2. Identify each person who has any personal knowledge or information regarding the meaning, creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Policy Order 63.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request to identify "each person who has *any* personal knowledge" regarding Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying "each person" with "any" personal knowledge whatsoever of Policy Order 63 is irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, and unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying any individual requires the disclosure of information protected by attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that Deena Pregno and Jeannie Eastman have personal knowledge regarding the meaning, creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Policy Order 63. Defendants further state that current and former members of ALEA's Legal Unit

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have such personal knowledge but any knowledge they possess is protected by attorney-client or work product privilege.

3. Identify each person who has any personal knowledge or information regarding the meaning, creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Defendants' defenses.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request to identify "each person who has any personal knowledge . . . of Defendants' defenses" is vague or ambiguous. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying "each person" with "any" personal knowledge whatsoever of "Defendants' defenses" is irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, and unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying any individual requires the disclosure of information protected by attorney client privilege. Defendants further object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the request to identify "each person" with knowledge of "Defendants' defenses" is premature.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that, aside from legal counsel, Deena Pregno and Jeannie Eastman have personal knowledge of defendants' defenses. Defendants further state that they anticipate retaining the services of one or more expert witnesses in this case and will disclose the identities of these witnesses in accordance with the Scheduling Order entered in this case.

4. Identify each person who possesses or controls any data, documents, evidence or other tangible items regarding the creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Policy Order 63.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request to identify "each person who possesses or controls" any tangible items regarding Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying "each person" with possession or control of tangible items regarding Policy Order 63 is irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, and unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying any individual requires the disclosure of information protected by attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that the Chief of the Driver License Division at ALEA, Deena Pregno, maintains ultimate authority over the possession of any tangible items related to the creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Policy Order 63. Jeannie Eastman, Supervisor of the Driver License Division Medical Unit possesses or controls tangible items regarding the implementation or enforcement of Policy Order 63. Defendants further state that the Legal Unit possesses tangible items related to Policy Order 63 but that these items are subject to attorney-client or work-product privilege.

.......

5. Identify each person who possesses or controls any data, documents, evidence or other tangible items regarding the creation, revision, promulgation, implementation, or enforcement of Defendants' defenses.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request to identify "each person who possesses or controls" any tangible items regarding "Defendants' defenses" is vague or ambiguous. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying "each person" with possession or control of tangible items regarding "Defendants' defenses" is irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, and unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that identifying any individual requires the disclosure of information protected by attorney client privilege. Defendants further object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the request to identify "each person who possesses or controls" tangible items regarding "Defendants' defenses" is premature.

Without waiving these objections, see the response to Interrogatory 4.

6. Describe any and all government interests Defendants assert that Policy Order 63 serves, as well as how those government interests are furthered by Policy Order 63.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "any and all" government interests served by Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that it seeks a legal conclusion. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the

information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, and subject to the right to supplement these responses, defendants state that Policy Order 63 serves the State's interests in providing an accurate description of the bearer of an Alabama driver license. An Alabama driver license provides identification for law enforcement and administrative purposes, including, but not limited to, purposes related to arrest, detention, identification of missing persons or crime suspects, and the provision of medical treatment. Policy Order 63 furthers these interests by providing a uniform understanding of what physical characteristics underlie the sex designation on a driver license. Policy Order 63 serves the State's interests in maintaining consistency between the information contained on a driver license and that contained on a birth certificate since obtaining an amended birth certificate to change a sex designation requires proof that the individual's sex has been changed by surgical procedure. See Ala. Code § 22-9A-19(d).

7. Identify all documents and communications in Defendants' possession or control or upon which Defendants rely related to the government interests described in response to interrogatory 4.

RESPONSE: [Defendants understand this interrogatory to contain a drafting error and construe it to refer to the government interests described in response to interrogatory 6]. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "all" documents relied on related to the interests served by Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege or work product privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that they rely on Alabama Code \S 22-9A-19(d), 32-6-6, 32-6-9(a).

8. Identify all documents and communications reviewed, referenced, relied upon directly or indirectly, or considered by Defendants prior to and as a basis or impetus for the following:

a. The original creation of Policy Order 63; and

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b. Any and all revision of Policy Order 63.

Negari

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "all" documents relied on related to the creation or revision Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege or work product privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that they or their predecessors relied on Alabama Code §§ 22-9A-19(d), 32-6-6, 32-6-9(a).

9. Identify any and all procedures that constitute "gender reassignment surgery," "sexual reassignment surgery," or "the reassignment procedure" for purposes of changing the sex designation on an Alabama driver's license.

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that the request to identify "any and all" procedures that constitute gender reassignment surgery under Policy Order 63 is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that to change the sex designation on an Alabama driver license, Policy Order 63 requires proof of sexual reassignment surgery that includes an irreversible surgical change of sex characteristics, including genital reassignment.

10. Describe the process and criteria by which it is and, since the enactment of Policy Order 63 has been, determined whether a person has undergone "gender reassignment surgery" or "sexual reassignment surgery" under Policy Order 63.

RESPONSE: Defendants state that the process and criteria identified by Policy Order 63 for determining whether a person has had sexual reassignment surgery is "[a]n amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead." Defendants further state that this process may also involve a member of ALEA's Medical Unit contacting the office of the physician on the letter to confirm the required procedure was performed.

11. Describe each factual basis that predicates Defendants' first affirmative defense (labeled 2 under affirmative defenses in Defendants' answer, regarding failure to state a claim).

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "each factual basis" underlying the second affirmative defense is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that it seeks a legal conclusion. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that they are aware of facts, or have a good faith basis to believe that discovery will reveal facts, that show some or all plaintiffs do not view their transgender status as private or confidential, that their driver license does not disclose their transgender status, that their sex designation on their driver license does not subject them to increased danger, that their driver license does not compel plaintiffs to disclose their transgender status, that complying with Policy Order 63 before changing a sex designation on an Alabama driver license does not compel plaintiffs to accept unwanted medical treatment, that Policy Order 63 does not discriminate against transgender individuals. Defendants reserve the right to add to or alter these facts as discovery proceeds.

12. Describe each factual basis that predicates Defendants' second affirmative defense (labeled 3 under affirmative defenses in Defendants' answer, regarding standing).

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "each factual basis" underlying the third affirmative defense is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that it seeks a legal conclusion. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the

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information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that they are aware of facts, or have a good faith basis to believe that discovery will reveal facts, that some or all plaintiffs lack standing as to Count I because they have voluntarily publicly disclosed their transgender status, that plaintiff Darcy Corbitt may lack standing as to all claims because she does not intend to become an Alabama resident or acquire an Alabama driver license, and other such facts as discovery may reveal. Defendants reserve the right to add to or alter these facts as discovery proceeds.

13. Describe each factual basis that predicates Defendants' third affirmative defense (labeled 4 under affirmative defenses in Defendants' answer, regarding statute of limitations)

RESPONSE: Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the request for "each factual basis" underlying the fourth affirmative defense is vague or ambiguous, irrelevant to any party's claim or defense, not proportional to the needs of the case, overly broad, or unduly burdensome. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that it seeks a legal conclusion. Defendants object to this interrogatory on the grounds that this litigation is in its early stages and the information it seeks is premature. Defendants object to this interrogatory to the extent that the information it seeks is protected by the attorney client privilege.

Without waiving these objections, defendants state that they are aware of facts, or have a good faith basis to believe that discovery will reveal facts, that some or all plaintiffs were aware, or should have been aware of, Policy Order 63 and were subject to the application of Policy Order 63 before February 6, 2016. Defendants reserve the right to add to or alter these facts as discovery proceeds.

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing Answers to Interrogatories are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief based upon information that has been provided to me.

Deena Pregno Chief, Driver License Division Alabama Law Enforcement Agency

As to objections:

Brad A. Chynoweth Assistant Attorney General

Steve Marshall Attorney General

Winfield J. Sinclair Assistant Attorney General

State of Alabama Office of the Attorney General 501 Washington Avenue Montgomery, Alabama 36130 (334) 242-7300 (334) 353-8440 (fax) bchynoweth@ago.state.al.us wsinclair@ago.state.al.us

Counsel for Defendants

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to an agreement memorialized in the Report of the Parties' Planning Meeting, electronic service is acceptable for this document. I hereby certify that I have served a copy of the foregoing document on Brock Boone (bboone@aclualabama.org), Randall C. Marshall (rmarshall@aclualabama.org), Gabriel Arkles (garkles@aclu.org) and Rose Saxe (rsaxe@aclu.org), via email on this the 22nd day of June 2018.

> s/ Brad A. Chynoweth OF COUNSEL





REPLY MAY BE MADE TO-

Legal Unit P.O. Box 1511 Montgomery, Alabama 36102-1511

September 9, 2004

PLAINTIFF'S EXHIBIT Pregno 37

11/14/18

Lisa Mottet Transgender Civil Rights Project National Gay and Lesbian Task Force 1325 Massachusetts Ave., NW Suite 6000 Washington, DC 20005

Dear Ms. Mottet,

I recently spoke with Ms. in referenced to Alabama's policy on how a transgender individual can change the gender or sex designation on his or her driver's license. Our policy is as follows:

Names on driver licenses can be changed upon receipt of court ordered name change affidavits. However, the sex on a driver license is not changed prior to the completion of successful surgery, and then the attending physician, or a physician who has knowledge of your medical condition and has examined you must submit acceptable documentation attesting to the success of the surgery. Medical Advisory Board Opinion

In essence, the sex on the driver's license will only be changed upon successful completion of surgery and with corresponding documentation from the attending physician who has knowledge of the success of the surgery.

If you should need further assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely Michael W. Robinson ssistant Attorney General **Driver** License

MWR/cs

Headquarters Post Office Box 1511 Montgomery, Alabama 36102 - 1511

Post Office Box 1471 Montgomery, Alabama 36102 - 1471

Case 2:18-cv-00091-MHT-GMB Document 48-10 Filed 02/08/19 Page 82 of 191 USCA11 Case: 21-10486 Date Filed: 06/02/2021 Page: 185 of 204

DARCY CORBITT, DESTINY CLARK and JOHN DOE, Plaintiff, v. HAL TAYLOR, CHARLES WARD, DEENA PREGNO and JEANNE EASTMAN, Defendants, in the U. S. DISTRICT COURT, MIDDLE DISTRICT of ALABAMA, NORTHERN DIVISION CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:18-cv-00091-MHT-GMB

EXPERT REPORT

I. INTRODUCTION

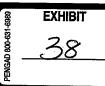
This is a report addressing the issues related to the governmental interest in establishing baselines and definitions for determine the data term "sex," from which appropriate administrative and operational policies and procedures will be developed. This report is predicated upon the information outlined in the section "Materials Reviewed." Should additional information be disclosed that affects my opinions and conclusions, I reserve the right to alter my opinions and conclusions as necessary.

II. <u>QUALIFICATIONS</u>

I have been employed in the criminal justice system since 1984 when I began work with the Fayette County Detention Center in Lexington, Kentucky, as a Deputy Jailer. In 1985 I was assigned as Training Coordinator for the Fayette County Detention Center and began the development of a formal Pre-service and In-service Deputy Jailer training program for the jail. An area of additional assignment was the development, revision and maintenance of the Detention Center's policies and procedures. I remained in this position until 1992 when I assumed the position of Planning and Research Analyst at the Detention Center to develop and implement an objective jail classification system. This implementation included the development of a management information system infrastructure and programming to accomplish the goals of the jail classification system. I attained the position of Administrative Deputy, Senior (Deputy Director) for the Division of Detention in 1996 assuming increased levels of administrative responsibility that included a primary role in the planning, design and construction of a 1000+ Direct Supervision detention facility, combining the principles of Objective Jail Classification with Direct Supervision. Throughout my tenure I continued to perform the functions of a Deputy Jailer often wearing two, or more hats. Performing those essential job functions varied and diminished in frequency as the supervisory responsibilities within the agency increased.

In 2001, I was assigned the additional responsibility of contract development and management for privatized services (food, medical, mental health, commissary, inmate telephones) and various other projects. In 2004, I was assigned the development and supervision of the Lexington-Fayette Urban County Division of Community Corrections Bureau of Professional Standards which included Internal Affairs; Safety, Sanitation and Standards; and Administrative and Disciplinary Hearings. I retired from my last position in August 2008.

My consulting activities began in the early 1990's. I have been a certified instructor of correctional curriculum since 1985, and have been a FBI certified firearms instructor and a Federal Bureau of Prisons defensive tactics instructor. I have taught and consulted for the National Institute of Corrections since 1990, the American Jail Association since 2004, and other criminal justice system consulting agencies. I have assisted in developing policies and procedures for jails throughout the country. I have conducted numerous classification system evaluations of megajails, large jails, medium jails and small jails in various states around the US for the National Institute of Corrections and other contractors. I am experienced in matters involving overall jail management including, but not limited to, such areas as the use of force; issues of security and operations; the provision of medical and mental health services; classification and inmate behavior management; contract management for privatized services (food, medical, mental



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Corbitt v Taylor-AL Expert Report

health); management information systems; strip search; gang and security threat group management in jails. I have co-created and developed a new jail management paradigm – Mission Based Management. I received a Bachelor of General Studies in Social and Political Theory and a Doctorate in Public Administration. I have been a member of the Board of Directors for the American Jail Association and serve as Second Vice-President on the Executive Board. I am also on the faculty of the Americans for Effective Law Enforcement (AELE), where I instruct at seminars on topics of Inmate Classification, in-custody death prevention, Prison Rape Elimination Act and serve on the Editorial Board for AELE's publications.

In recent years, I have become involved in litigation consultation and expert witness work for both the plaintiff and the defense. These cases primarily involved strip search, classification, use of force, medical care, in-custody deaths and conditions of confinement. My opinions are given within a reasonable degree of professional certainty in those areas involving jail and correctional issues, acceptable correctional practice, correctional administration and correctional supervision.

Case 2:18-cv-00091-MHT-GMB Document 48-10 Filed 02/08/19 Page 84 of 191 USCA11 Case: 21-10486 Date Filed: 06/02/2021 Page: 187 of 204

Corbitt v Taylor-AL Expert Report

III. <u>PUBLICATIONS</u>

- "The Use of Force Continuum: Is it Worth Keeping?" (Part 2); Collins, William; Swartz, Jeffrey; and Leach, Donald, <u>Correctional Law Reporter</u>, May/June 2011
- "The Use of Force Continuum: Is it Worth Keeping?" (Part 1); Collins, William; Swartz, Jeffrey; and Leach, Donald, <u>Correctional Law Reporter</u>, December/January 2011
- 3. "Arrestee Strip Searches: An Administrator's View", Correctional Law Reporter, July/August 2010
- 4. "PREA Redux: What's It Going to Cost Us?", American Jails, Hagerstown: May/June 2010
- 5. "PREA Redux: What's It Going to Cost?", Correctional Law Reporter, December/January 2010
- 6. "Prison Rape Elimination Act Lives On", Correctional Managers Report, December/January 2009
- "Carrots versus Sticks: Managing Behavior in the Jail", <u>American Jails</u>, Hagerstown: November/December 2008
- 8. "PREA Draft Standards are PREA 'DAFT" Standards" Correctional Managers Report, August 2008
- 9. "Carrots versus Sticks: Managing Behavior in the Jail", -Correctional Managers Report, April/May 2008
- 10. "Issues Surrounding Managing Lesbian, Gay, Bi-sexual, Transsexual, and Intersex Offenders (LGBTI) in Jails",
 <u>American Jails</u>, Hagerstown: November/December 2007; <u>LIN Exchange</u>, National Institute of Corrections, US Department of Justice, 2006; and <u>Corrections Professional</u>, November 2007
- "Excited Delirium: Fact or Fiction", <u>LIN Exchange</u>, National Institute of Corrections, US Department of Justice, 2007
- "Are Tasers in Jails a Great New Tool or Another Headache", LJN Exchange, National Institute of Corrections, US Department of Justice, 2006
- "Mission Creep and the Role of the Jail in Public Health Policy" <u>LIN Exchange</u>, National Institute of Corrections, US Department of Justice, 2004
- 14. "Creating a New Jail Management Paradigm", Kennedy-Western University, Published Dissertation, 2004
- 15. "Journey into Objective Jail Classification", Leach, Don and Sabbatine, Ray, <u>American Jails</u>, Hagerstown: January 1999
- 16. "A New Strip Search Paradigm", Leach, Donald and Sabbatine, Ray, <u>American Jails</u>, Hagerstown: November/ December 1996

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IV. **COMPENSATION**

My rate of compensation is \$200.00 per hour for research, consultation and report generation. My fee for depositions and trial testimony is \$2000 per any part of a business day, video depositions are \$3000 per any part of a business day, and \$1000 per any part of a business day for travel, awaiting trial testimony or onsite consultation plus all reasonable expenses (travel, printing and duplication).

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CASE HISTORY DISCLOSURE

V.

Cases in which I have testified in court or deposition in the past four years:

- Donald J. Hinson v. Sheriff Grady Judd;¹et al., (U. S. District Court, Middle District of Florida, Tampa Division, 8:17-CV-02039-JDW-MAP, 10/2018)
- Solomon Cindea v Matthew Abbott, et al., (U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, 4:17-cv-02525, 09/2018)
- Debra Hopkins v Board of Wilson County, Kansas, Commissioners, et al. (U.S. District Court, District of Kansas, 2:15-CV-2071-CM-GLR, 08/2018)
- 4. *Michelle Kindoll, v. Southern Health Partners, et al.,* (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Kentucky, Northern Division at Covington, 2:17-CV-84-DLB-JGW, 07/2018)
- 5. Rachel M. Hammers v Douglas County, et. al, (U.S. District Court, District of Kansas, 2:15-CV-07994-CM-KGG 06/2018)
- 6. James Barnes v. Sheriff John T. Boyd, LaPorte County Sheriff's Department, LaPorte County et al., (U. S. District Court, Northern District of Indiana, 3:16-CV-00190-RLM-MGG, 01/2018)
- Robert Moore v. Mason County, Kentucky and Mason County, et al., (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Kentucky, 2:16-CV-00185-DLB-CJS, 01/2018)
- Randy S. Hisey, for James Merchant v. Woodbury County; et al., (U. S. District Court, Northern District of Iowa, Western Division, 7C16-CV-4111, 11/2017)
- 9. Taylor Martin v Miguel Huapilla, Dayton Gaston, Joseph Peaks and Michael Scott, (U. S. District Court, Middle District of Florida, 2:16-cv-537-FTM-99MRM, 08/2017)
- 10. Jose Luis Garza v City of Donna, Texas, (U.S. District Court, Southern District of Texas, McAllen Division, 7:16-CV-00558 05/2017)
- 11. Anthony Waller v Bradley Lovinger, (U.S. District Court, District of Colorado, 14-CV-02109-WYD-NYW, 05/2017)
- 12. Bradley Johansen v. Officer A.J. Cox and the City of Kent, (U.S. District Court, Western District of Washington at Seattle, 216-CV-004160, 01/2017)
- 13. Rachel M. Hammers v Douglas County, et. al, (U.S. District Court, District of Kansas, 2:15-CV-07994-CM-KGG 08/2016)
- 14. Charles Axl Rose v. McCreary County, et al., (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Kentucky, 6:14-CV-00111-GFVT, 03/2016)
- 15. Timothy Redmond, et. al. v Scott Crowther, et. al., (U. S. District Court, District of Utah, 2:13-cv-00393DAK, 7/2015)
- 16. Jerome Odom, v Steve Whidden, (Twentieth Judicial Circuit, Florida, Civil Division, Number 2012-570-CA, 7/2015)
- 17. Christina Bobbin, v Corizon Health, Inc., f/k/a Prison Health Services, Inc., et. al., Mike Scott, et. al., (U. S. Dis-

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trict Court, Middle District of Florida, 2:14-cv-158-FtM-29DNF, 07/2015)

- Shana Bennett v Hinds County, Mississippi, and John and Jane Does 1-100, (U. S. District Court, Southern District of Mississippi, 3:14-CV-753-DNJ-FKB, 02/2015) consolidated with Damion Lewis and Derrick Lewis v Hinds County, Mississippi, John and Jane Does 1-100, (U.S. District Court, Northern District of Mississippi, 3:14-cv-450-TSL-JMR, 02/2015)
- 19. Joseph Reilly v Sheriff of Leon County, Florida, (U. S. District Court, Northern District of Florida, 4:14-CV-00397-RH-CAS, 01/2015)
- 20. FK.S., K.K., H.M., T.K., J.H., S.B., S.C., T.S., C.K., D.R., L.A., and M.L., v City OF Puyallup, Police Chief Bryan Jeter, Lieutenant Edward Shannon, (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Washington, 3:13CV-05926, 12/2014)
- 21. Oral Jason Murphy v Clark County Sheriff's Office, Paul Gaudette, Tammy Webster, (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Missouri, 13-CV-1103, 11/2014)
- 22. Frank Hyman, v City of Philadelphia, Warden Clyde Gainey, Deputy Warden Gerald May, Lieutenant Demond Anderson, Corrections Officers Dwayne Corley and Ryan Hoover, (U. S. District Court, Eastern District of Pennsylvania, 10-499, 05/2014)
- 23. Christina Smith v Erie County Sheriff's Department; Erie County Board of Commissioners; Terry Lions; D. Todd Dempsey; Brittany M. Hausman; Sarah R.Worley; Jason A. Beatty; Kyle Bellamy; Linda Scroggy; and Perkins Township Board of Trustees (U. S. District Court, Northern District of Ohio, 3:12-CV-01853-DAK, 09/2013)

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VI. **MATERIALS REVIEWED**

I reviewed the following materials in formulating my opinion in this case.

- 1. "Adult sex offender-Identification requirements," § 15-20A-18, Code of Alabama Title 15, Criminal Procedure, Chapter 20A
- "Changing Sex on a Driver License Due to Gender Reassignment," Driver License Division, Alabama Law En-2. forcement Division
- Defendant's Answers to Plaintiffs' First Set of Interrogatories dated 06/22/2018 3.
- 4. "Detention and Correctional Standards for Maine Counties and Municipalities," Maine Department of Corrections, Inspections Division, September 2005
- 5. Documentation of Receiving Sexual Reassignment Surgery
 - 5.1. Affidavit, Dr. Pierre Brassard dated 01/20/2011
 - 5.2. Affidavit of Dr. Charles Garramone
 - 5.2.1. Dated 12/24/2009 (x2)
 - 5.2.2. Dated 01/21/2010
 - 5.2.3. Dated 01/12/2010
 - 5.2.4. Dated 01/21/2010
 - 5.2.5. Dated 05/17/2010
 - 5.2.6. Dated 06/15/2011
 - 5.2.7. Dated 01/04/2013
 - 5.2.8. Dated 10/30/2013
 - 5.2.9. Dated 03/04/2014
 - 5.2.10. Dated 04/21/2014
 - 5.2.11. Dated 02/05/2015
 - 5.2.12. Dated 11/30/2015
 - 5.2.13. Dated 07/21/2016
 - 5.2.14. Dated 09/28/2017

5.3. Amended Certificate of Live Birth, Center for Health Statistics, Alabama

- 5.3.1. Dated 09/18/2009
- 5.3.2. Dated 04/21/2014
- 5.3.3. Dated 12/15/2014
- 5.3.4. Dated 06/18/2015
- 5.3.5. Dated 11/24/2015

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5.3.6. Dated 12/23/2015

5.3.7. Dated 04/04/2016

- 5.4. Certificate of Live Birth, Division of Vital Records, Department of Health and Mental Hygiene, Maryland dated 06/05/2017
- 5.5. Chromosome Analysis, Laureate Medical Group dated 07/21/2003

5.6. Correspondence

5.6.1. Dr. Marci L. Bowers

5.6.1.1. Dated 03/14/2008

5.6.1.2. Dated 03/02/2016

5.6.2. Dr. Michael Brownstein

5.6.2.1. Dated 12/10/2008

5.6.3. Dr. Lazaro Cardenasicamarena

5.6.3.1. Dated 01/18/2012

- 5.6.4. Dr. Alan Dulin 5.6.4.1. Dated 03/31/2017
- 5.6.5. Dr. Beverly Fischer 5.6.5.1. Dated 08/03/2011
- 5.6.6. Dr. William Hadden 5.6.6.1. Dated 08/13/2014
- 5.6.7. Dr. Sherman N. Leis 5.6.7.1. Dated 08/12/2014
- 5.6.8. Dr. Keelee J. MacPhee 5.6.8.1. Dated 01/07/2016
- 5.6.9. Dr. Huey G. McDaniel 5.6.9.1. Dated 06/27/2016
- 5.6.10. Dr. Christine McGinn 5.6.10.1. Dated 06/22/2015
- 5.6.11. Dr. Daniel Medalie
 - 5.6.11.1. Dated 04/16/2012
 - 5.6.11.2. Dated 08/01/2014
- 5.6.12. Dr. Toby R. Meltzer

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5.6.12.2. Dated 08/13/2013 (x2)

5.6.13. Dr. Robert I. Oliver

5.6.13.1. Dated 01/18/2017

5.6.14. Dr. Scott Parry

5.6.14.1. Dated 09/18/2014

5.6.15. Dr. Peter Raphael

5.6.15.1. Dated 07/29/2014

5.6.15.2. Dated 09/21/2016 (x2)

5.6.16. Dr. Harold M. Reed

	5.6.16.1.	Dated 05/07/2009
	5.6.16.2.	Dated 03/04/2013
	5.6.16.3.	Dated 06/05/2015
	5.6.16.4.	Dated 05/16/2017
7	De Kether I	

5.6.17. Dr. Kathy L. Rumer

5.6.17.1. Dated 11/30/2017

5.6.18. Dr. Stephen Steinmetz

5.6.18.1. Dated 03/09/2016 5.6.18.2. Dated 11/03/2016

5.6.18.3. Dated 05/30/2017

5.6.19. Dr. Preecha Tiewtranon

5.6.19.1. Dated 12/13/2013

5.6.20. Dr. Suporn Watanyusakui

5.6.20.1. Dated 08/26/2014

5.6.21. Dr. Scott R. Weisberg

5.6.21.1. Dated 06/10/2011

5.6.21.2. Dated 10/23/2012

5.7. Driver's License, Alabama dated 03/17/2017

5.8. Email, "RE: RE: gender change," from Jeannie Eastman to Barbara Toney dated 10/18/2017; 1203 hours

5.9. Judgment of change of Name and Issuance of New Birth Certificate After Anatomical Change of Sex by Surgery, Civil District Court for the Parish of Orleans, Louisiana dated 04/01/2016

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- 5.10. Order, Probate Court of Mobile County, Alabama, dated 04/15/2015
- 5.11. Order to Amend Vital Record, Circuit Court of Mobile County, Alabama dated 04/07/2014
- 5.12. Order to Change Name, Gender and to Issue and Amend Vital Record (Birth Certificate), Houston County Circuit Court, Alabama dated 11/17/2011
- 6. Driver License Policy Order Number 63, Department of Public Safety, revised date 09/01/2012
- 7. First Amended Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief filed 07/25/2018
- 8. <u>Jail and Prison Legal Issues: An Administrator's Guide</u>, William Collins, Esq., published by the American Jail Association, updated 2006
- 9. "Minimum Standards for Local Correctional Facilities," Chapter 1400-1, "Rules of the Tennessee Corrections Institute, "Correctional Facilities Inspection revised 11/2004
- 10. <u>Performance-based Standards for Adult Local Detention Facilities</u>, 4th Edition, American Correctional Association, June 2004
 - 10.1. 2016 Standards Supplement, American Correctional Association, 2016
- 11. Protective Order filed 05/18/2018
- 12. Bell v Wolfish, 441 U. S. Supreme Court, 520 (1979)
- 13. Estelle v. Gamble, 429 U.S. 97; 97 S. Ct. 285; 50 L. Ed. 2d 251; 1976 U.S. LEXIS 175, (1976)
- 14. Farmer v Brennan (92-7247), 511 U.S. 825 (1994)
- 15. Turner v Safley, 482 U.S. 78 482 U.S. 78 (1987)

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VII. <u>EXHIBITS TO BE USED TO SUMMARIZE OR SUPPORT OPINIONS</u>

I may employ some, or all, of the materials referred to in the previous section to summarize or support my opinions. This report is predicated on the facts as presented through reviewing the provided materials.

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VIII. FOCUS OF EXAMINATION

My review focused on the following issue:

Is there a governmental interest in having a standardized definition of sex, such as that established in А. Policy Order 63, for law enforcement and administrative purposes as expected by a reasonable correctional administrator?

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IX. **OPINION**

My opinion is predicated on a comprehensive review of the information listed in Section VI. My opinions and conclusions are given within a reasonable degree of professional certainty in those areas involving jail and correctional issues, acceptable correctional practice, supervision and administration. I reserve the right to supplement or alter my opinions and conclusions should additional information be received.

In sum, my opinion is there is a governmental interest in having a standardized definition of sex, such Α. as that established in Policy Order 63, for law enforcement and administrative purposes as expected by a reasonable correctional administrator so there is consistency in the development, and application, of administrative and operational policies and procedures.

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X. <u>COMMENTS AND BASIS FOR OPINION</u>

In preparing my opinion, I relied upon my training and experience in corrections as an officer, instructor and administrator along with training and information provided by attorney and correctional law expert Mr. William Collins, Esq. in <u>Jail and Prison Legal Issues: An Administrator's Guide¹</u>. Additionally, my opinions and basis for opinions reflect my continuing studies and research of correctional management issues. Those studies and research include frequent review of case studies, correctional articles² and participation in correctional conferences and workshops conducted by, the Americans for Effective Law Enforcement; Institute for the Prevention of In-custody Death; the American Jail Association, and the American Correctional Association, both as a presenter and as a participant.

My opinions arise from the information reviewed; are the product of that review; reflect relevant professional duties; standards of care; and, accepted practices in the field of corrections. Any reference to court opinions and/or use of legal terms reflects my training and experience in the correctional profession and as a correctional practices expert. My reference to cases or use of any terms that have a specific legal definition is not intended to express any legal expertise beyond the scope of my experiences and training as a correctional officer, and correctional administrator, and as used by a knowledgeable correctional administrator in operating that which the Courts have determined to be a Constitutionally-based correctional facility.

In corrections, agency policies and practices are intended to conform to Constitutionally-based duties; applicable state regulatory standards; and standards of care and training. Supervision is intended to ensure knowledge and application of those Constitutional duties by correctional staff. Policy is a guideline enacted through procedures that are intended to demonstrate Constitutionally-based acceptable correctional practices. The various correctional duties, standards of care and accepted practices have all evolved over time, illustrating "the evolving standards of decency that mark the progress of a maturing society."³

The phrase "acceptable correctional practice" refers to how objectively reasonable correctional professionals perform, or should perform, their duties based on legal policy codified and adopted into policy and procedure, that is published, trained and supervised. "Acceptable correctional practice" does not refer to "best practice" or "ideal practice", but rather to those situations and practices that correctional personnel confront as part of their customary duties. They generally fall within a range of options available to the officer in any given situation.

I relied on my training, experience and knowledge as a correctional administrator in evaluating the governmental need for baseline definitions that provide for the consistent application of policies and procedures to law enforcement and correctional agencies.

³ Estelle v. Gamble, 429 U.S. 97; 97 S. Ct. 285; 50 L. Ed. 2d 251; 1976 U.S. LEXIS 175, (1976)

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¹ Jail and Prison Legal Issues: An Administrator's Guide, William Collins, Esq., published by the American Jail Association, updated 2006

² Correctional publications that I routinely read and review provide current thoughts, issues, problems, solutions, relevant case law include the Correctional Manager's Report; the Correctional Health Care Report; the Correctional Law Reporter; the Correctional Mental Health Report; American Jails magazine; Jail and Prisoner Law Bulletin; AELE Monthly Law Journal; and Corrections Today magazine.

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XI. **ANALYSIS**

Baselines, and the definitions that are used to establish those baselines are at the core of the development of policies and procedures governing key facets for the administration and operation of law enforcement and correctional agencies. Law enforcement and correctional administrators appreciate policies and procedures that are well defined, and clearly delineated. This baseline definition is intended to provide for the consistent application of those policies and procedures. It is the purview of law enforcement and correctional administrators to establish policies and procedures predicated upon definitions provided by the state or the courts, if not internally developed. Whether provided by the state or the courts, the definitions provide a baseline from which law enforcement and correctional administrators can make decisions regarding administrative and operational issues. Such is the case where a definition for the concept of sex, when being used as an identifying characteristic, is required.

The problem is that "sex," as a biological noun, when employed as an identifying characteristic, is not easily defined in a manner that generates broad acceptance and agreement. The concept of "sex" is often used synonymously with concept of gender, and vice versa. Depending upon the context of the discussion, this may well be wrong.

In a broad social and biological context, sex is a state of being, how one thinks about oneself, externally and internally. Sex is a how others perceive us, and we, them. Sex is is how we act towards others, and others toward us. In essence there are three parts to our sexual being: physiognomy; gender identity; and, sexual preference.

Sex, in the context of Policy Order Number 63, refers to the physiognomy of the individual, typically male or female. Gender is more frequently used when referring to social and cultural differences as opposed to physiognomical differences, typically the perception of oneself as male or female separate from physiognomy. Even in sex physiognomy, there is the mistaken perception that an individual's sex is readily defined as either male or female, with easily identifiable male or female genitalia to guide the identification. This is not accurate.

It is probably more accurate to see the individual's physiognomical sex as lying somewhere along a continuum, with what can be described a "fully male" at one end and "fully female" at the other. In between are intersex individuals who may have ambiguous genitalia or retain gonadal histology, chromosomes and internal reproductive organs of the opposite physiognomy. According to the Intersex Society of North America, the occurrence of babies born with atypical genitalia is approximately 1 in 2000 live births.⁴ The number of individuals that lie somewhere on the continuum may be even higher when considering that other characteristics associated with being intersex may not be readily visible but identifiable by other means. The ambiguity about physiognomy, as demonstrated by the presence of intersex individuals, is why definitions are critical in forming the baseline from which to structure policies and procedures. This is especially true for correctional facilities.

Any discussion of "sex" must include a discussion of one's perception of his or her "sex," or "gender identity" Gender identity is the second part of our sexual being; but, gender identity and physiognomy are not always congruent. For the vast majority of people, physiognomy and gender identity coincide. For others, there is a disparity between physiognomy and gender identity. The "sex" these individuals perceive themselves as being does not match what they see when they look in the mirror. Nor does their "sex" match what others see them as being based upon physiognomy.

A baseline definition of "sex" in the physiognomy sense provides starting point from which an exchange of

⁴ See <u>http://www.isna.org/faq/frequency</u>

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views can occur. As with any concept there may be disagreement about the what constitutes the "best" baseline definition of sex. While there may be disagreement about the definition of sex, there are circumstances, especially in law enforcement and corrections, where a definition of sex is essential to the application of policies and procedures. By way of analogy, an example is the definition of adult and juvenile. The definitional distinction between what is an "adult" and a "juvenile" are set by legislatures and courts. And these definitions are crucial in determining appropriate incarceration practices. Similarly then, this need for a definitional distinction of the term "sex" is the situation that has resulted in the state of Alabama developing Driver License Policy Order Number 63. Policy Order Number 63 adopts a definition of "sex" as needed to change that designation on the state-issued driver's license as being,

"It is the policy of the Director and the Driver License Division that individuals wishing to have their sex changed on their Alabama license due to gender reassignment surgery are required to submit to the Medical Unit an amended birth certificate along with documentation on letterhead from the physician that performed the sexual reassignment surgery stating the surgery has been completed."⁵

And the definition of "sex" is further refined in the policy directive, "Changing Sex on a Driver License Due to Gender Reassignment"

"An amended state certified birth certificate and/or a letter from the physician that performed the reassignment procedure. The letter must be on the physician's letterhead."⁶

Policy Order Number 63 serves as a baseline definition of "sex" that can be applied in law enforcement and correctional policies, practices and procedures. While recognizing that while there may be other definitions, employed by other agencies, the definitions within Policy Order Number 63 provide a baseline for Alabama Law enforcement and correctional agencies to develop administrative and operational policies, practices and procedures. Having an established starting point from which to develop administrative and operational policies, practices and procedures is critical especially in an environment where the concept, such as sex, is so readily misunderstood.

In corrections, there are many custodial policies, procedures and practices that are based on the definition of "sex." The decision by the state of Alabama defining sex as it has in Policy Order Number 63 provides a foundation upon which correctional agencies can begin to develop their own internal "data dictionary." A "data dictionary" defines both the data term, such as what is "sex", and where that data information is derived. A "data dictionary" provides an organized reference point for staff. The data dictionary provides a standardized definition for all staff to use when employing the data term, such as "sex". Using the data dictionary, everyone works from the same definition regardless of where in the custodial process the individual lies: starting with the initial booking and continues through release from custody. Critical decisions on housing, supervision and the provisioner care services are predicated on data terms, such as "sex."

The first correctional decision in which the data term "sex" plays an essential role is the conduct of searches. Who searches whom will be decisions arising from the definition of the term "sex." It is commonly acceptable correc-

⁵ Driver License Policy Order Number 63, Department of Public Safety, 1. A., revised date 09/01/2012

⁶ "Changing Sex on a Driver License Due to Gender Reassignment," Driver License Division, Alabama Law Enforcement Division, 1.

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tional practice for searches to be conducted by members of the same "sex."⁷ While clothed searches by members of the opposite sex (or "cross-gender") is acceptable correctional practice, it is generally limited in use. The intent of this practice is to avoid Fourth amendment violations related to the manner of the search.

There is a legitimate governmental interest in conducting a through search of all individual entering the correctional facility.⁸ In an attempt to preserve as much of the individual's dignity as possible, the clothed search (or pat-down) would be conducted by member of the same "sex;" the idea being that a search by a member of the same "sex" would be less intrusive and disconcerting. It is commonly prohibited in a correctional facility for members of the opposite "sex" to conduct unclothe (strip) searches unless there are exigent circumstances. Crucial in these decisions of who is searched by whom is the definition of the data term, "sex."

Another area wherein the definition of the data term "sex" is critical is when making housing decisions. The commonly acceptable correctional practice is to not co-house members of the opposite "sex." The intent is to minimize sexual behavior occurring in the housing units, regardless of whether the sexual behavior is consensual or coerced. Underpinning this separation by "sex" is the concern that co-housing members of the same "sex" increases the opportunity for prohibited sexual behavior to occur. In some states, such as Tennessee, inmates of the opposite "sex" must be separated by sight and sound.⁹ Surprisingly, Alabama is the only state that provides for the co-housing of men and women, as long as they are married.¹⁰ Needless to say, this creates another definitional issue for correctional administrators when making the determination of what is "married."

What cannot be overlooked in the discussion of "sex" and custodial practices is the consideration that must be made for the "sex" of the involved staff. In any discussion of non-exigent strip searching, the "sex" of the inmate and the "sex" of the staff member must be clearly defined. This prevents the incurrence of Fourth Amendment rights violation. In housing and inmate supervision issues, "sex" of both the inmate and the staff member may carry potential Equal Employment Opportunity concerns. This potential issue is recognized in the Idaho jail standards,

"Policies governing supervision of female inmates by male employees and male inmates by female employees are based on equal employment opportunity and inmate privacy needs. Except in emergencies, or the safety of the inmate is in question, facility employees are not permitted to observe inmates of the opposite sex in toilet and shower areas. Male and female employees are available, as needed, to conduct or assist in the admissions process of female and male inmates, conduct searches of inmates, and perform other sensitive pro-

¹⁰ See Alabama Code Title 14. Criminal Correctional and Detention Facilities, Chapter 6, "Jails," § 14-6-13 "Men and women prisoners, except husband and wife, must not be kept in the same room or apartment."

⁷ See Tennessee Jail Standards, 1400-1-07, "Security," (5) "Procedure shall differentiate between the searches allowed (orifice, pat, or strip) and identify when these shall occur and by whom such searches may be made. All orifice searches shall be done under medical supervision. Prisoners shall be searched by jail personnel of the same sex, except in emergency situations." And Maine, H. 17, "All prisoners shall be searched thoroughly whenever entering or leaving the holding area. Any strip search shall be conducted in private and in a manner that preserves the dignity of the inmate; by a staff member of the same sex in an area completely free from members of the opposite sex; and under sanitary conditions."

⁸ These governmental interests is primarily for preventing the introduction of contraband but also may include the identification of medical problems.

⁹ See Tennessee Jail Standards, 1400-1-17, "Classification," (2)"This plan ensures total sight, sound or physical contact separation between male and female inmates and between adults and juveniles being tried as adults." And Maine R. "Facilities," 4. "Female inmates shall be provided housing areas separate by sight and audible sound from male inmates. All shower and bathroom facilities shall be designed to prevent direct viewing by staff and inmates of the opposite sex to insure the inmates' right to privacy."

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cedures involving inmates."11

This Idaho policy creates the need to define "sex", in this case being what is "male" and what is "female." The application of the Policy Order Number 63 would provide one definition for "sex" from which an Idaho correctional administrator could develop, implement and supervise policies and procedures related to housing and supervision. A similar situation is faced by correctional administrators in Alabama jails. Policy Order Number 63 provides a definition that can be employed when determining the "sex" of both inmates and staff. Whether the Alabama jail administrator makes the decision to use the definition of "sex" as provided in Policy Order Number 63, or to use another definition, is discretionary. That discretion is going to be based on the "risk tolerance" level of the correctional administrator.

"Risk tolerance" is the willingness of the correctional administrator to take risks, or to avoid them. Managing human behavior is a risky business for correctional administrators. As stated previously, decisions on housing, supervision and care services have to be made for effective management of human behavior. "Risk tolerance" is the amount of variability the correctional administrator is willing to tolerate arising from a given decision, policy or practice. It is a balance between the perceived benefits and perceived risks with a given practice. Every correctional administrator has his or her own level of risk tolerance that will guide policy decisions. The more liberal philosophical approach the correctional possess, the more risk that same administrator will be willing to tolerate. Whether the correctional administrator chooses to use the Policy Order Number 63 definition of "sex" or another, that choice will be guided by the administrator's "risk tolerance."

"Risk tolerance" is also a reflection of local community standards. The level of risk a correctional administrator in a major metropolitan area versus a more rural community will reflect the local community values. Ultimately, the correctional administrator is going to be responsive to, and accountable to, the local community. Policy Order Number 63 is reflective of the community standards for the state of Alabama as interpreted by the state's elected officials.

What complicates the "risk tolerance" decision defining "sex" is the issue of sexual preference. Sexual preference refers to who one is attracted to sexually. Sexual preference is complex and multifaceted. It is not as straightforward as physiognomical male attracted to physiognomical female (and vice versa), or physiognomical male to physiognomical male. Complicating the discussion is gender identity. Combining physiognomy, gender identity and sexual preferences results in variety of sexual existences that colors the perception of any one of the individual elements. Definitions of what it means to be straight; gay; lesbian; bi-sexual; and, asexual are complicated by physiognomy and gender identity. A definition of "sex", such as that provided by Policy Order Number 63, provides a starting point for discussions regarding what can then be defined into categories of homosexual, heterosexual or bi-sexual behavior.

Ultimately, from a correctional administrator's perspective, the definition of "sex" is intended to be used to drive decisions that will reduce the likelihood of harm occurring to the individual inmate or other inmates. Harm can arise from the conduct of inappropriate searches. Harm can arise from inappropriate housing. Harm can arise from inappropriate supervision. Harm can arise from inappropriate restrictions on conditions of confinement. Lastly, harm can arise from inappropriate restrictions on conditions arising the definition of "sex," whether the one provided in Policy Order Number 63, carry a measure of risk. How risk aversive, or risk tak-

¹¹ Chapter 7, "Security and Control," "Inmate Supervision and Management," 07.04 (ref. 03.03) (Revised 12/03) (Revised 12/09)

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ing, the law enforcement or correctional administrator is grounded in that individual's personal and correctional philosophies, or "weltanschauung."12 The stat of Alabama provides through Policy Order Number 63 a starting point from which the law enforcement or correctional administrator can measure his or her policies and procedures.

¹² "Weltanschauung" is defined as a worldview held by a person or group.

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XII. <u>REPORT CONCLUSION</u>

Correctional and law enforcement agencies need definitions for data elements, such as what is "sex." The definition is intended to be used when developing agency policies and procedures. The definition is intended to be used when identifying individuals in the community. The definition is intended to drive decisions on housing, supervision and care services. The development of the definition of "sex" is a discretionary decisions within the purview of the agency, such as the Alabama Law Enforcement Agency. Correctional and law enforcement agencies have the discretion to adopt the definition of "sex" as put forward in Policy Order Number 63 as is; modify the definition as put forward in Policy Order Number 63; or, in the absence of a legal definition, to create their own definition.

I reserve the right to supplement or alter my opinion should additional information be received.

Donald L. Leach II

October 31, 2018